

Introduction to high-energy astrophysical neutrinos 3/3

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Niels Bohr Institute, University of Copenhagen

EuCAPT Astroneutrino Theory Workshop
Prague, September 16–20, 2024

UNIVERSITY OF
COPENHAGEN



VILLUM FONDEN

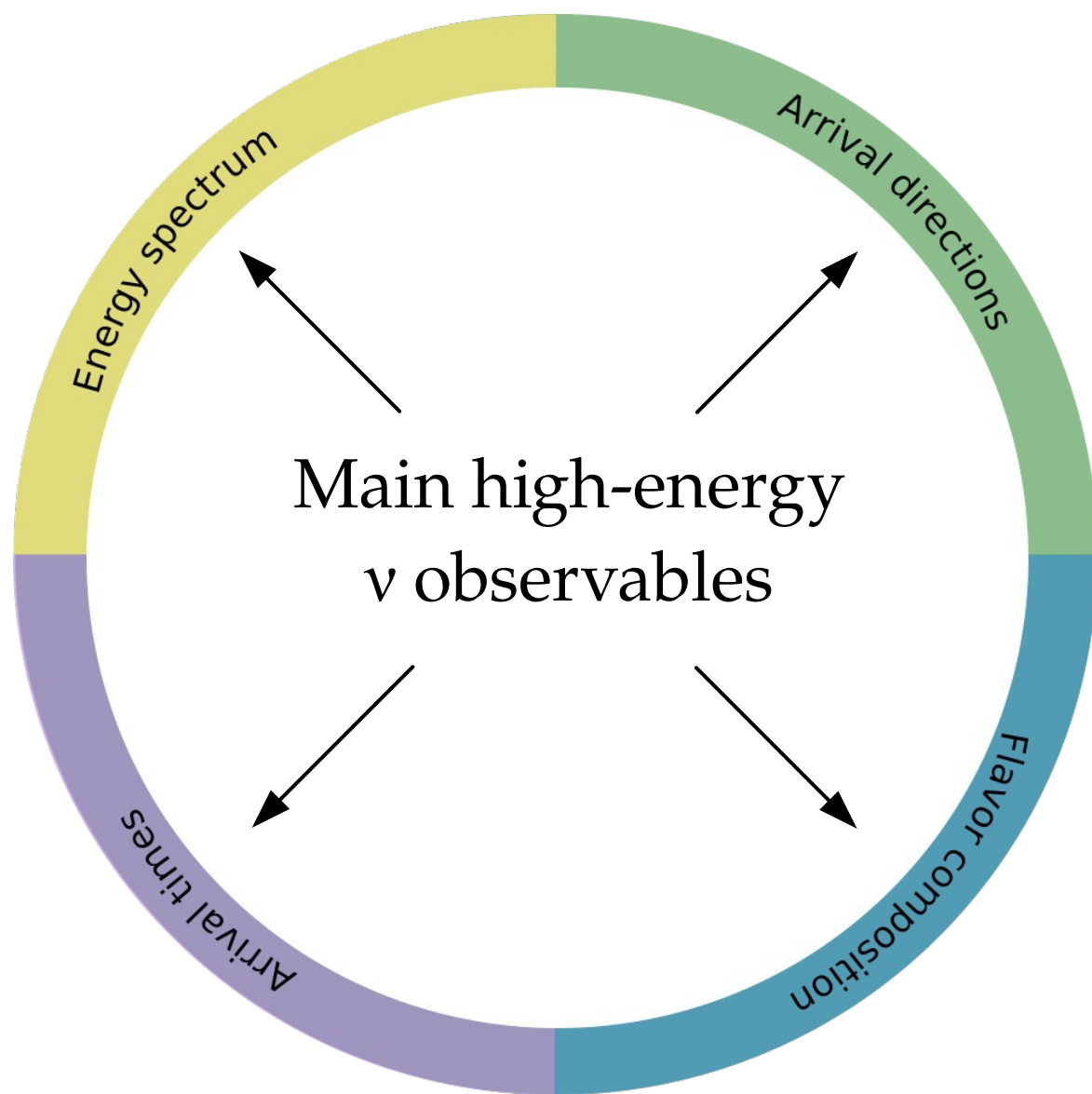


Fundamental physics with high-energy cosmic neutrinos

- ▶ Numerous new ν physics effects grow as $\sim \kappa_n \cdot E^n \cdot L$
- ▶ So we can probe $\kappa_n \sim 4 \cdot 10^{-47} (E/\text{PeV})^{-n} (L/\text{Gpc})^{-1} \text{PeV}^{1-n}$
- ▶ Improvement over limits using atmospheric ν : $\kappa_0 < 10^{-29} \text{PeV}$, $\kappa_1 < 10^{-33}$

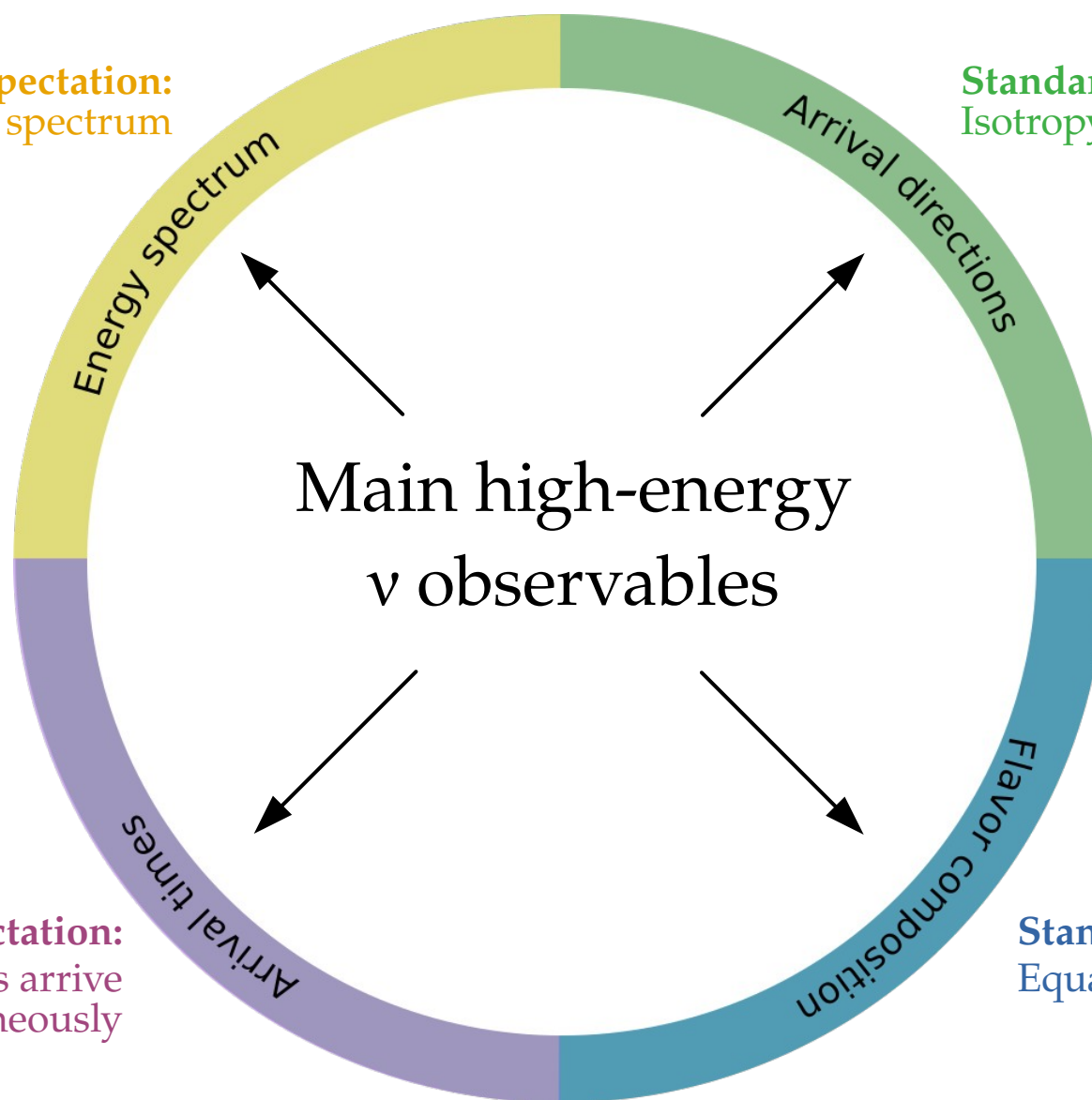
Fundamental physics with high-energy cosmic neutrinos

- ▶ Numerous new ν physics effects grow as $\sim \kappa_n \cdot E^n \cdot L$ $\left. \vphantom{\kappa_n} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \text{E.g.,} \\ n = -1: \text{neutrino decay} \\ n = 0: \text{CPT-odd Lorentz violation} \\ n = +1: \text{CPT-even Lorentz violation} \end{array}$
- ▶ So we can probe $\kappa_n \sim 4 \cdot 10^{-47} (E/\text{PeV})^{-n} (L/\text{Gpc})^{-1} \text{PeV}^{1-n}$
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Standard expectation:
Power-law energy spectrum

Standard expectation:
Isotropy (for diffuse flux)



Standard expectation:
 ν and γ from transients arrive simultaneously

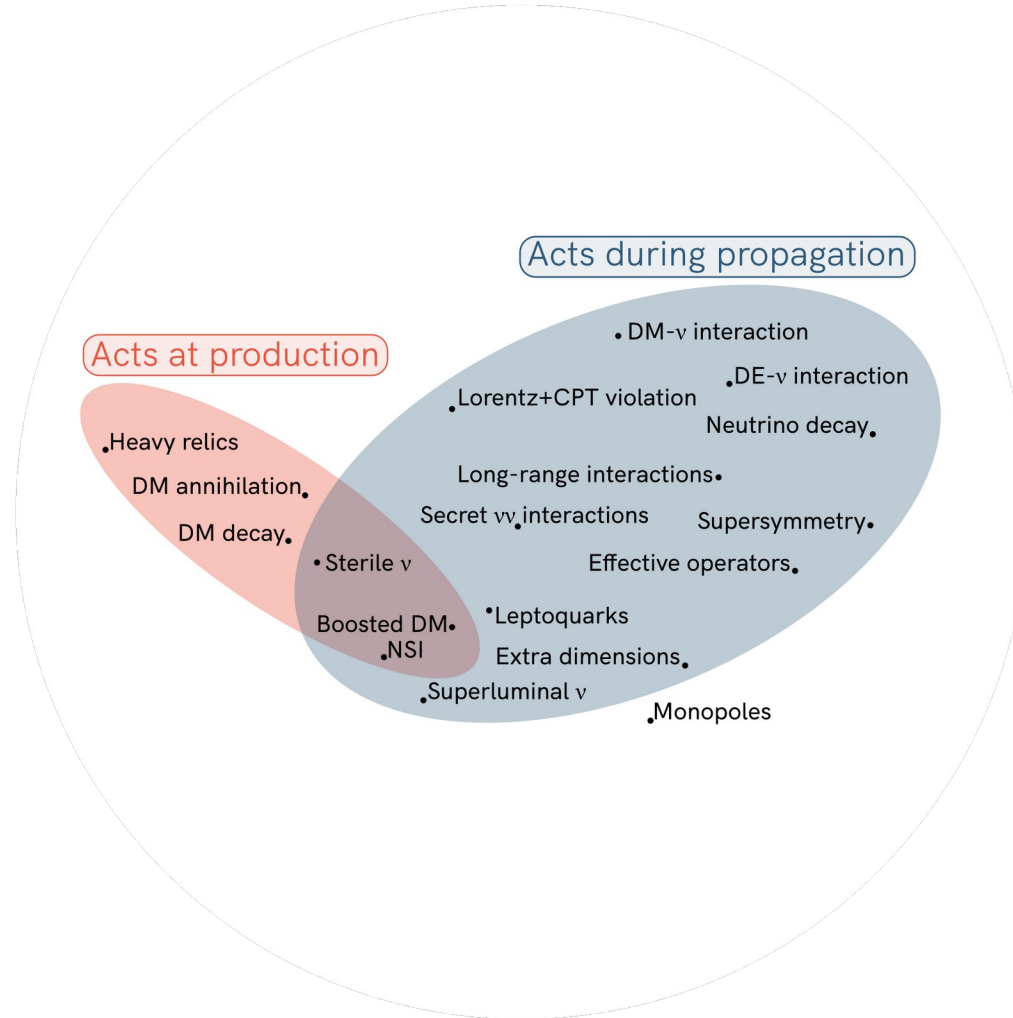
Standard expectation:
Equal number of ν_e, ν_μ, ν_τ



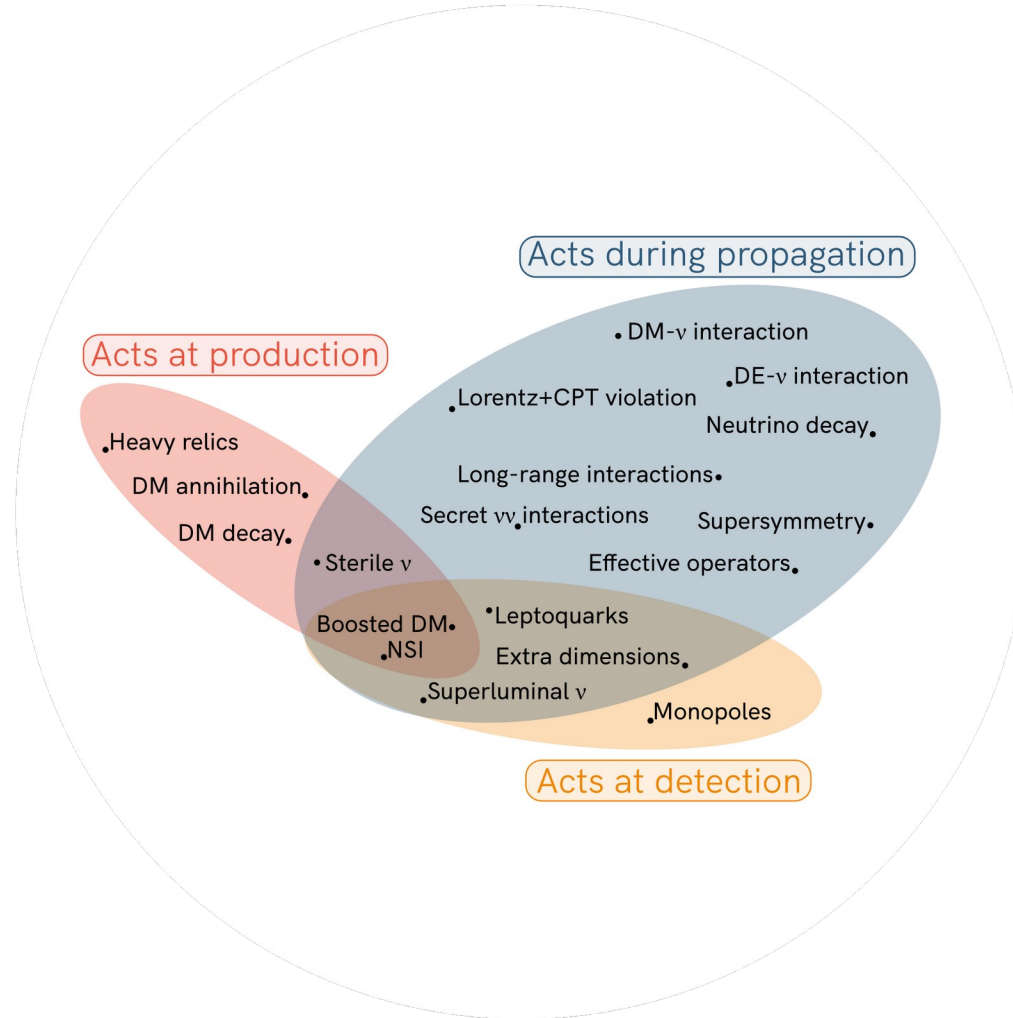
Note: Not an exhaustive list



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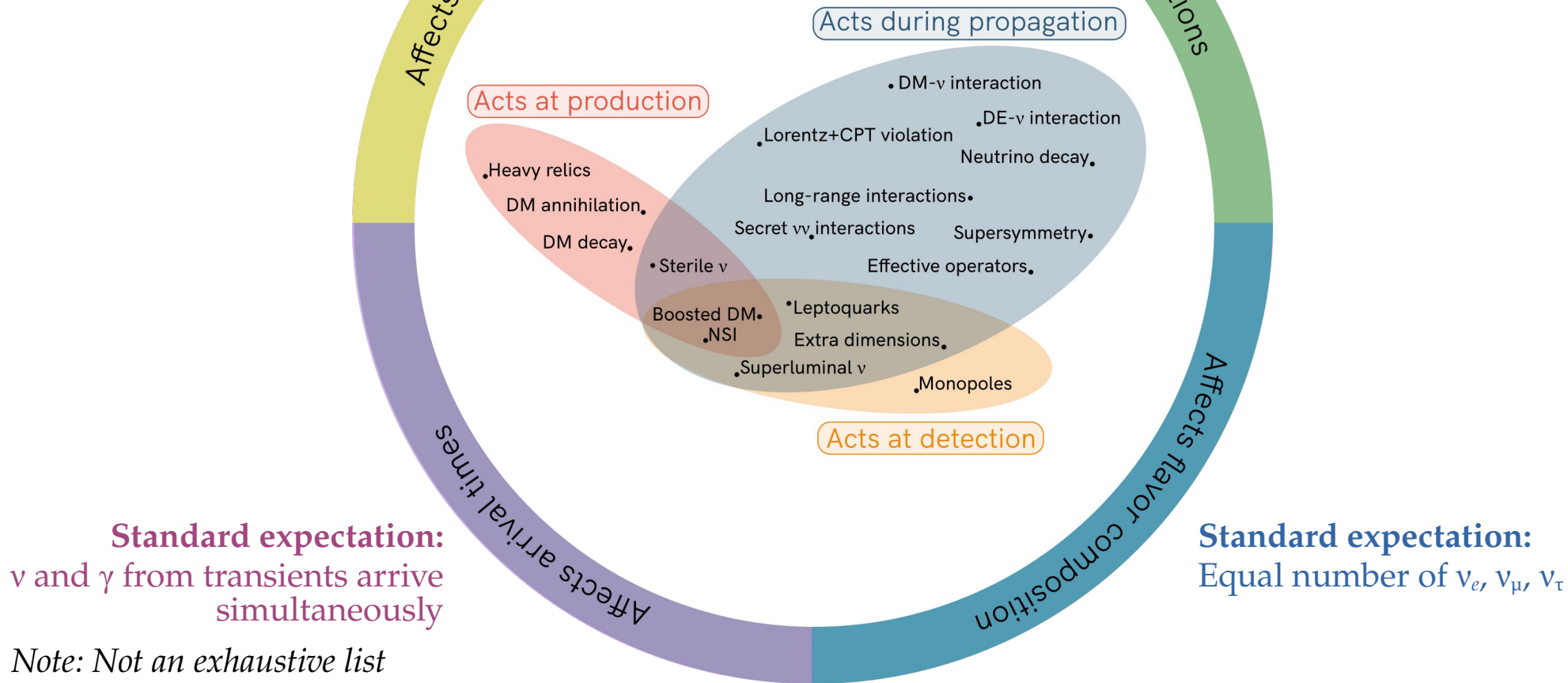
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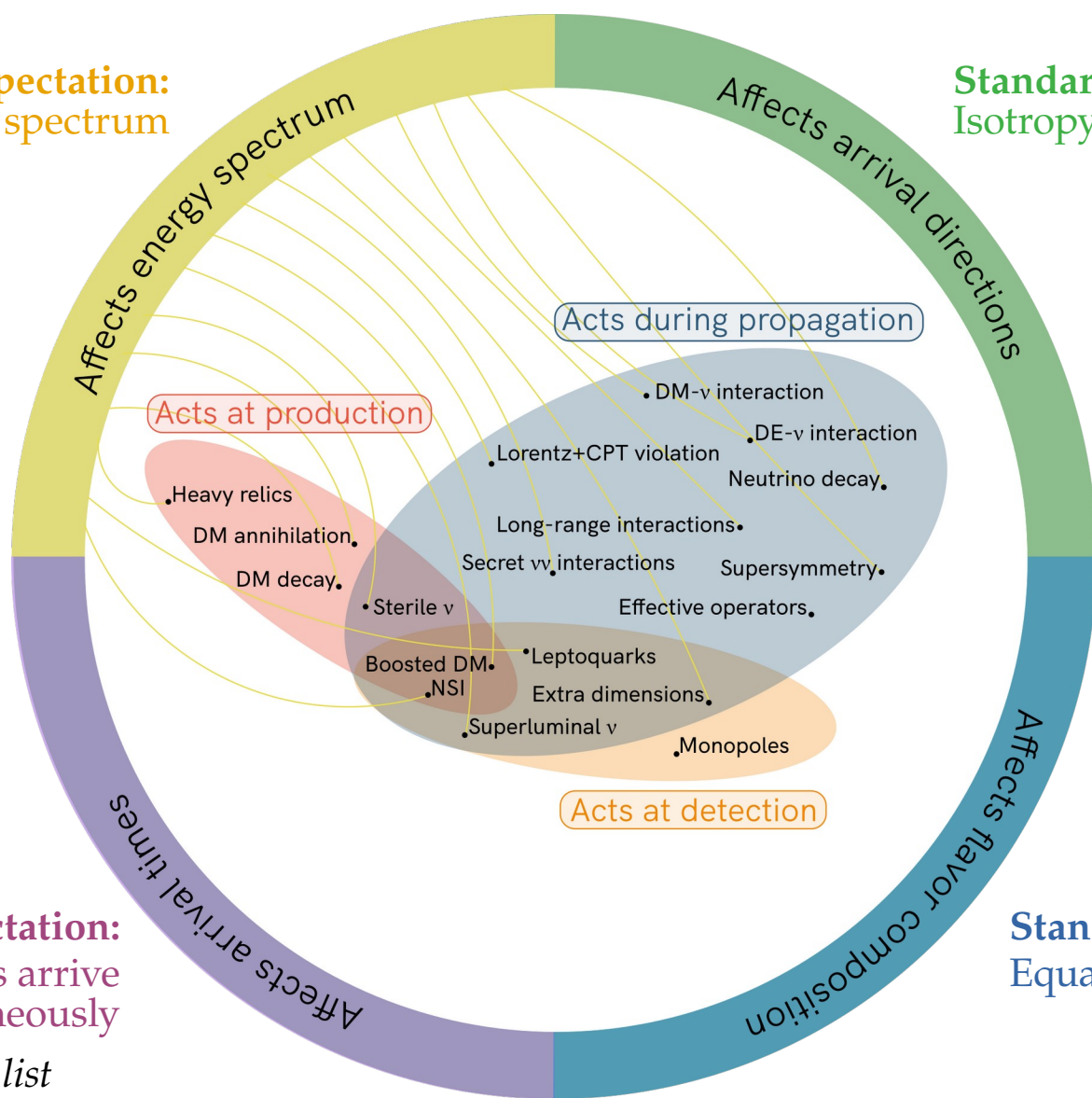
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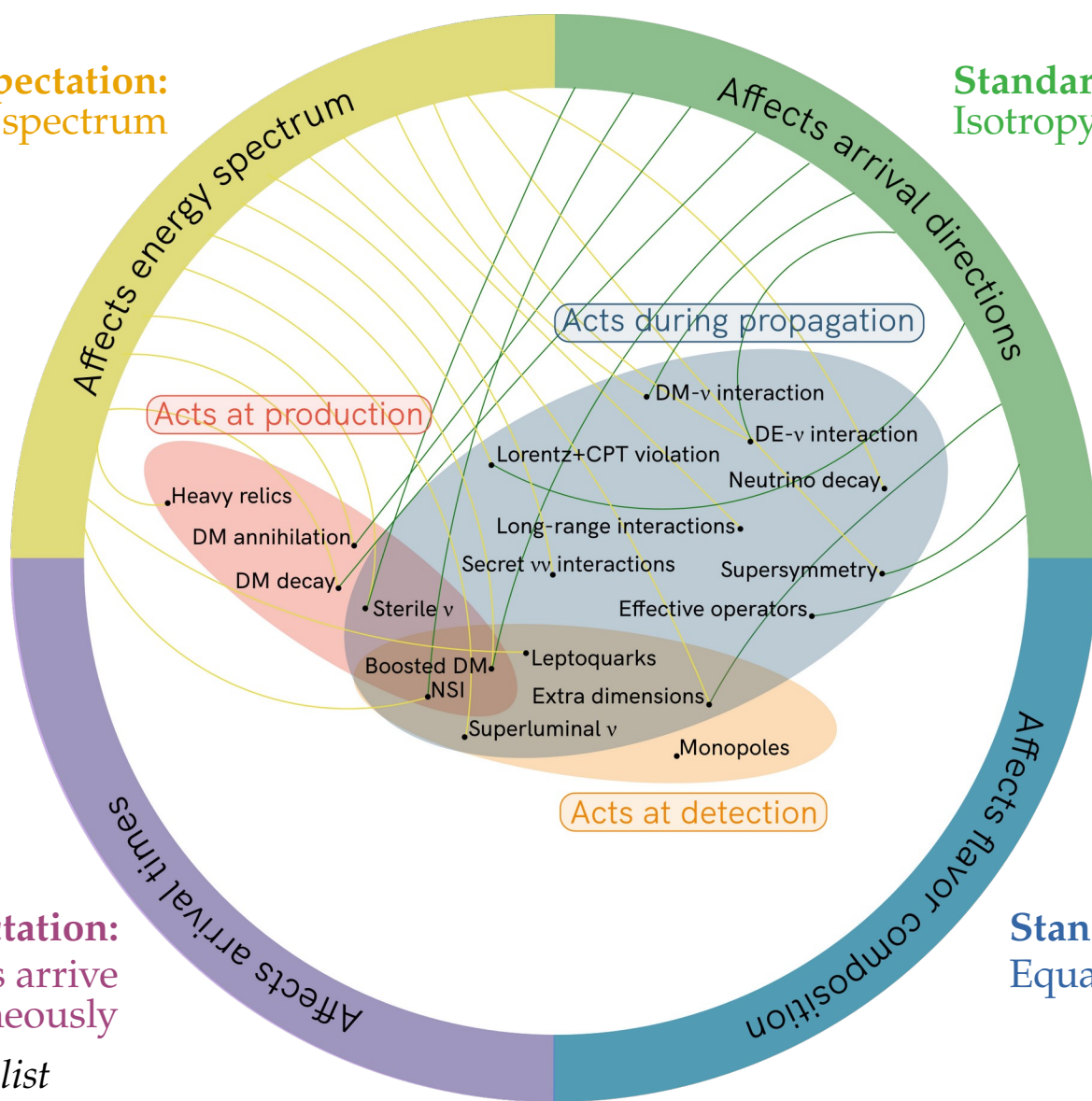
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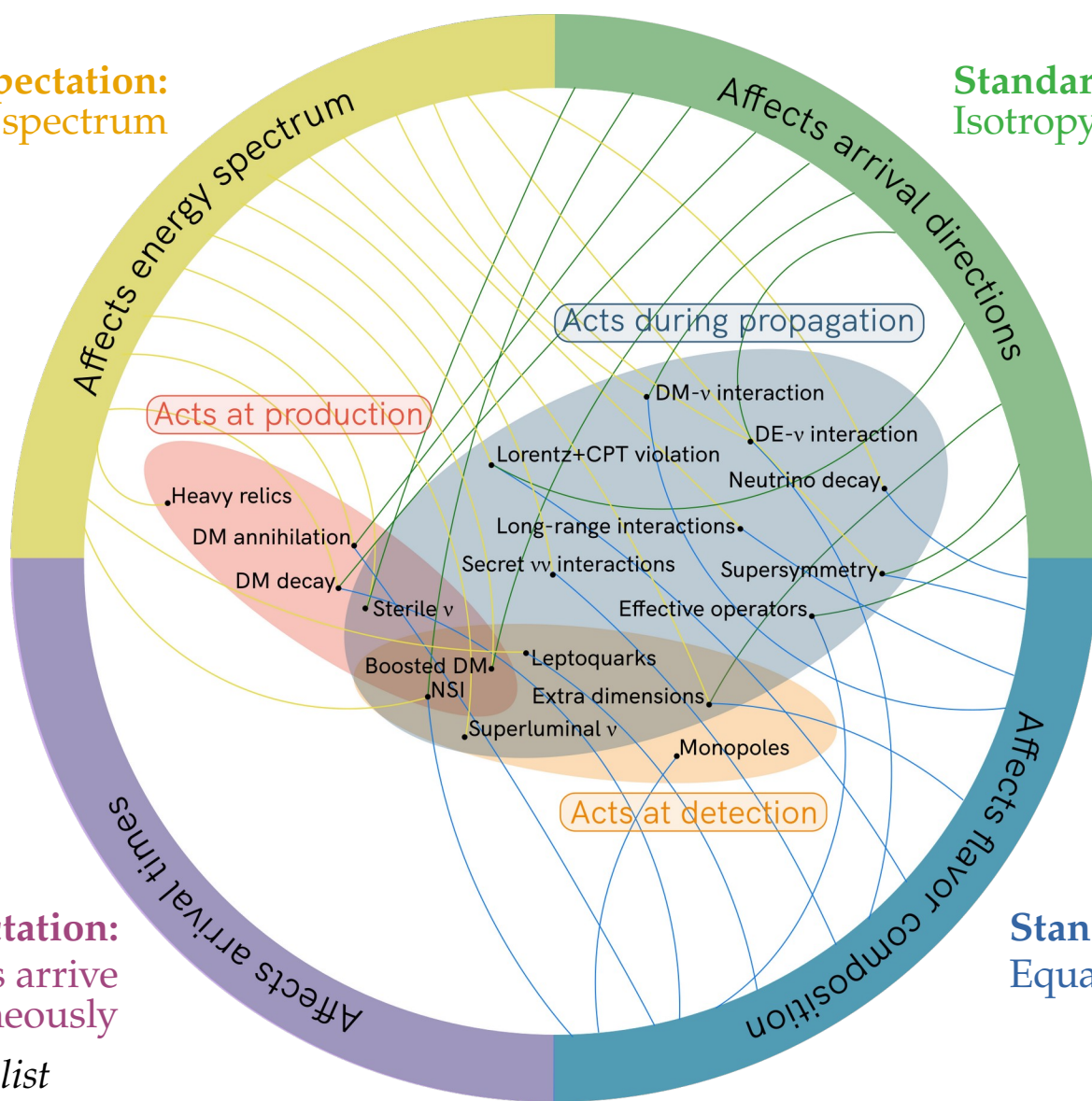
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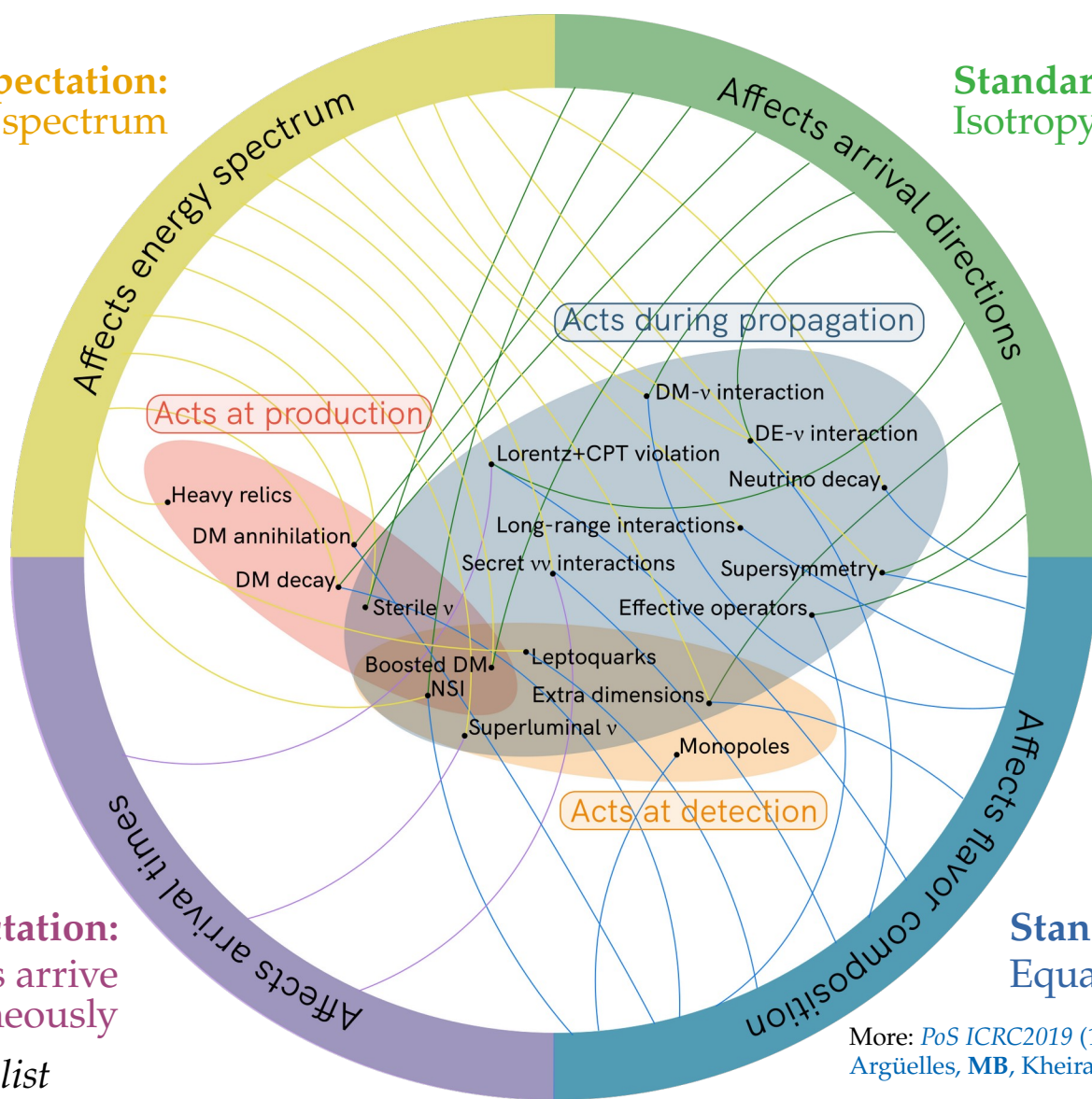
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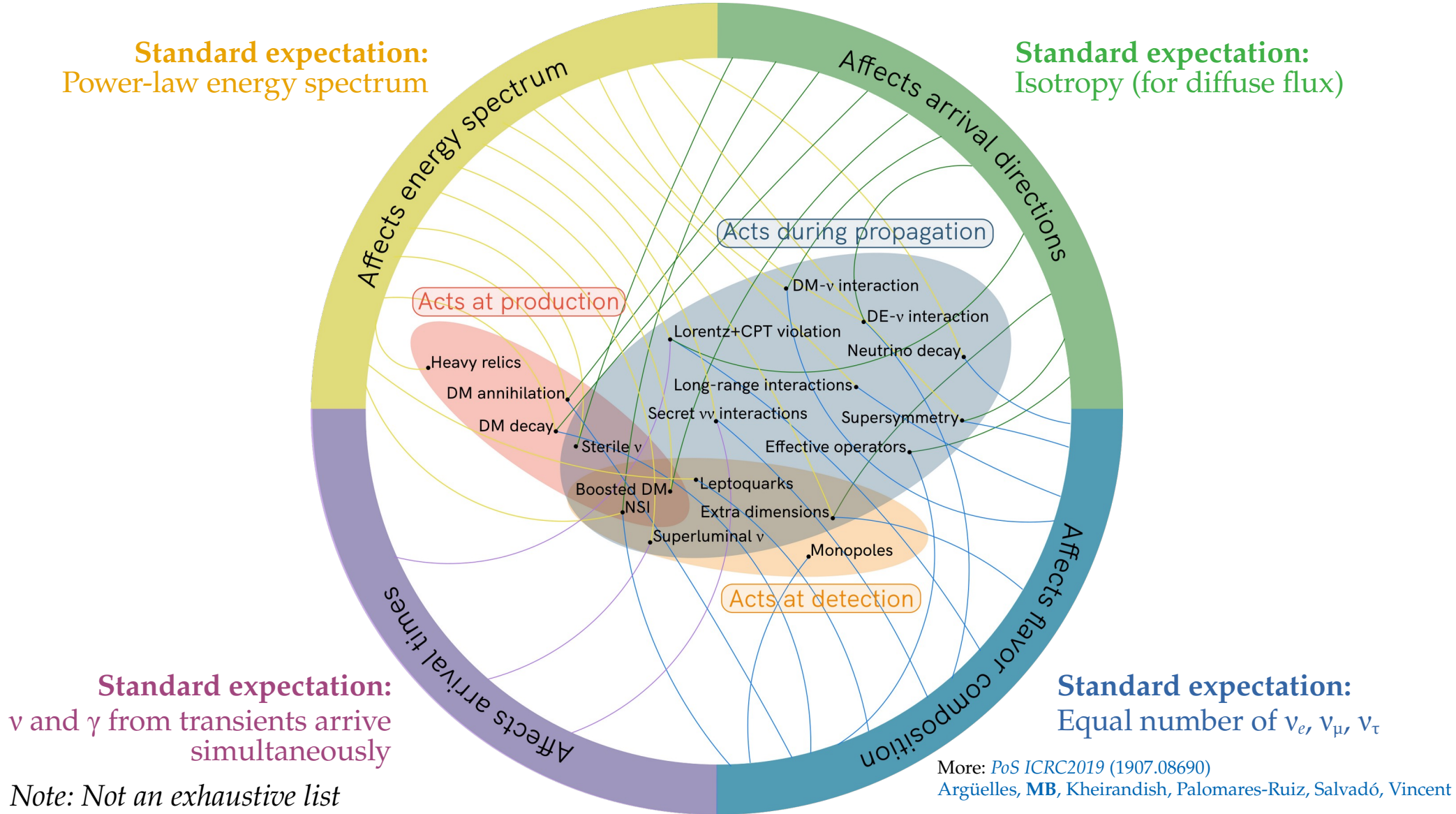
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More: *PoS ICRC2019 (1907.08690)*
Argüelles, MB, Kheirandish, Palomares-Ruiz, Salvadó, Vincent

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Standard expectation:
Power-law energy spectrum

Standard expectation:
Isotropy (for diffuse flux)

Affects energy spectrum

Affects arrival directions

Acts during propagation

Acts at production

Reviews:

Ahlers, Helbing, De los Heros, *EPJC* 2018

Argüelles, MB, Kheirandish, Palomares-Ruiz, Salvadó, Vincent, *ICRC* 2019 [1907.08690]

Ackermann, Ahlers, Anchordoqui, MB, et al., *Astro2020 Decadal Survey* [1903.04333]

DM decay
Boosted DM
NSI
Leptoquarks
Extra dimensions
Superluminal ν
Monopoles

Acts at detection

Affects arrival times

Affects flavor composition

Standard expectation:
 ν and γ from transients arrive
simultaneously

Standard expectation:
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A selection of neutrino physics

1 Discovering the Glashow resonance

2 Secret neutrino interactions

3 Neutrino-matter cross section

4 New physics via flavor

5 Neutrino decay

} Find this in the
backup slides

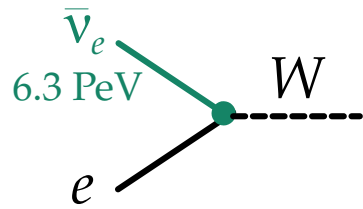
1. Glashow resonance:
Long-sought, finally seen

First observation of a Glashow resonance

Predicted in 1960:

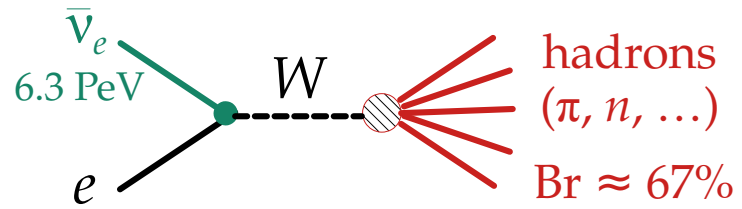
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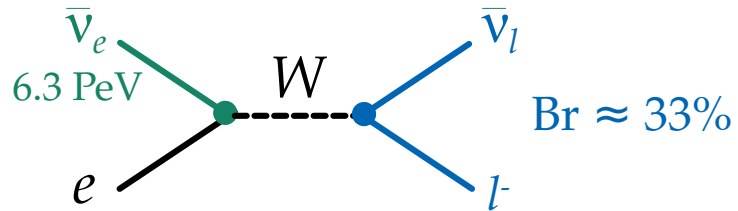
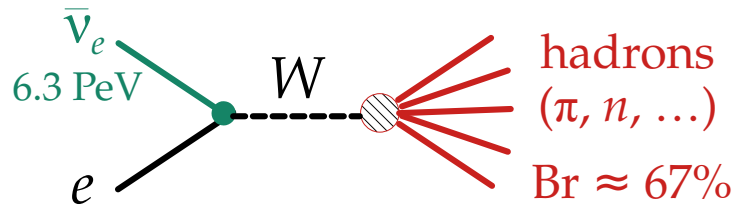
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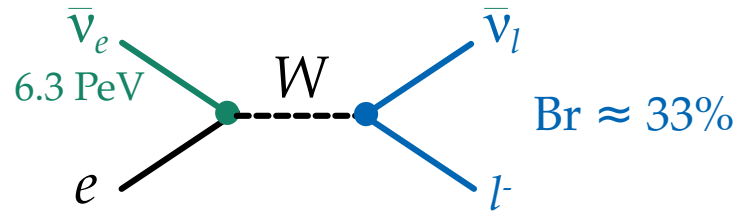
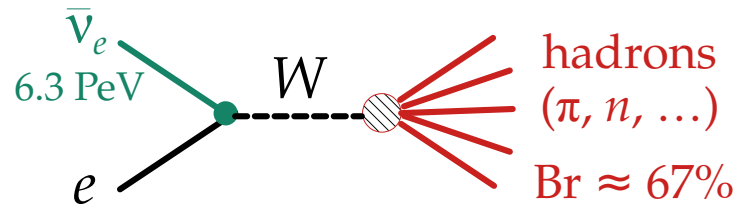
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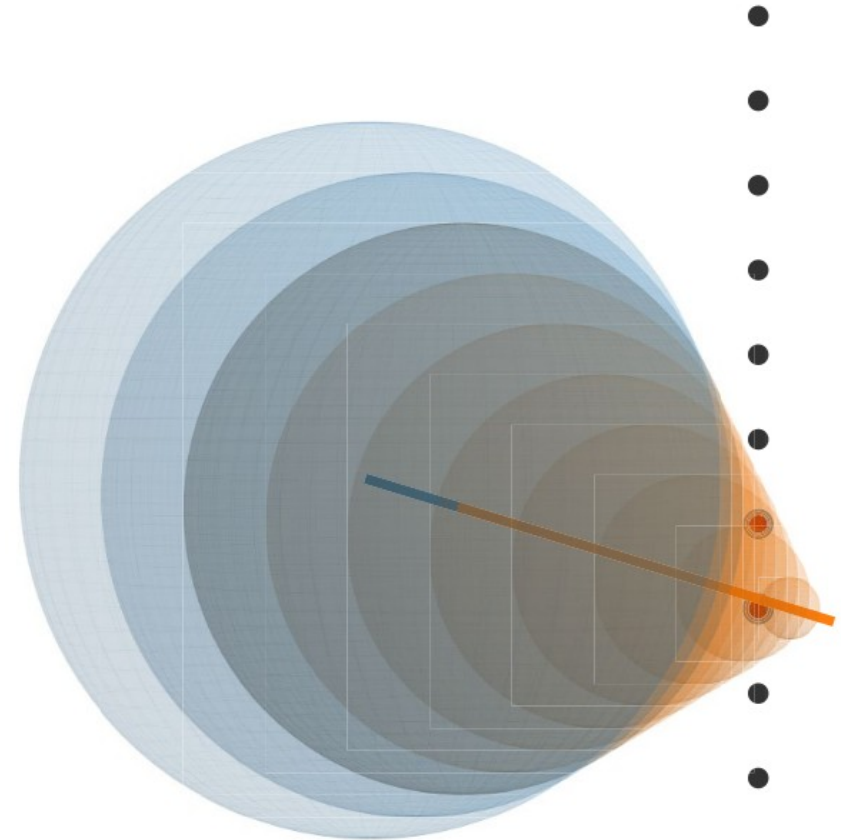


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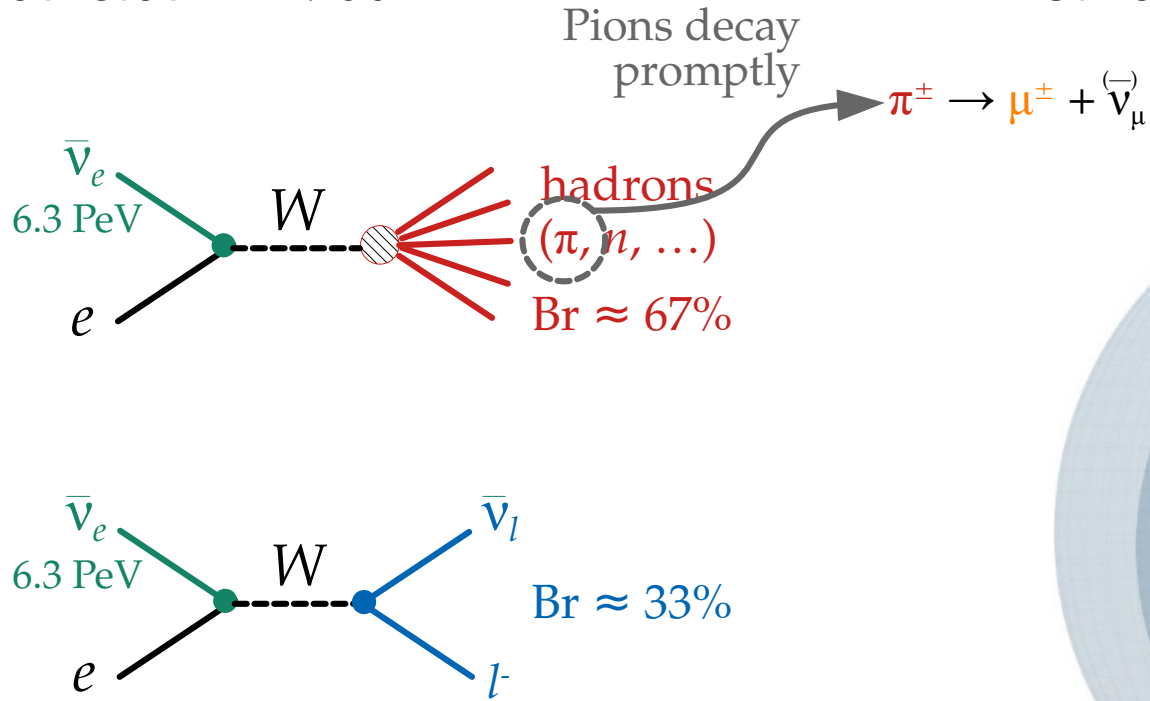


First reported by IceCube in 2021:

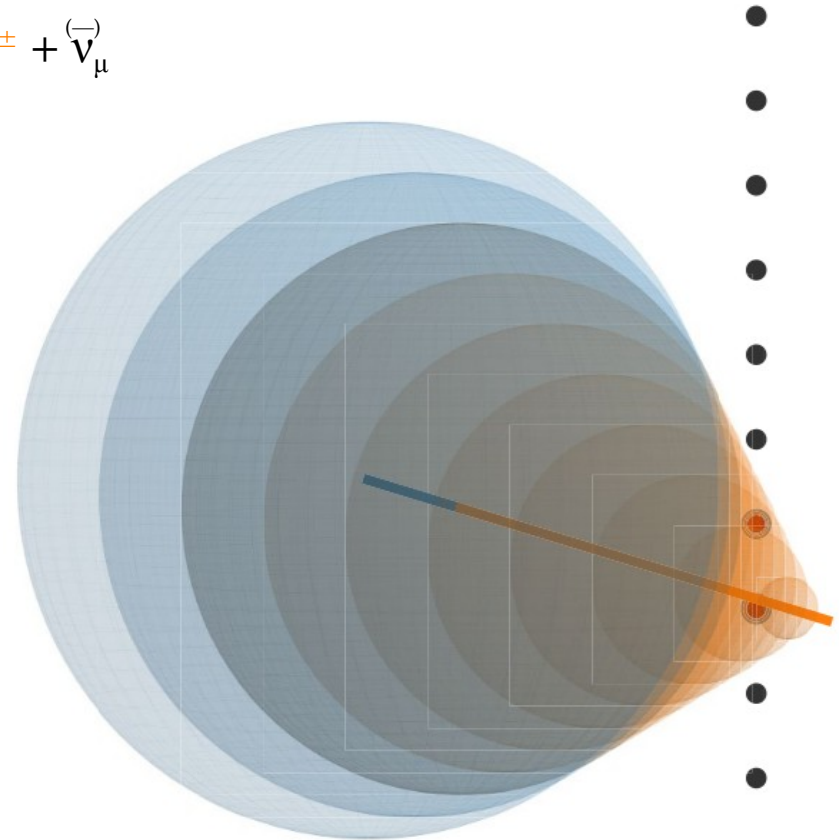


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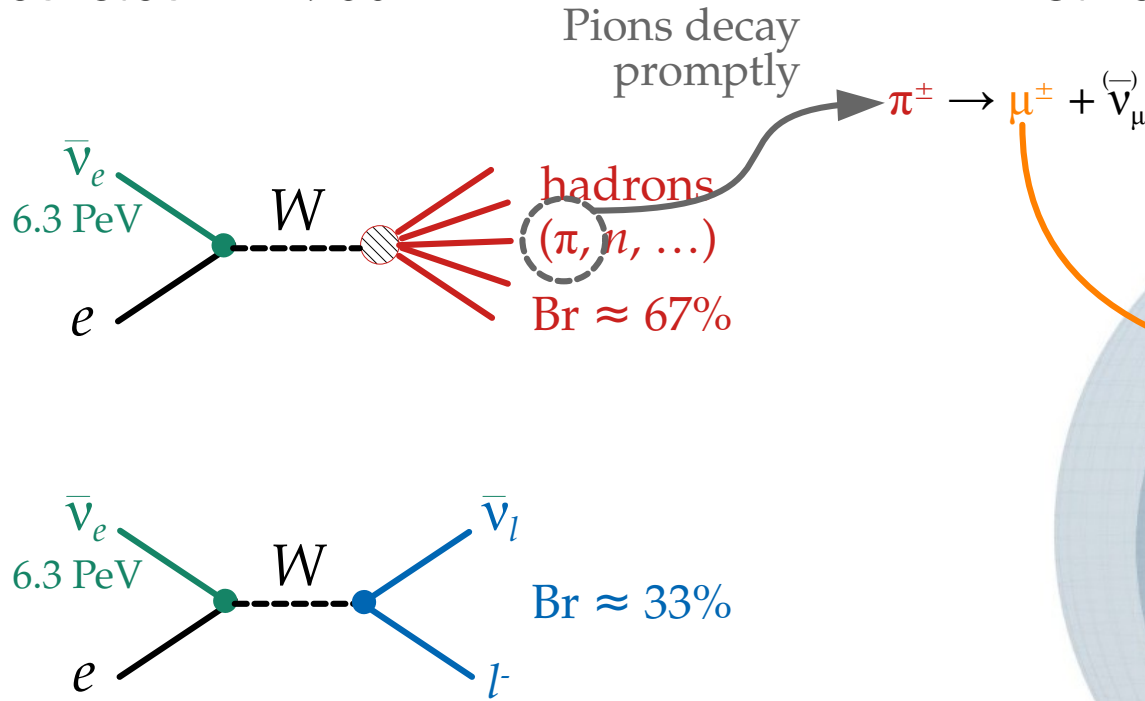


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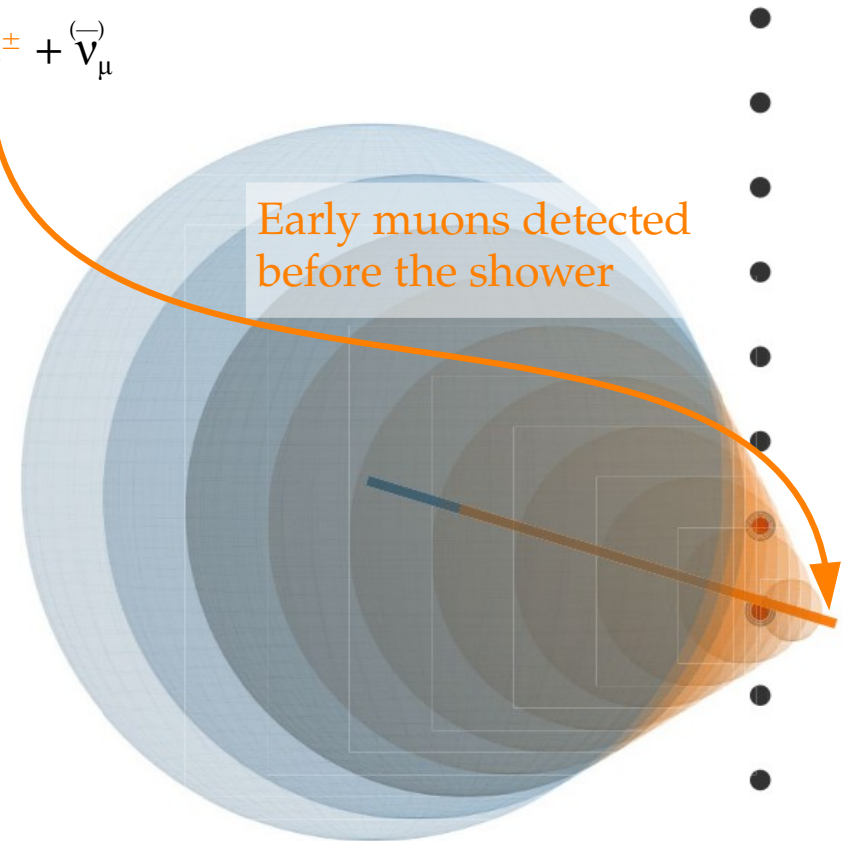


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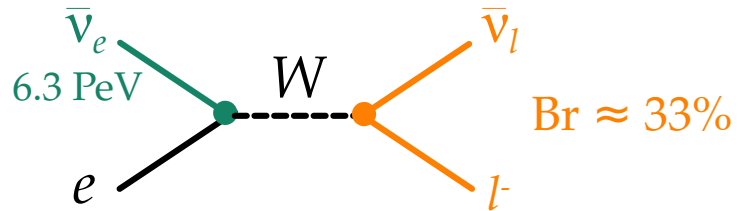
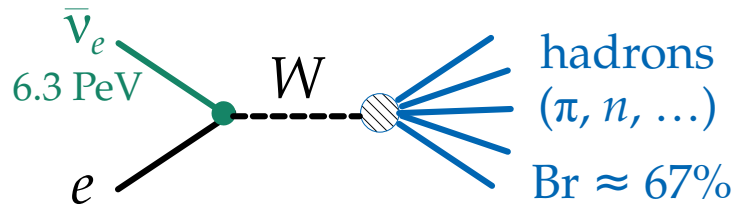


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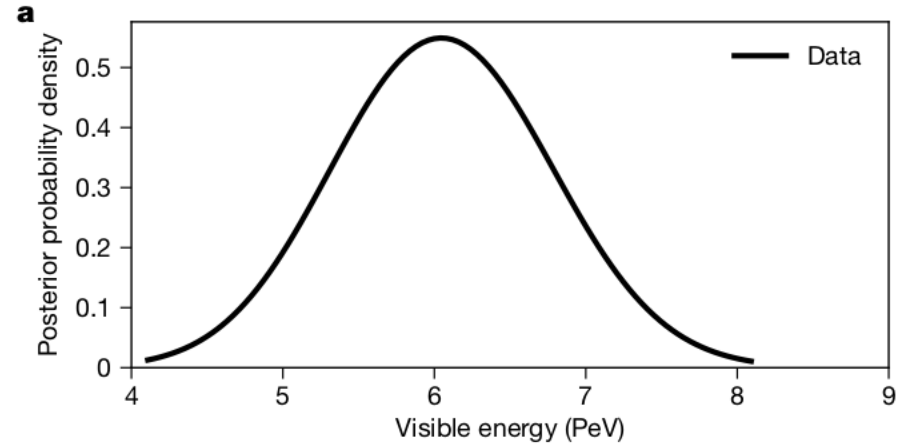


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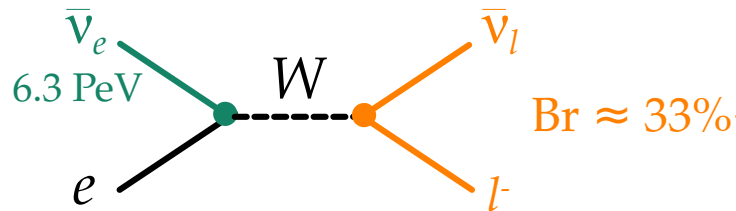
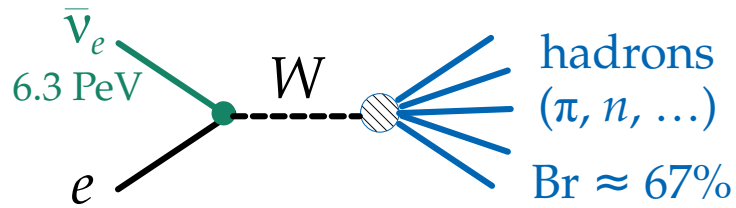


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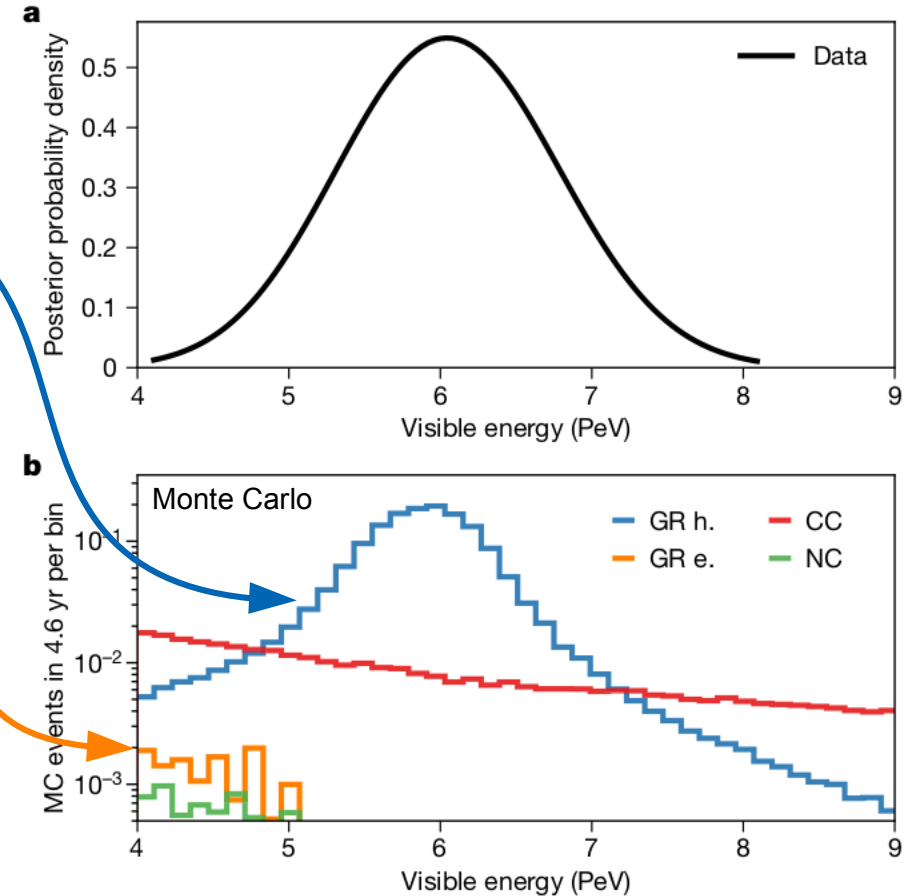


First observation of a Glashow resonance

Predicted in 1960:



First reported by IceCube in 2021:



2. New neutrino interactions:
Are there secret $\nu\nu$ interactions?

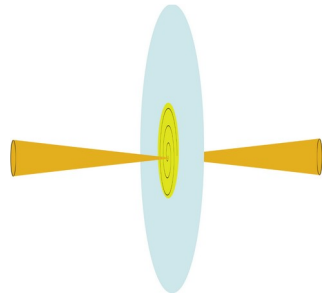


Galactic (kpc) or extragalactic (Mpc – Gpc) distance

Astrophysical neutrino sources

Earth

Galactic (kpc) or extragalactic (Mpc – Gpc) distance



Standard case: ν free-stream

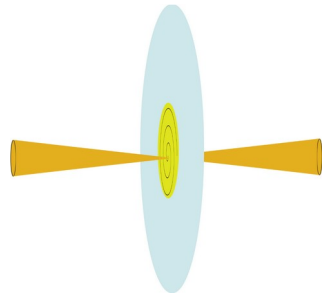
(And oscillate)



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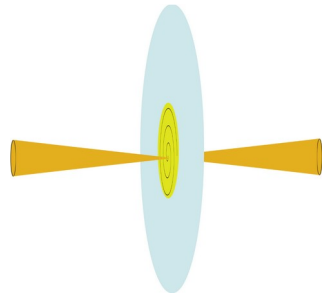
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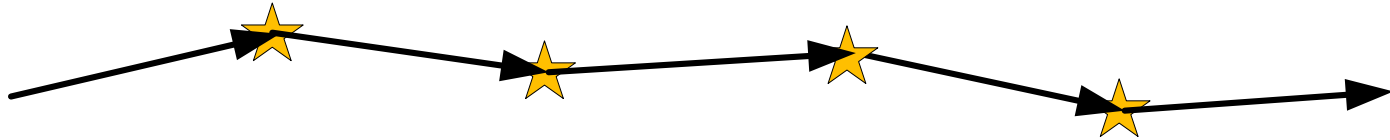


Standard case: ν free-stream

(And oscillate)



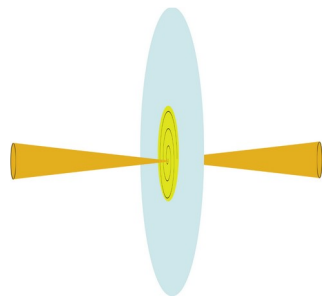
Non-standard case: high-energy ν scatter of C ν B



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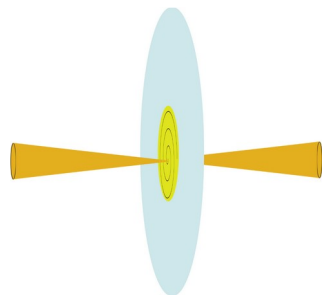
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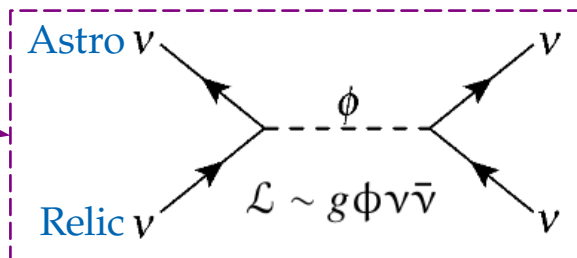
Standard case: ν free-stream

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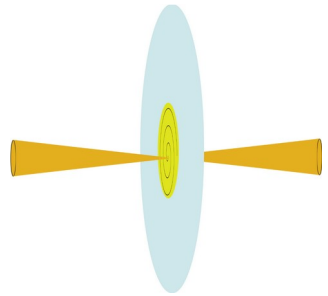
“Secret” ν interactions
 \equiv
BSM ν self-interactions



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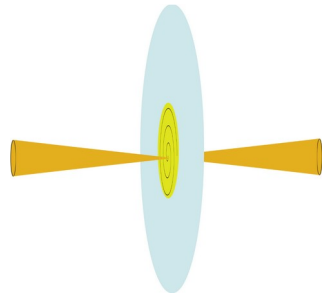
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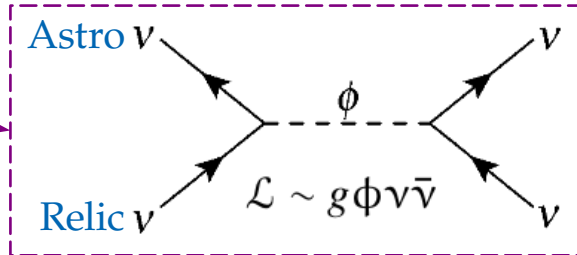
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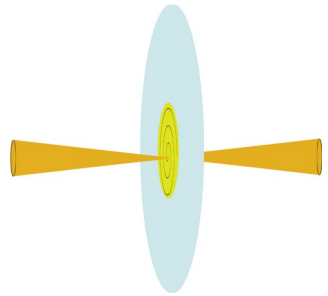
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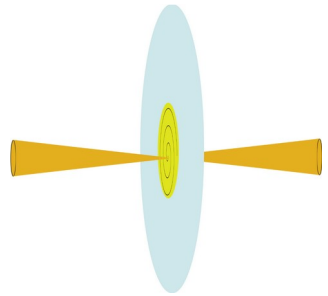
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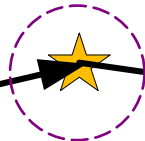


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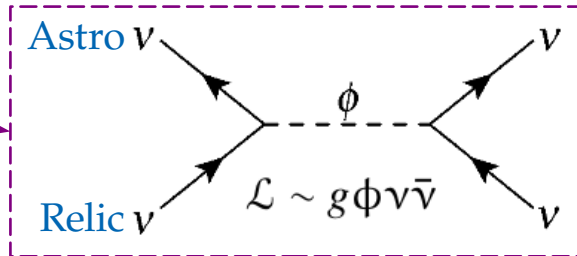
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Non-standard case: high-energy ν scatter of CvB



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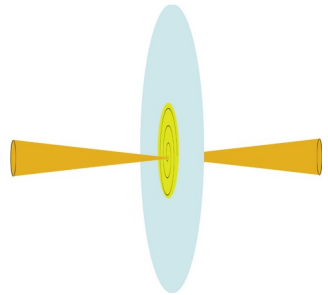


Can change:
► Energy spectrum

Astrophysical neutrino sources

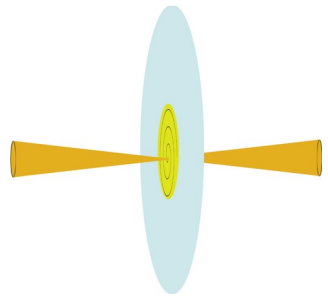
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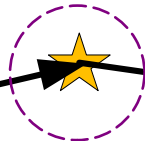


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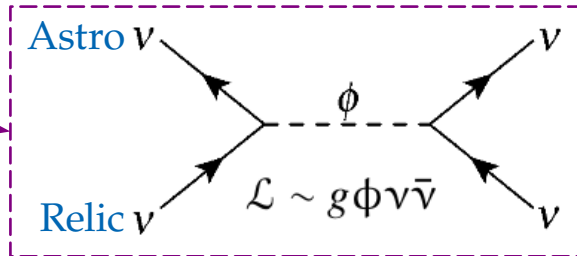
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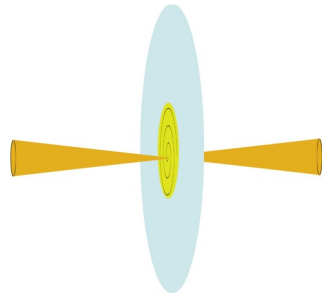
Can change:

- ▶ Energy spectrum
- ▶ Flavor composition

Astrophysical neutrino sources

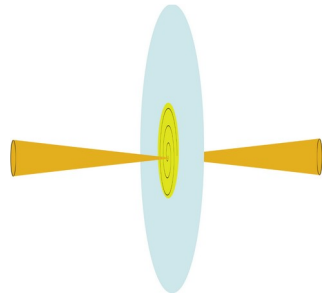
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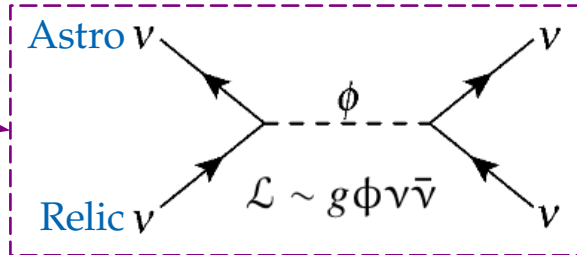
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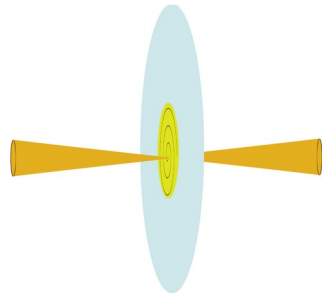
- ▶ Energy spectrum
- ▶ Flavor composition
- ▶ Direction



Astrophysical neutrino sources

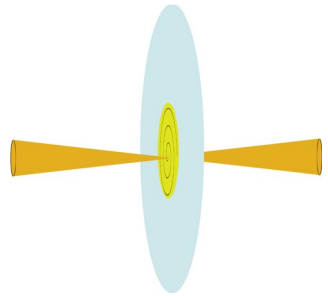
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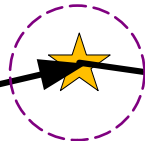


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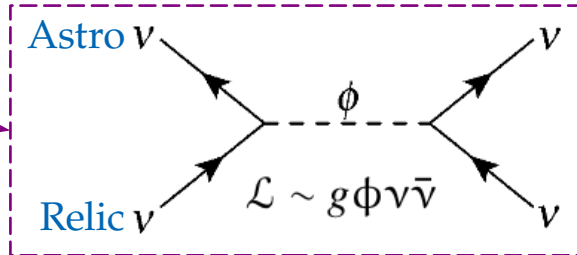
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“Secret” ν interactions
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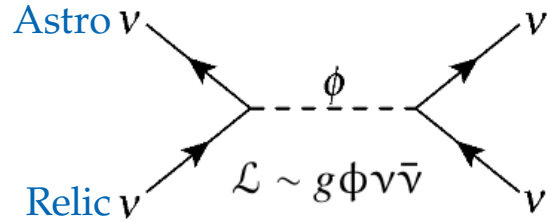


Can change:

- ▶ Energy spectrum
- ▶ Flavor composition
- ▶ Direction
- ▶ Arrival times

Secret interactions of high-energy astrophysical neutrinos

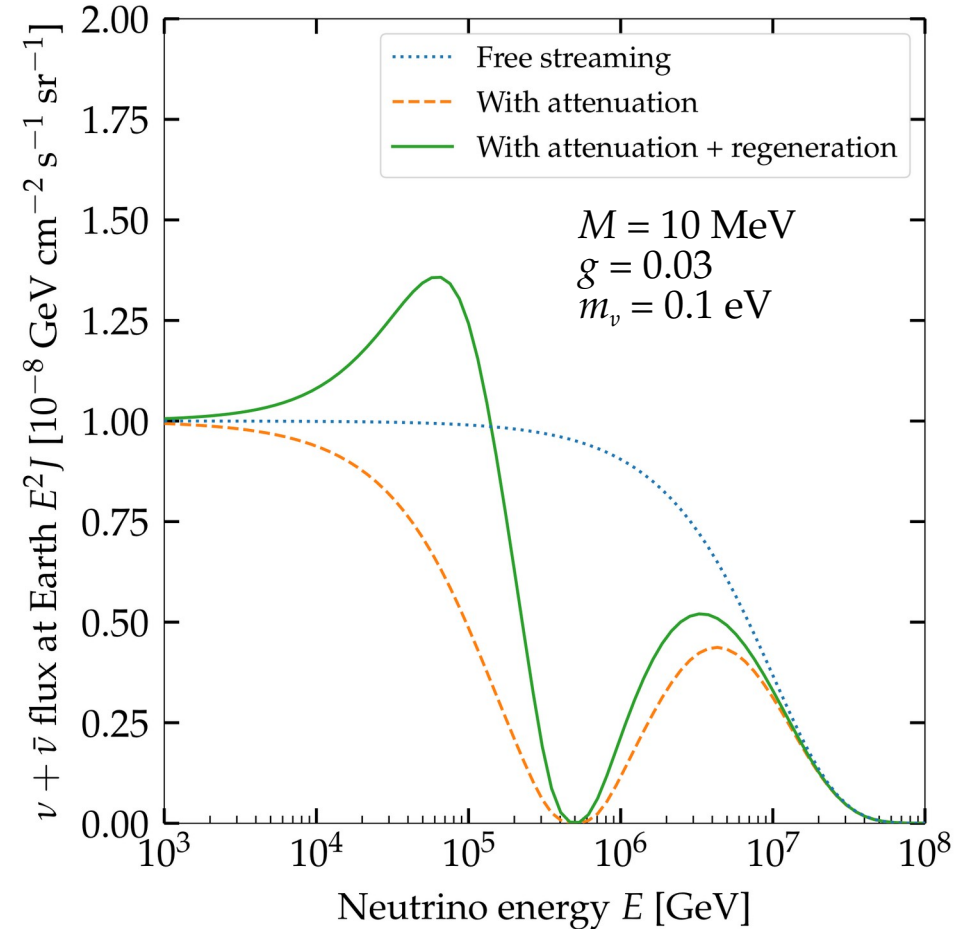
“Secret” neutrino interactions between astrophysical ν (PeV) and relic ν (0.1 meV):



Cross section:
$$\sigma = \frac{g^4}{4\pi} \frac{s}{(s - M^2)^2 + M^2\Gamma^2}$$

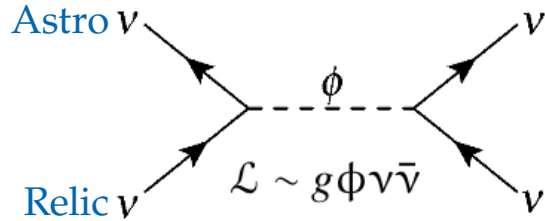
Resonance energy:
$$E_{\text{res}} = \frac{M^2}{2m_\nu}$$

MB, Rosenstroem, Shalgar, Tamborra, *PRD* 2020
See also: Esteban, Pandey, Brdar, Beacom, *PRD* 2021
Creque-Sarbinowski, Hyde, Kamionkowski, *PRD* 2021
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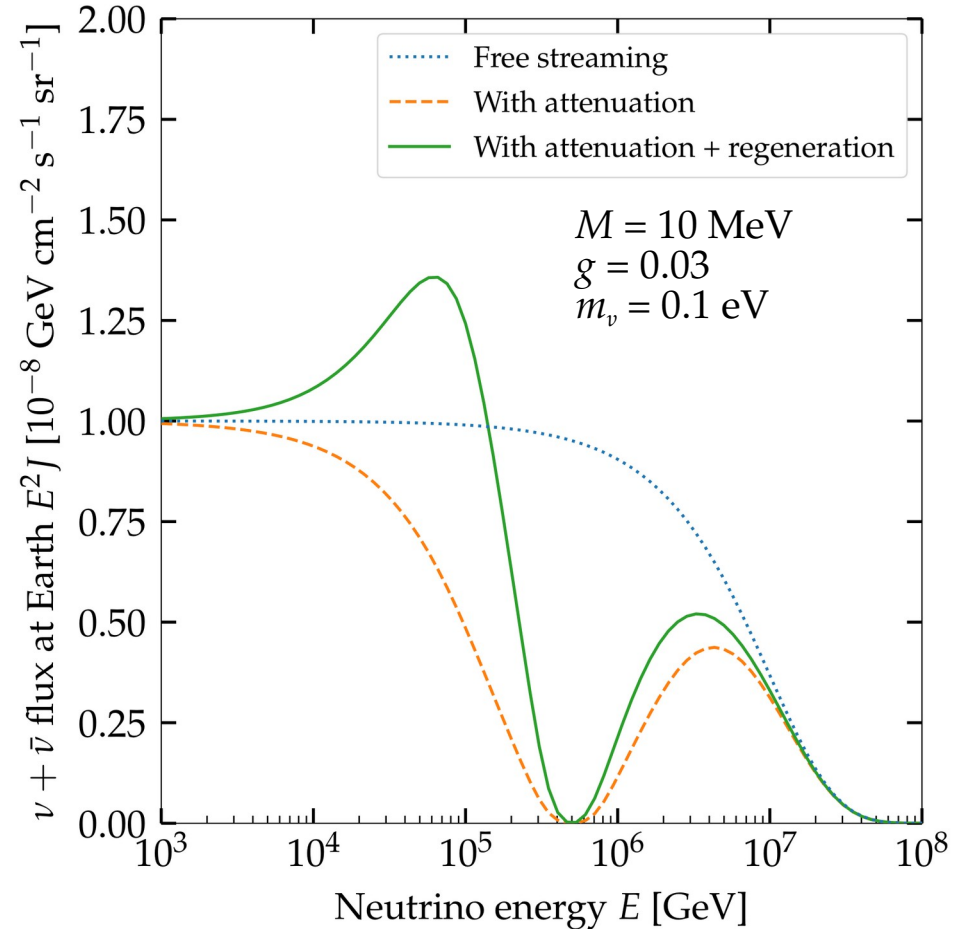
New coupling

Cross section:

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Mediator mass

Resonance energy:
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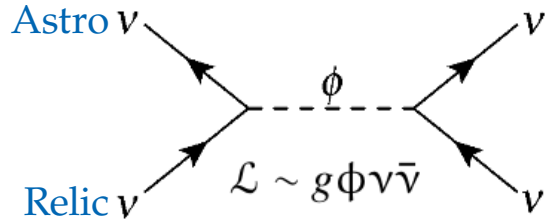
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Secret interactions of high-energy astrophysical neutrinos

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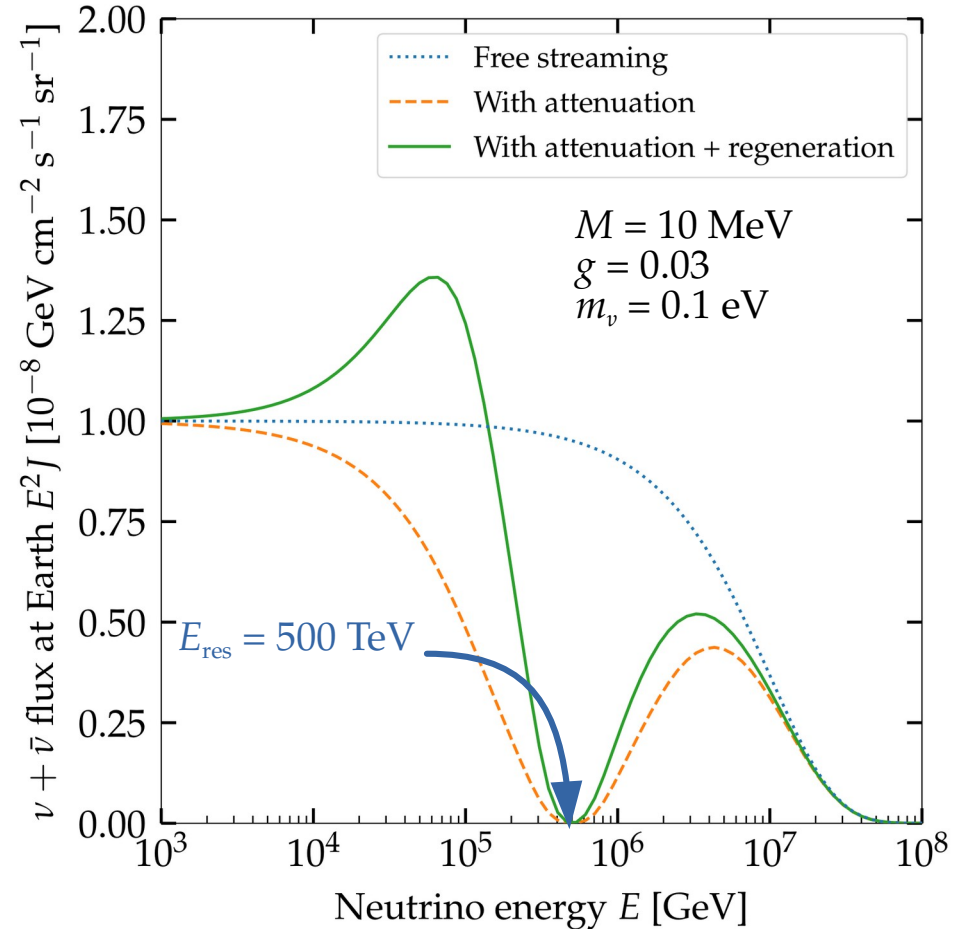
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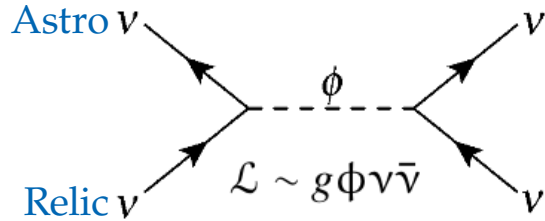
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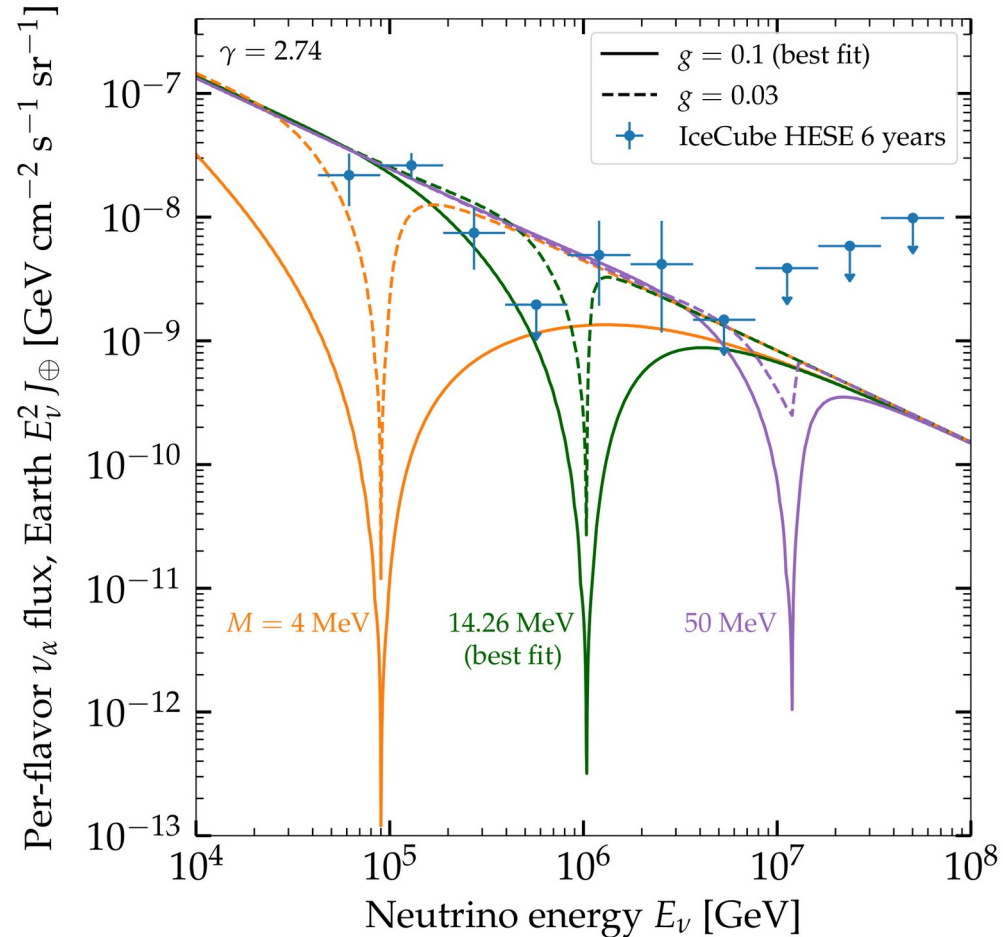


Cross section:
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New coupling (g^4)
Mediator mass (M^2)

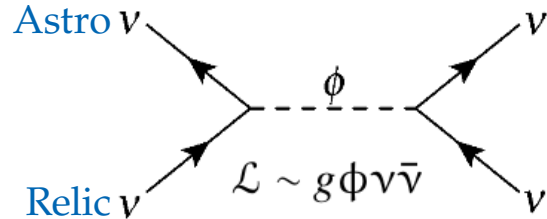
Resonance energy:
$$E_{\text{res}} = \frac{M^2}{2m_\nu}$$

MB, Rosenstroem, Shalgar, Tamborra, *PRD* 2020
 See also: Esteban, Pandey, Brdar, Beacom, *PRD* 2021
 Creque-Sarbinowski, Hyde, Kamionkowski, *PRD* 2021
 Ng & Beacom, *PRD* 2014
 Cherry, Friedland, Shoemaker, 1411.1071
 Blum, Hook, Murase, 1408.3799



Secret interactions of high-energy astrophysical neutrinos

“Secret” neutrino interactions between astrophysical ν (PeV) and relic ν (0.1 meV):



Cross section:
$$\sigma = \frac{g^4 s}{4\pi (s - M^2)^2 + M^2\Gamma^2}$$

New coupling g^4 (circled in red)
Mediator mass M^2 (circled in green)

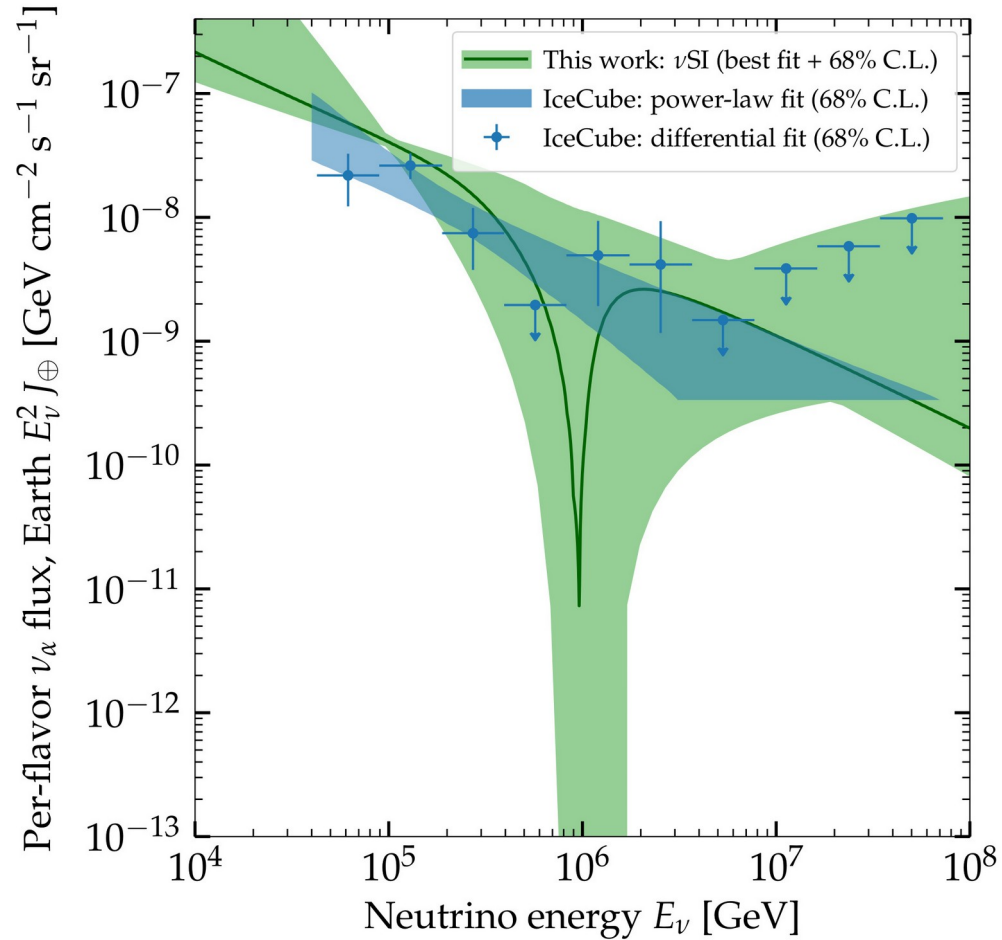
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Cherry, Friedland, Shoemaker, 1411.1071
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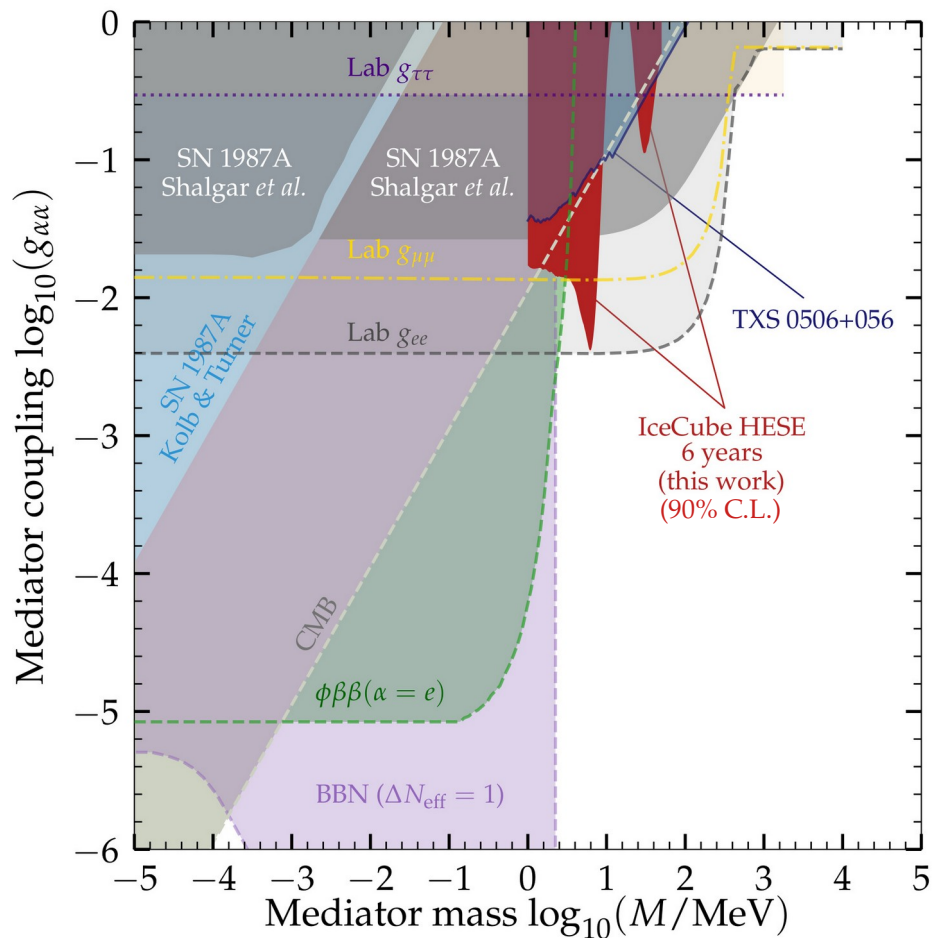
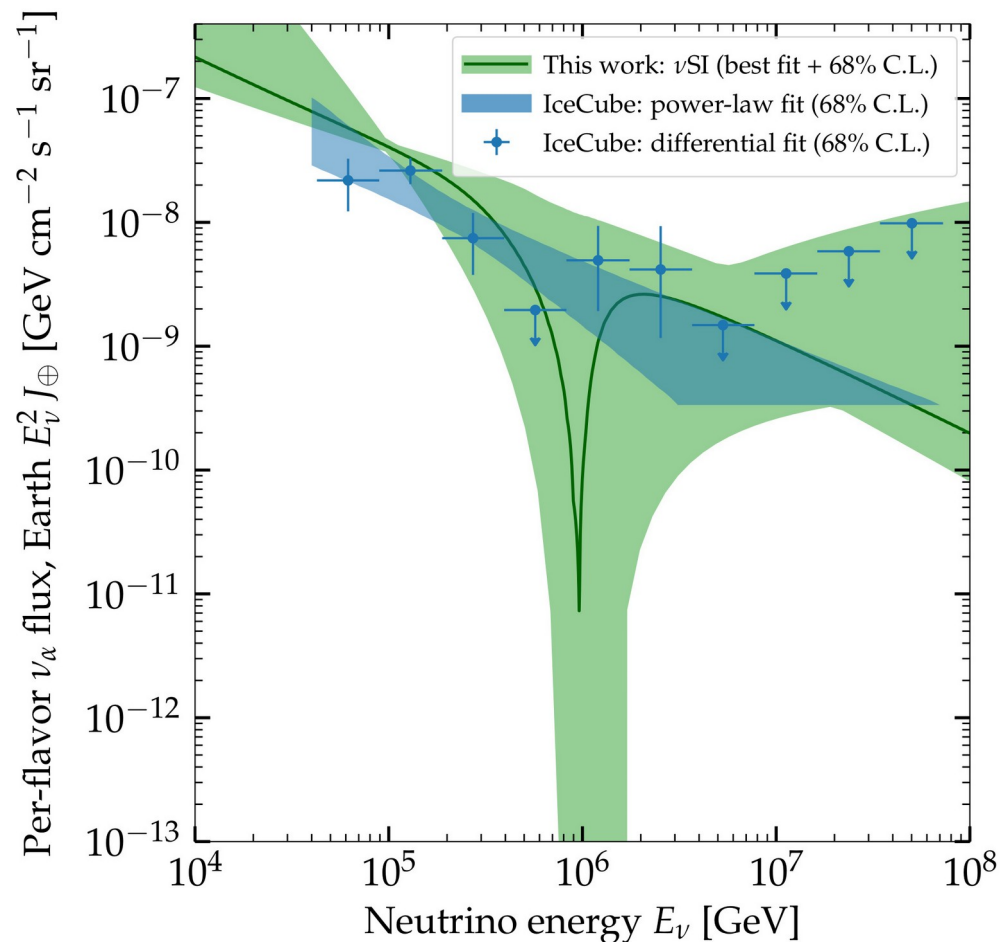
Looking for evidence of ν SI

- ▶ Look for dips in 6 years of public IceCube data (HESE)
- ▶ 80 events, 18 TeV–2 PeV
- ▶ Assume flavor-diagonal and universal: $g_{\alpha\alpha} = g \delta_{\alpha\alpha}$
- ▶ Bayesian analysis varying M, g , shape of emitted flux (γ)
- ▶ Account for atmospheric ν , in-Earth propagation, detector uncertainties

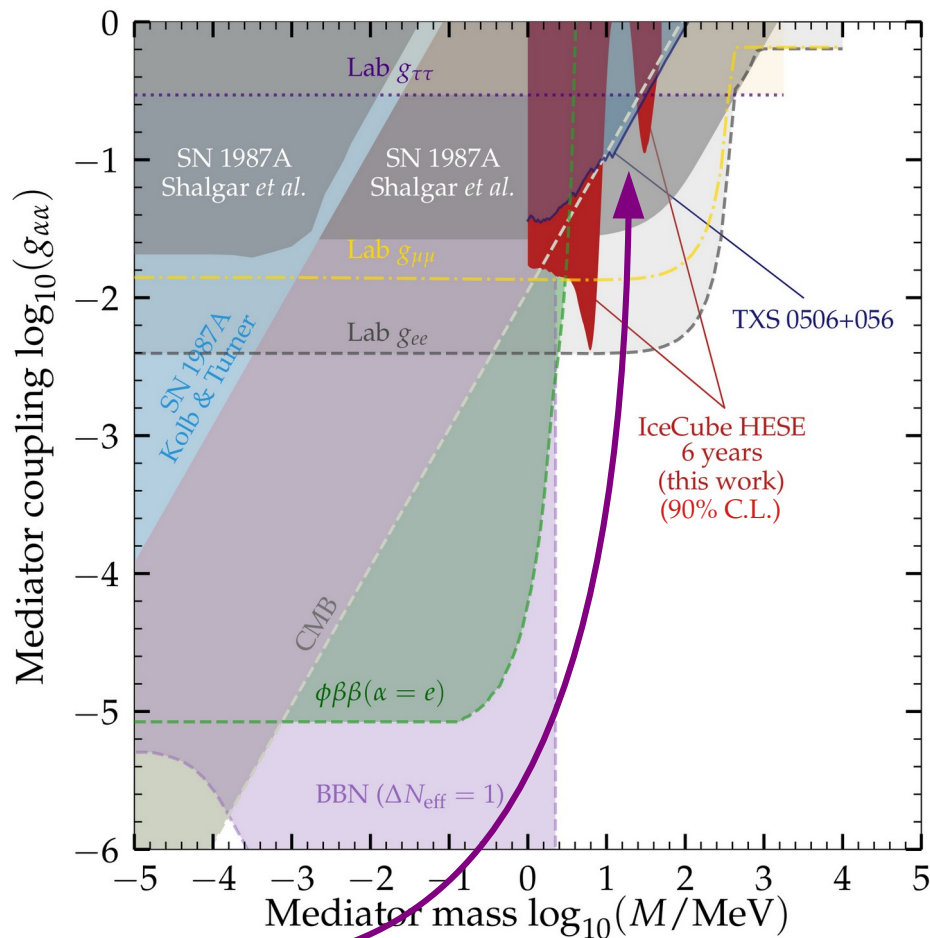
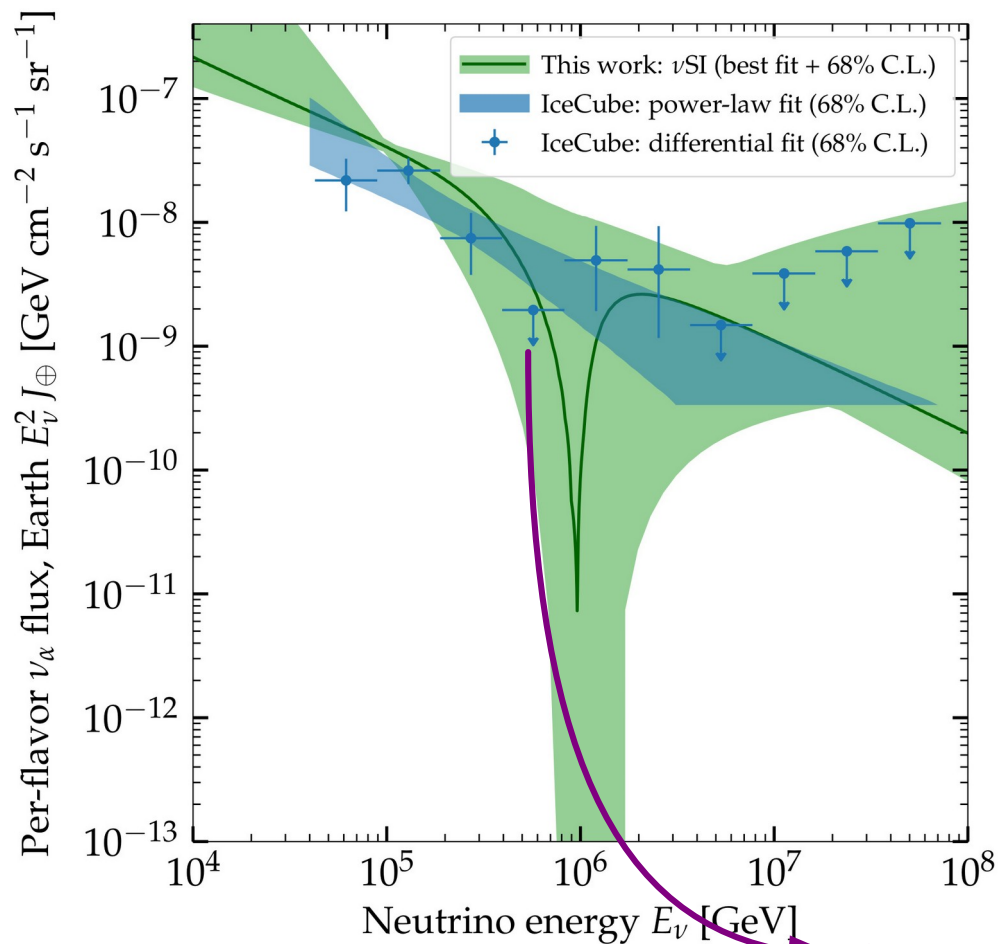
No significant ($> 3\sigma$) evidence for a spectral dip ...



No significant ($> 3\sigma$) evidence for a spectral dip so we set upper limits on the coupling g

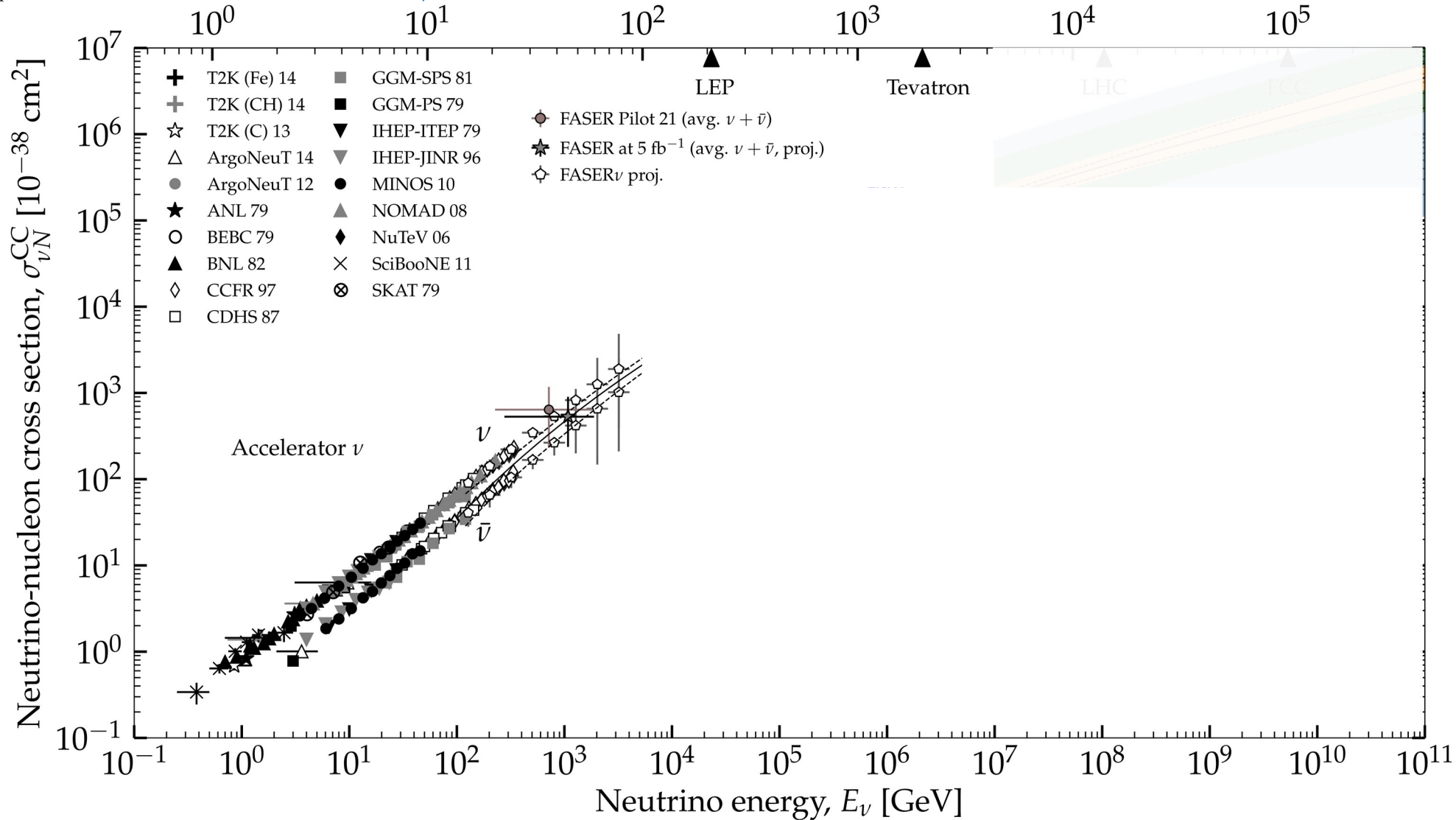


No significant ($> 3\sigma$) evidence for a spectral dip so we set upper limits on the coupling g



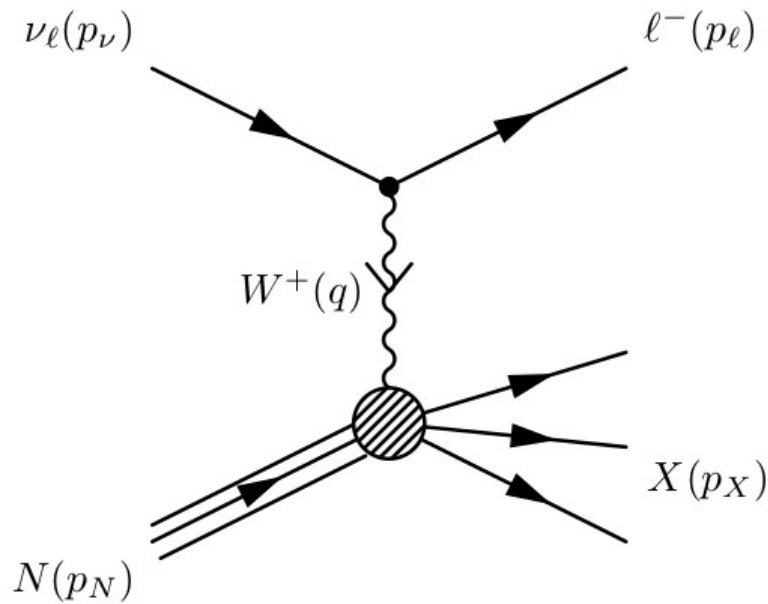
The 300 TeV–1 PeV “gap” degrades the limit at ~ 10 MeV

3. Neutrino-matter cross section: *From TeV to EeV*

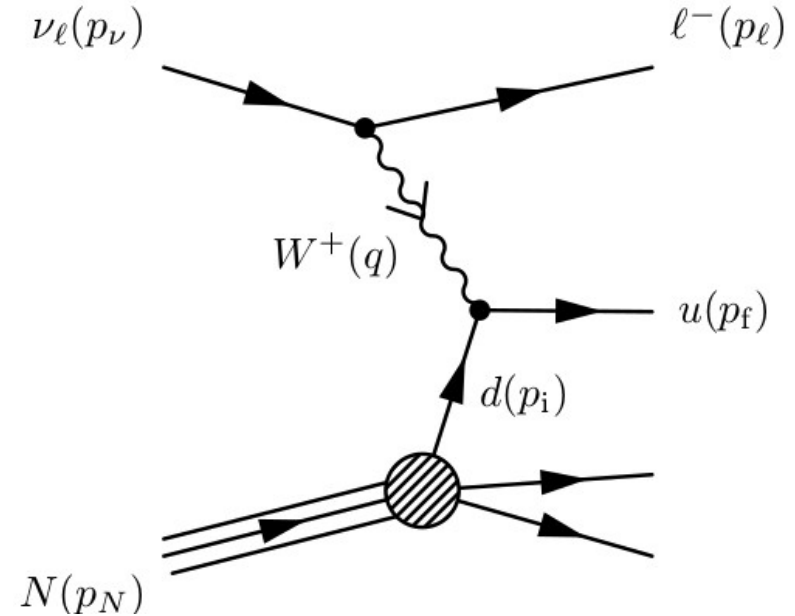
Center-of-mass energy \sqrt{s} [GeV]

How does DIS probe nucleon structure?

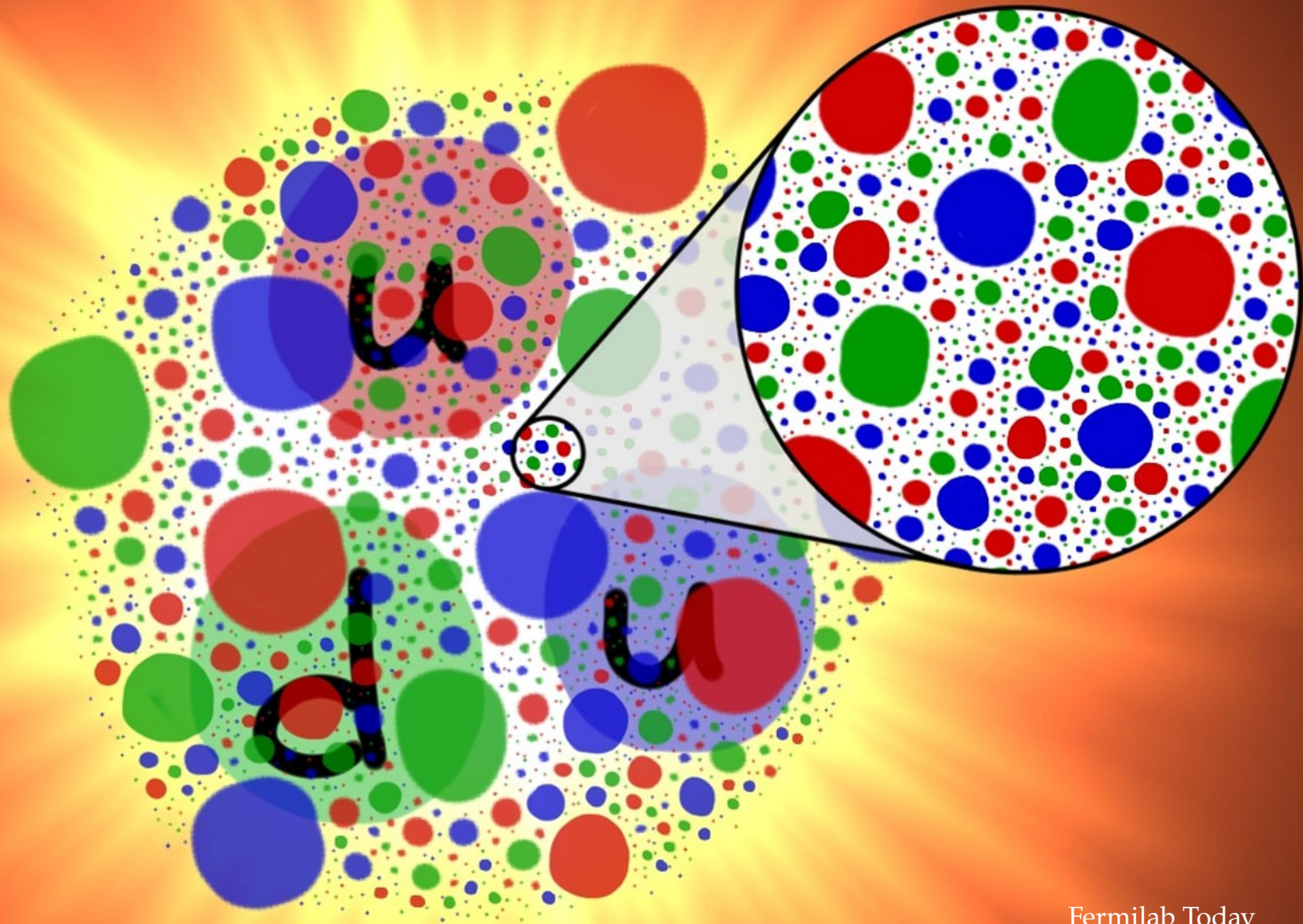
What you see



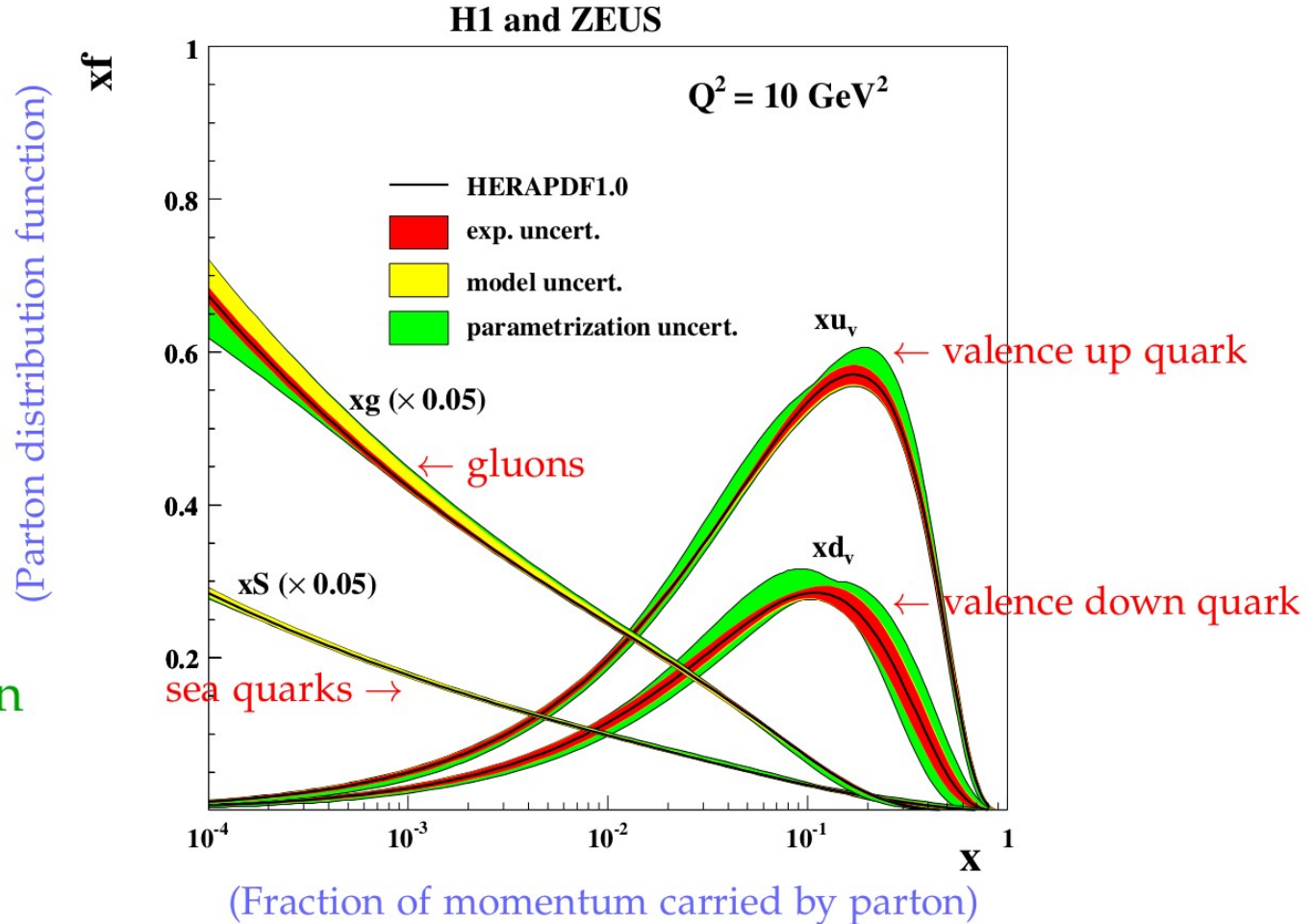
Beneath the hood



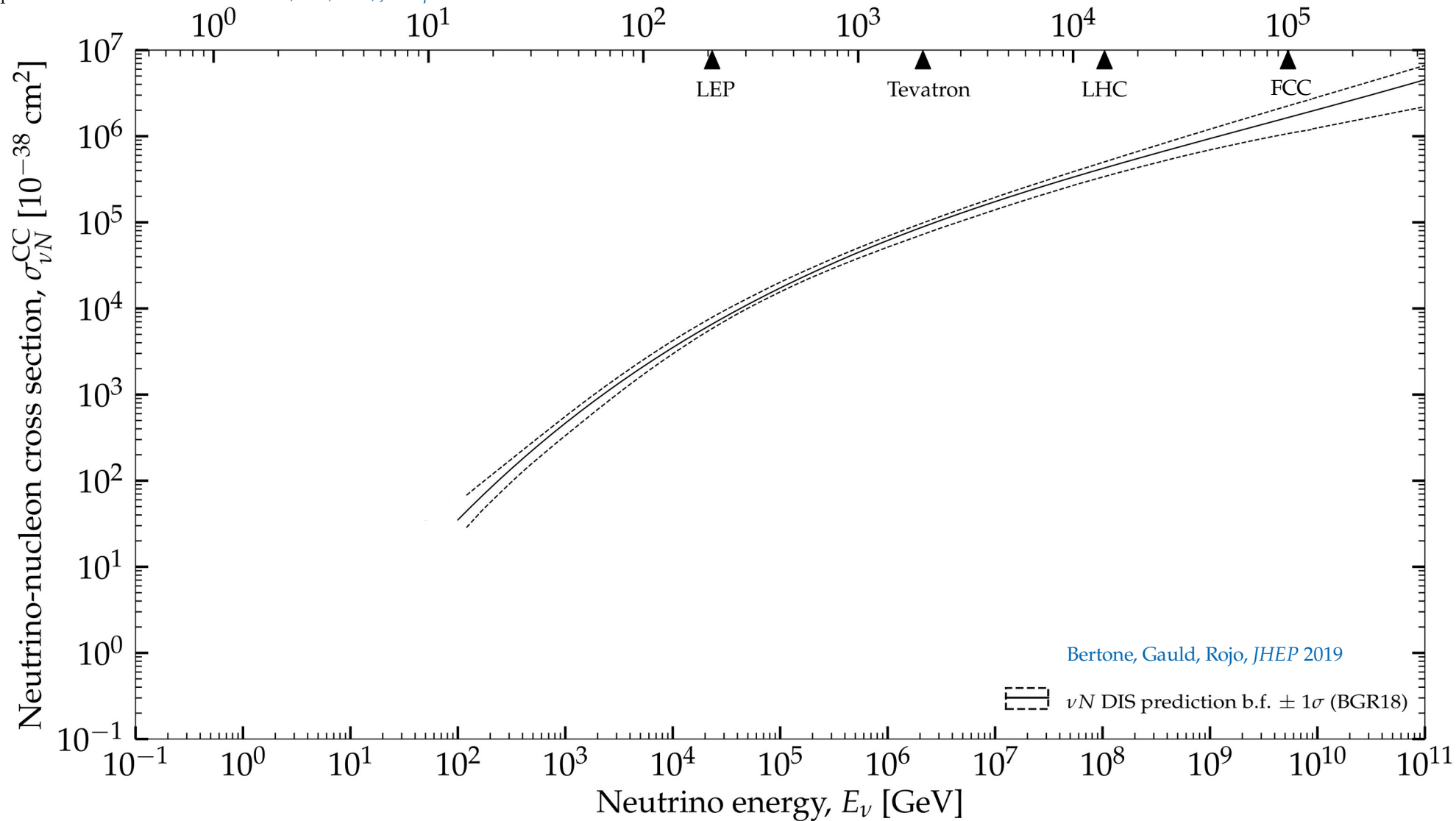
(Plus the equivalent neutral-current process (Z-exchange))

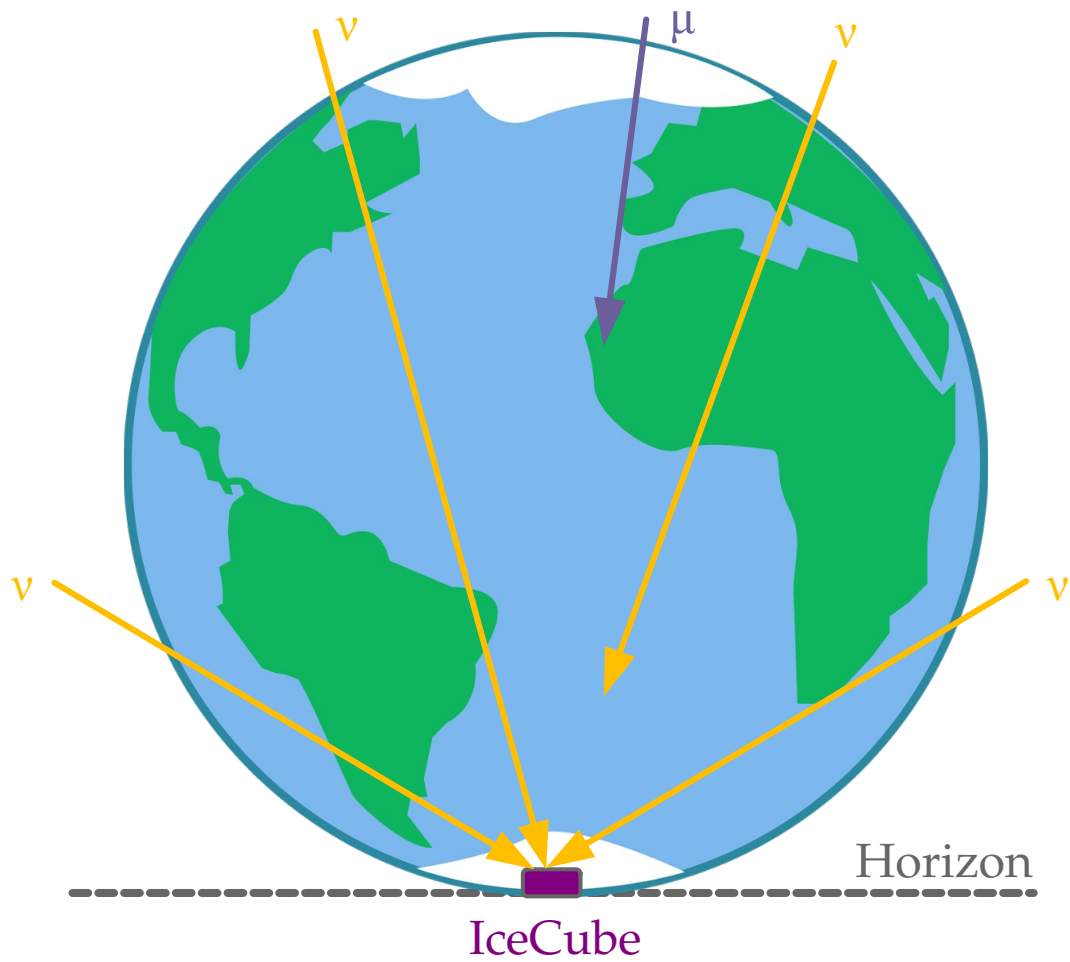


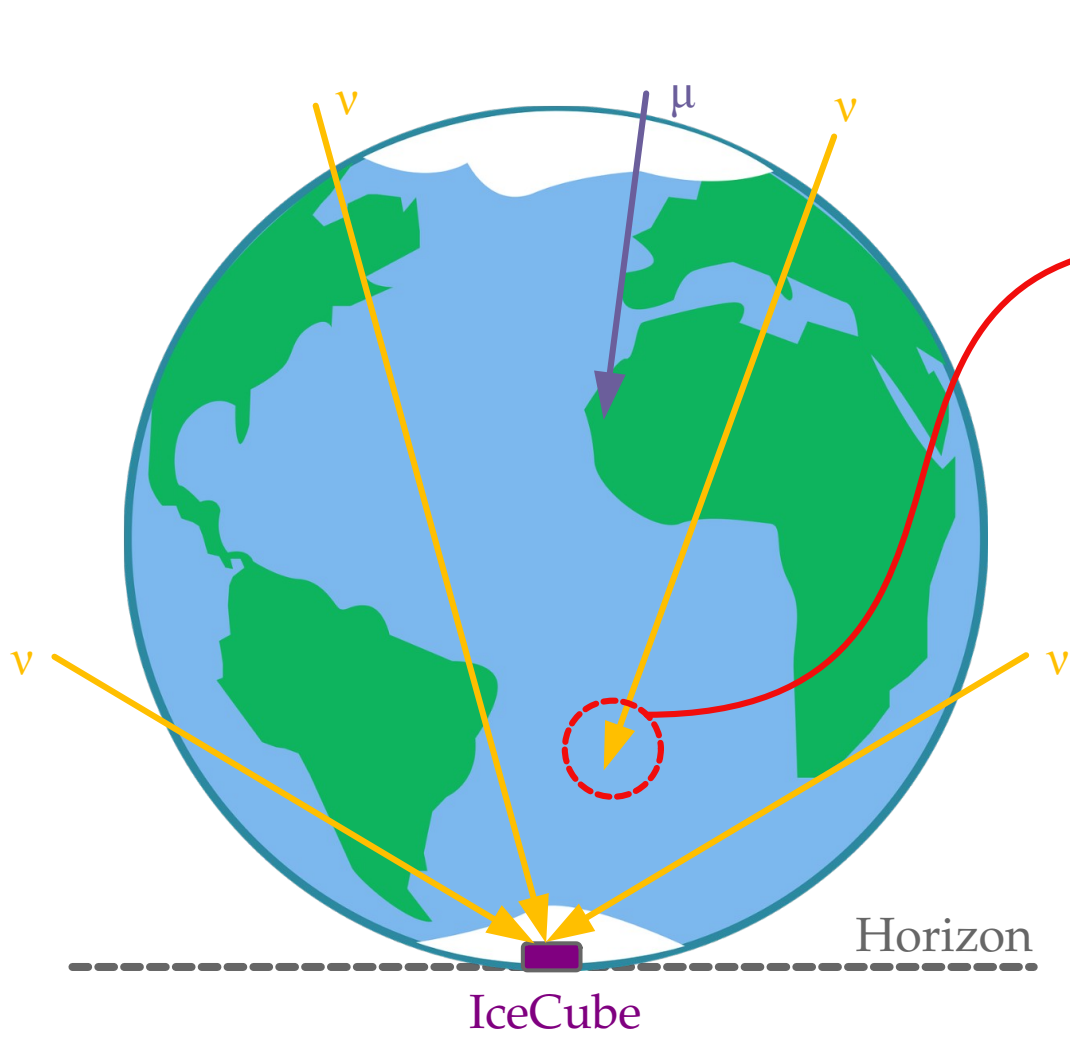
Peeking inside a proton



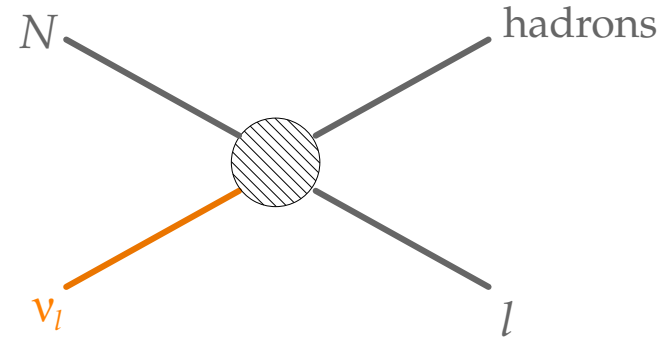
← Extrapolation

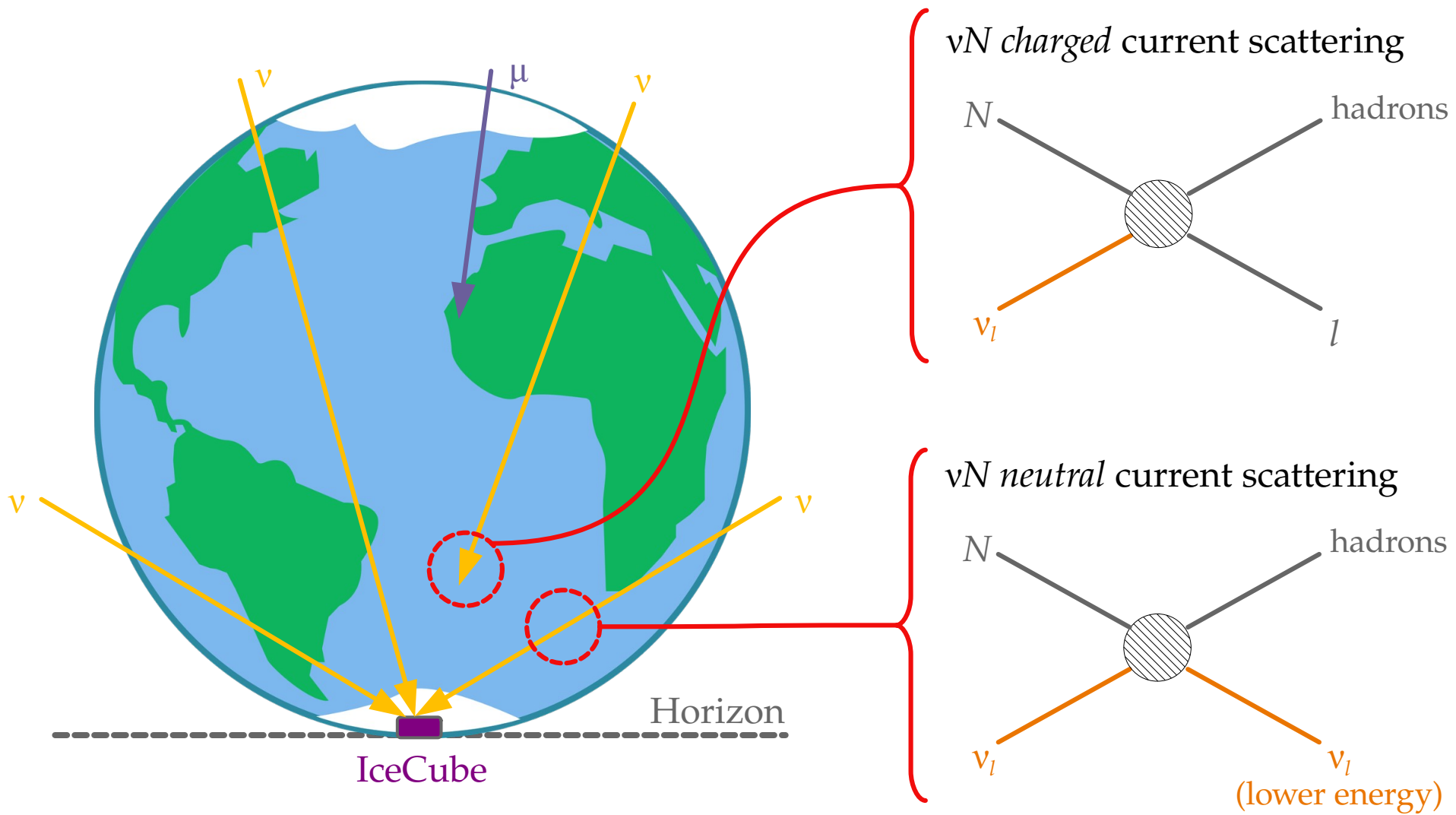
Center-of-mass energy \sqrt{s} [GeV]

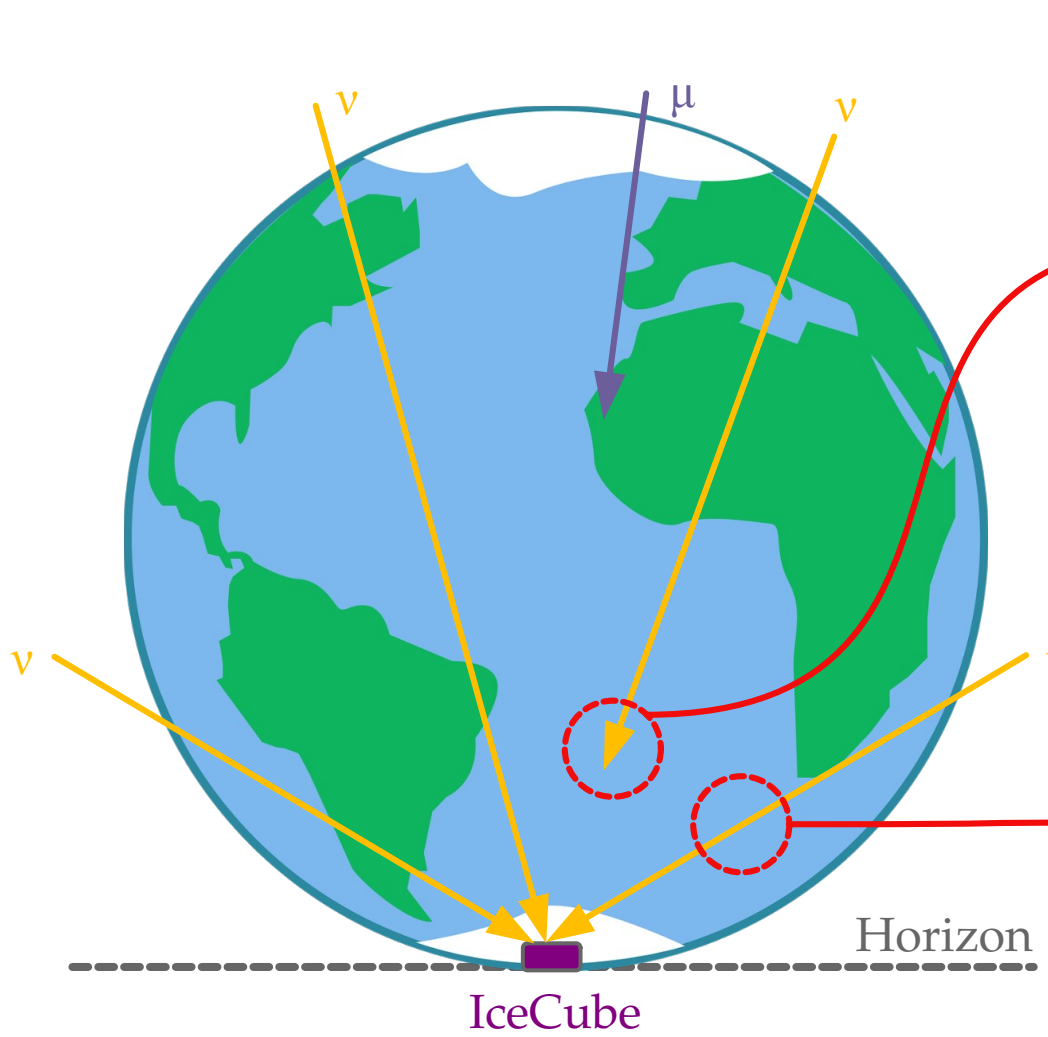




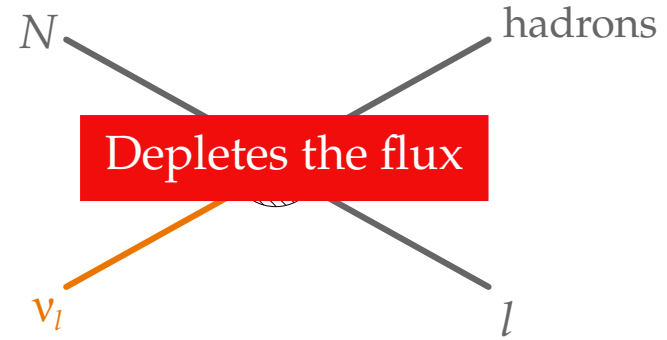
νN charged current scattering





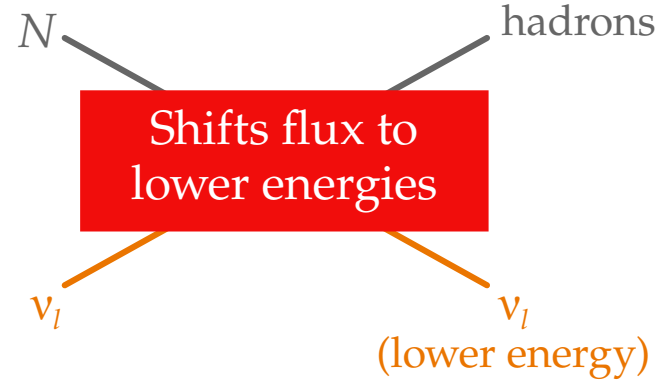


νN charged current scattering



Depletes the flux

νN neutral current scattering



Shifts flux to lower energies

Measuring the high-energy νN cross section

Number of detected neutrinos (simplified for presentation):

$$N \propto \underbrace{\Phi_\nu}_{\text{Neutrino flux}} \underbrace{\sigma_{\nu N}}_{\text{Cross section}} e^{-\tau_{\nu N}} = \Phi_\nu \sigma_{\nu N} e^{-L \sigma_{\nu N} n_N}$$

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Downgoing neutrinos
(L short \rightarrow no matter)

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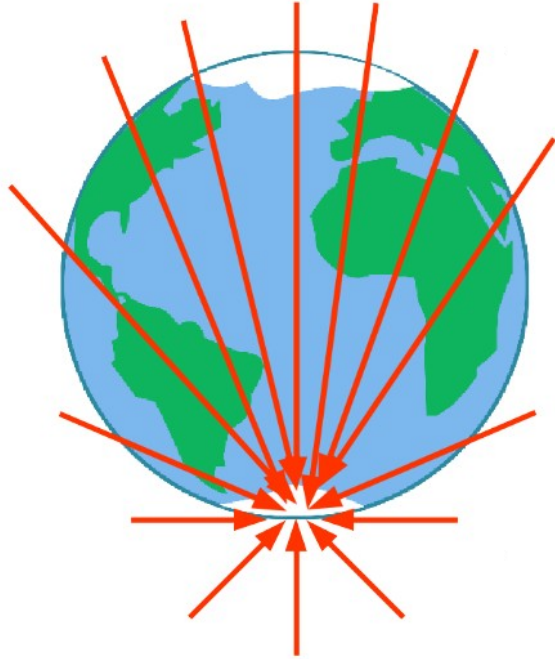
$$N \propto \underbrace{\Phi_\nu \sigma_{\nu N}}_{\text{Degeneracy}}$$

Upgoing neutrinos
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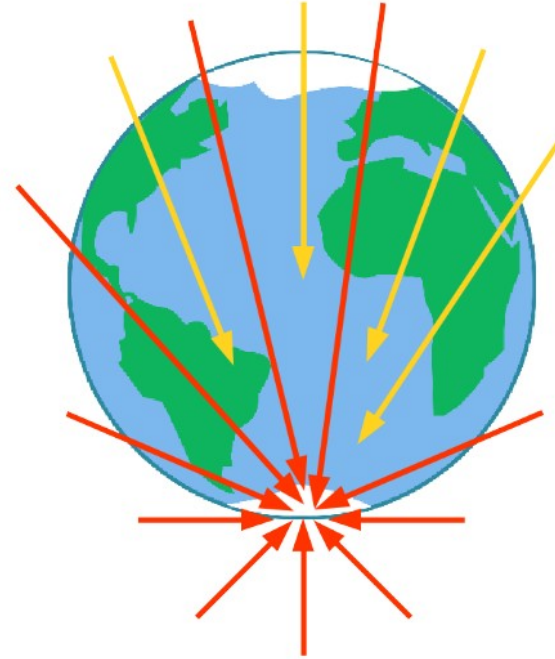
$$N \propto \Phi_\nu \sigma_{\nu N} \underbrace{e^{-L \sigma_{\nu N} n_N}}_{\text{Breaks the degeneracy}}$$

Measuring the high-energy νN cross section

Below ~ 10 TeV: Earth is transparent

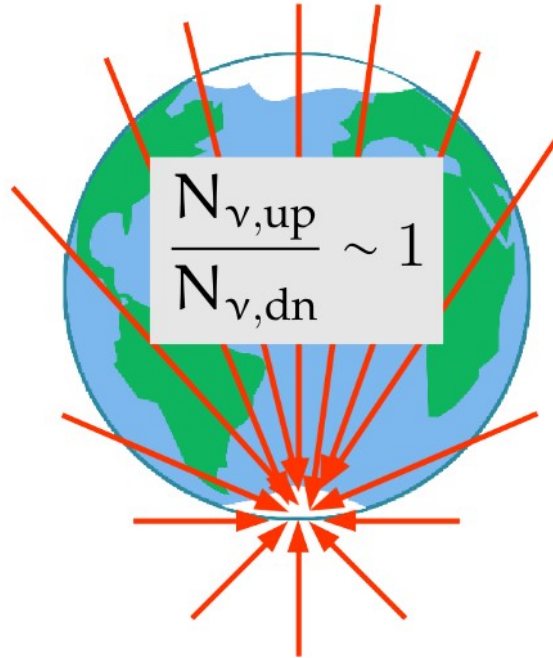


Above ~ 10 TeV: Earth is opaque

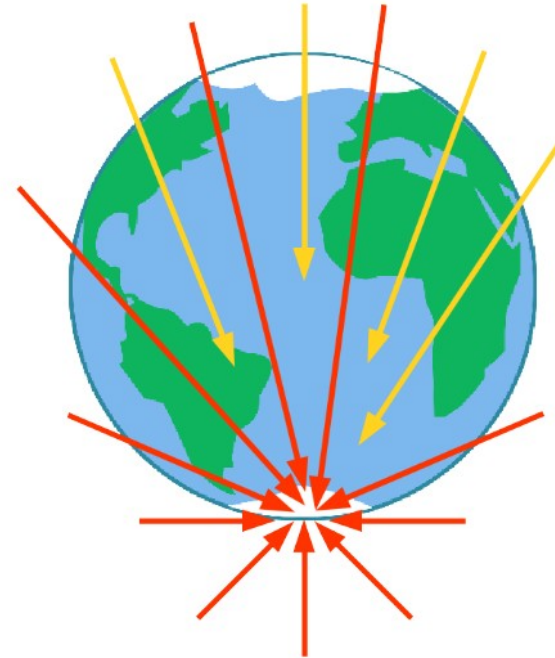


Measuring the high-energy νN cross section

Below ~ 10 TeV: Earth is transparent

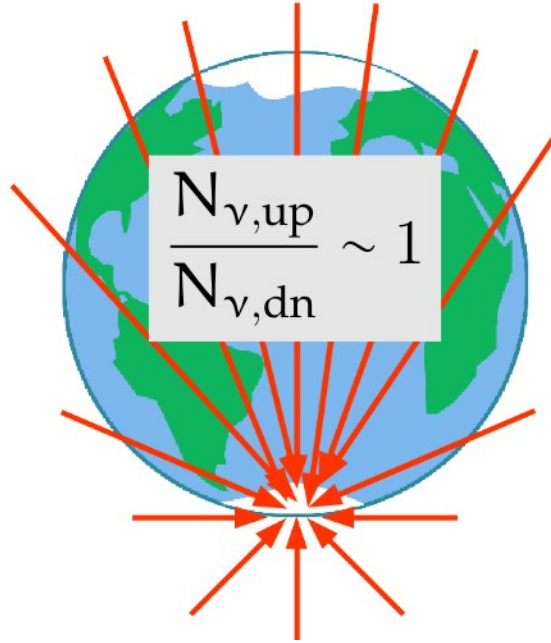


Above ~ 10 TeV: Earth is opaque

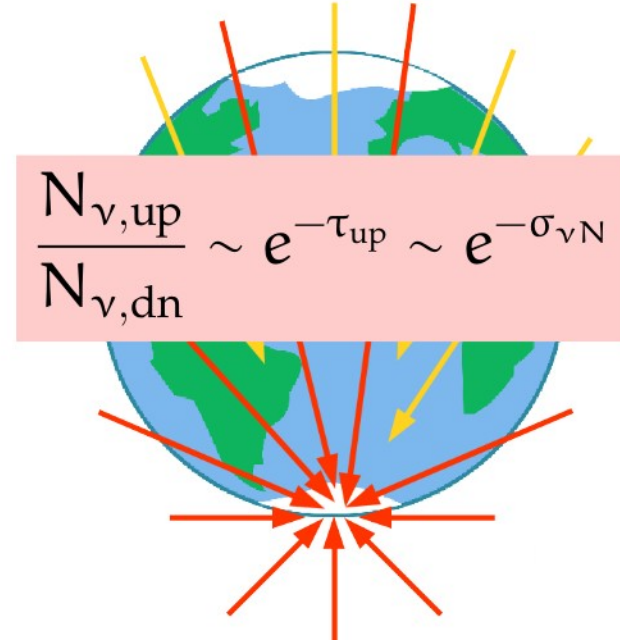


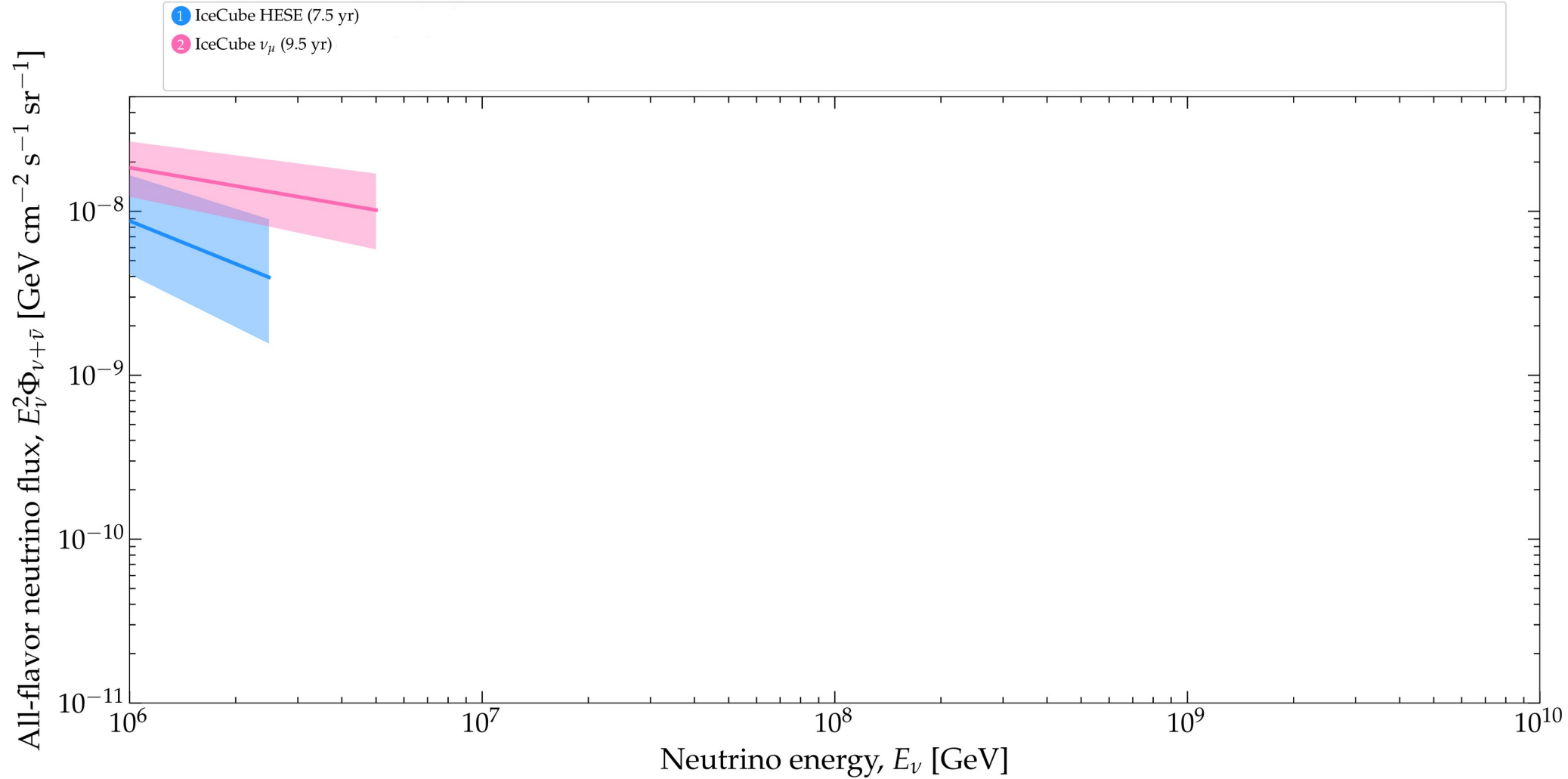
Measuring the high-energy νN cross section

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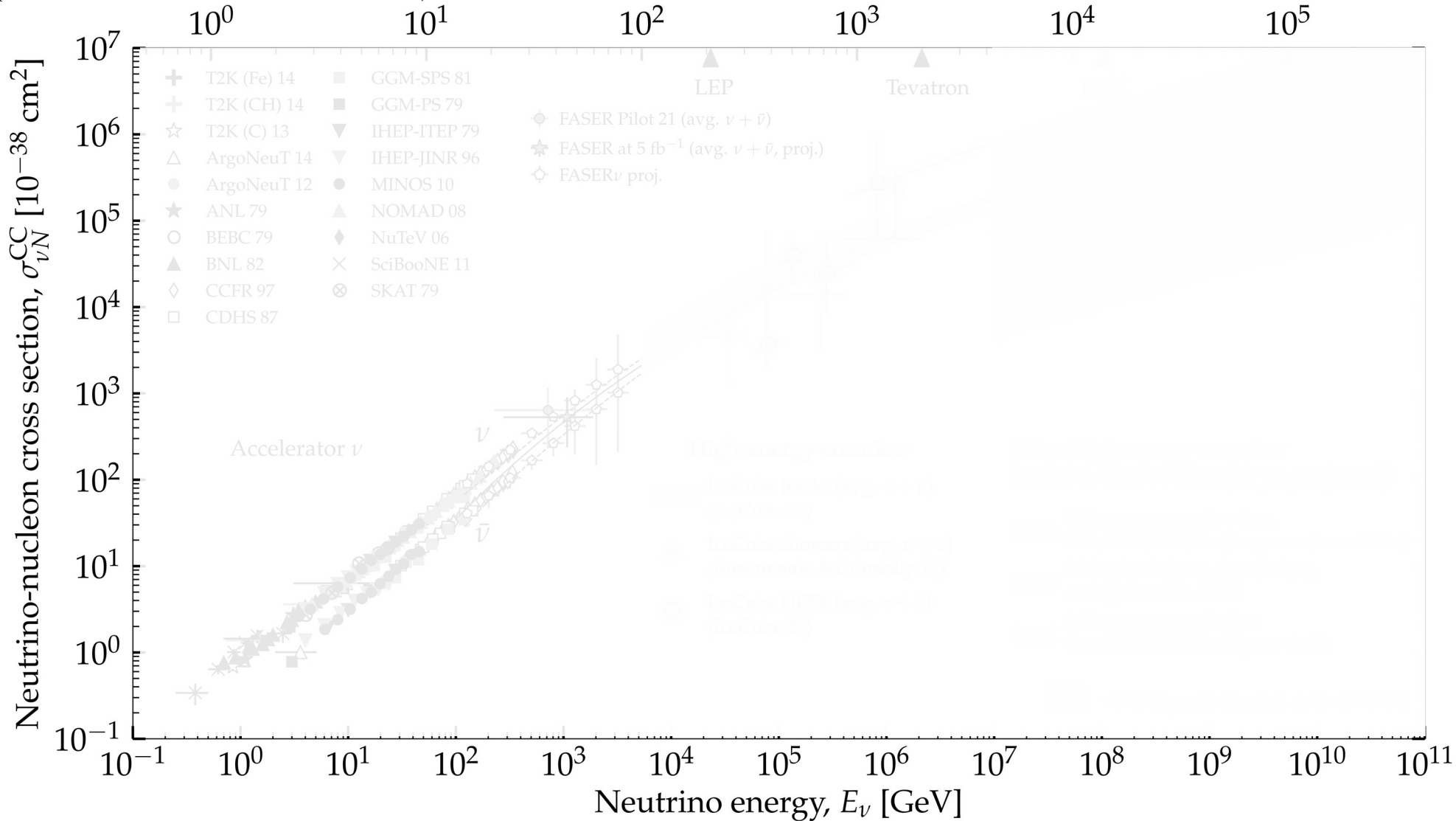


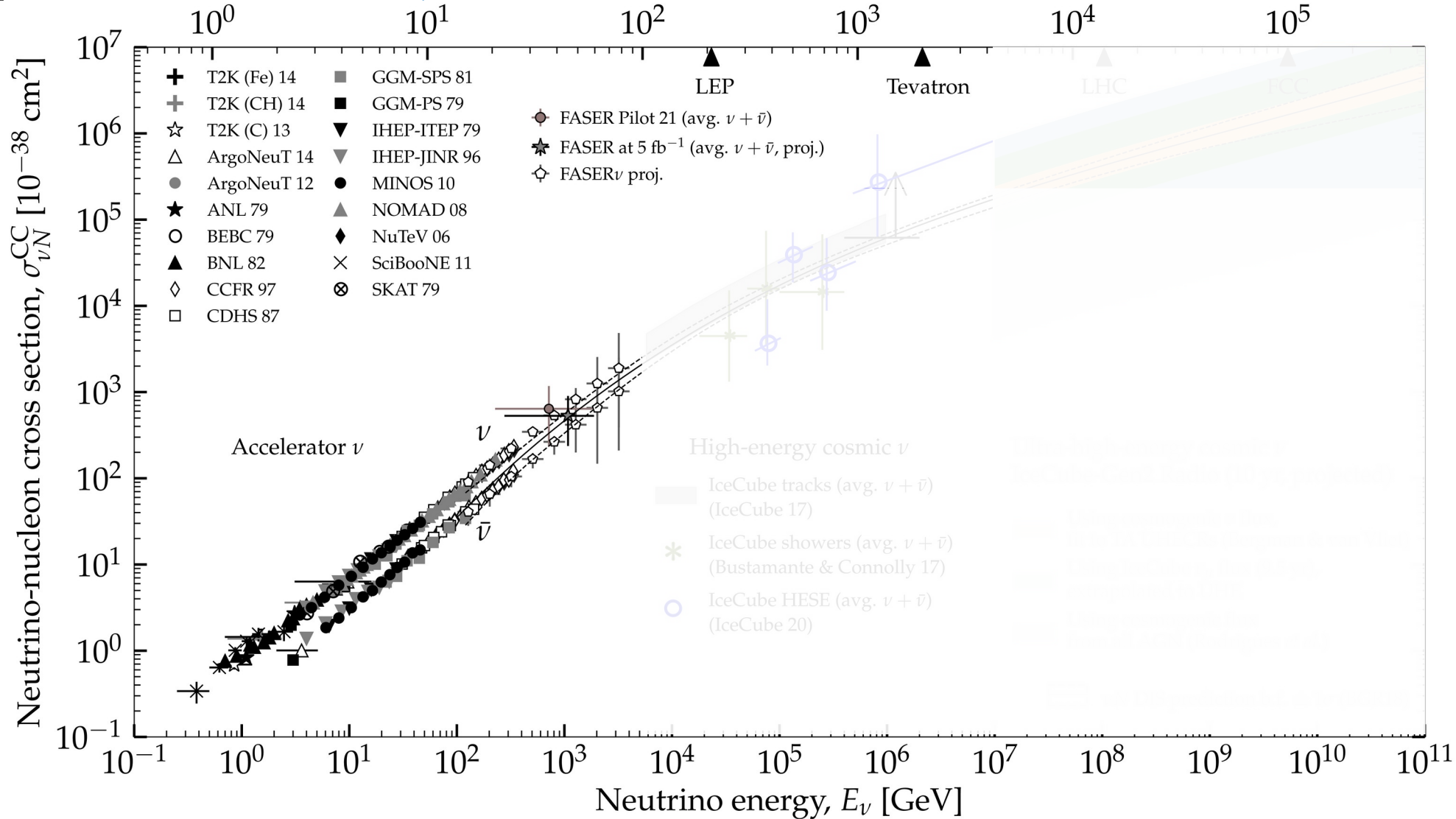
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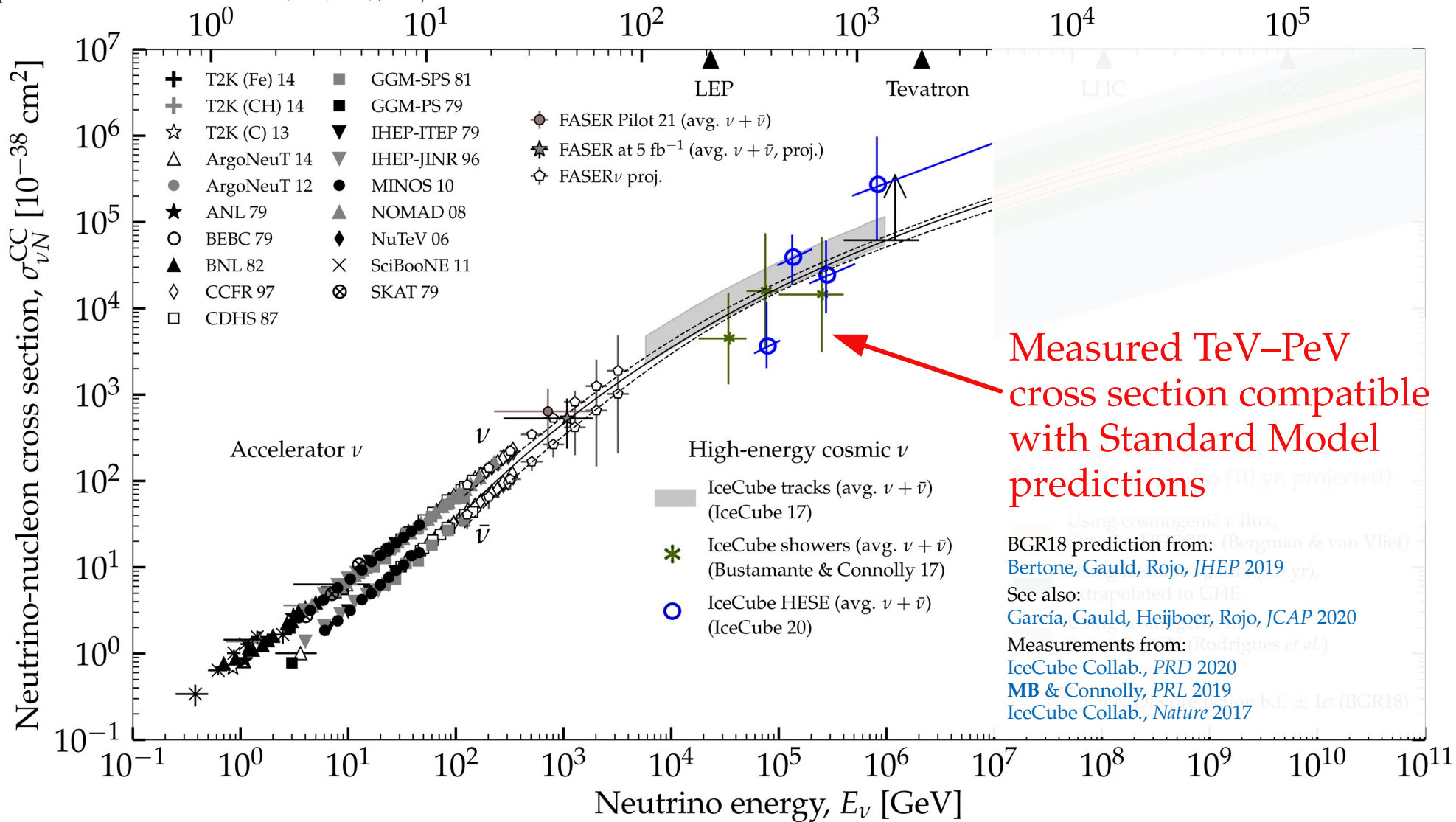


Center-of-mass energy \sqrt{s} [GeV]

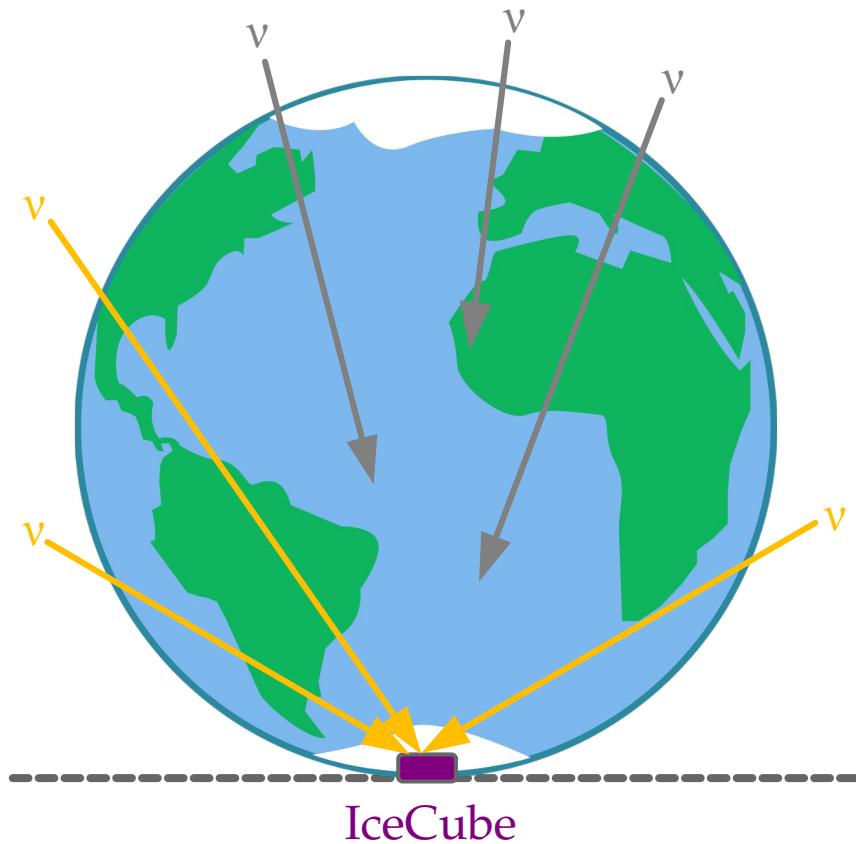


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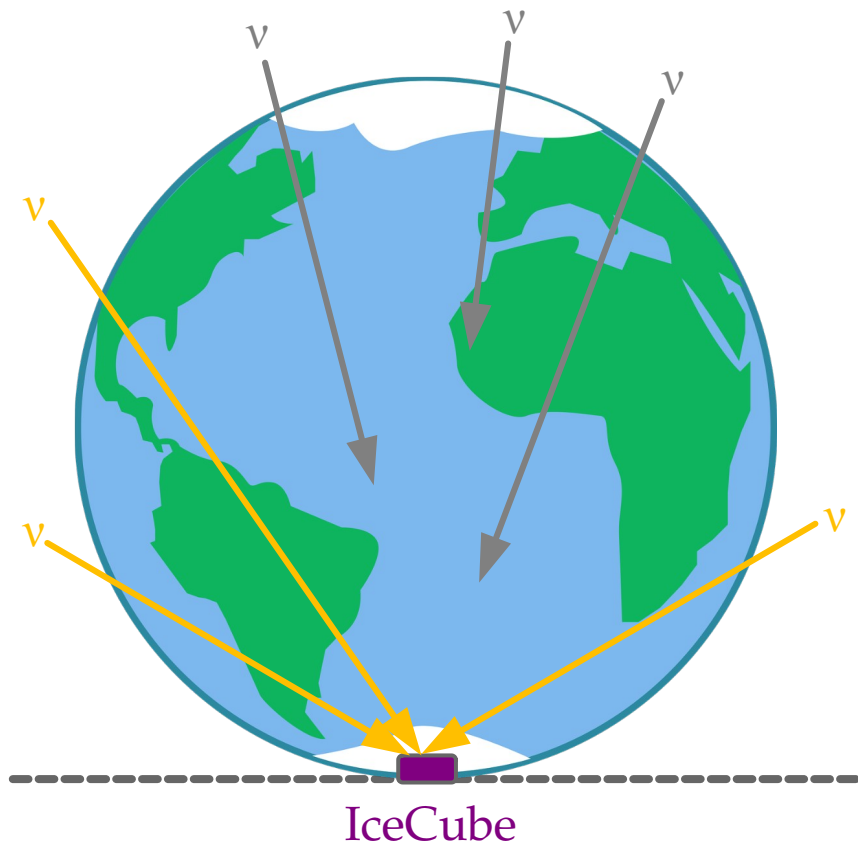


TeV–PeV:



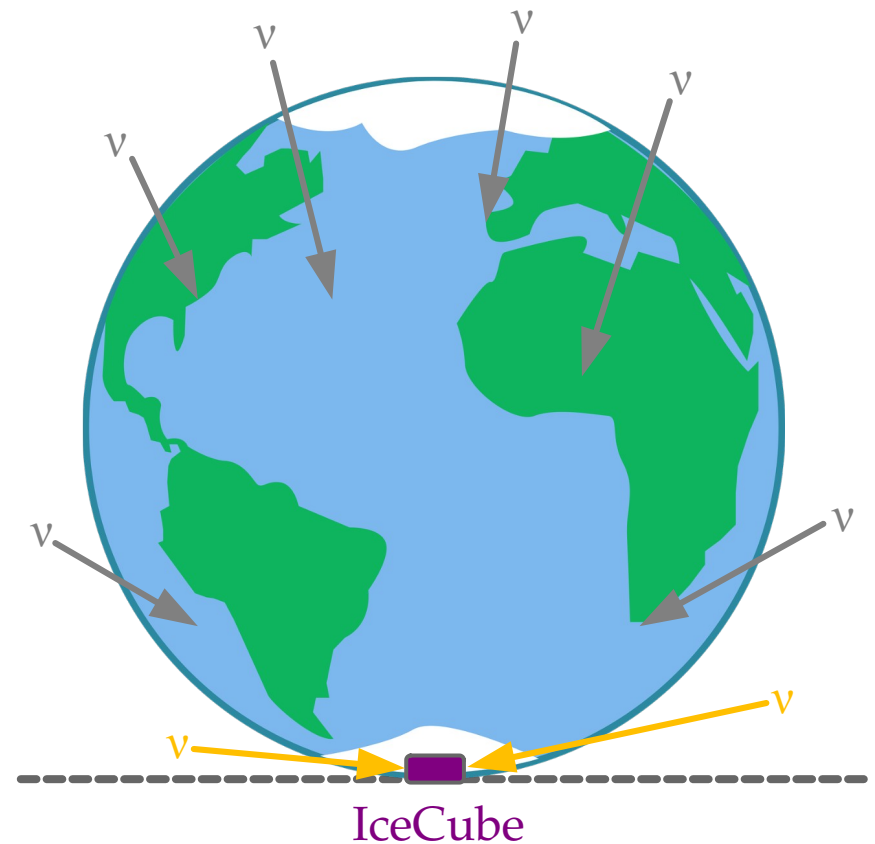
Earth is *almost fully* opaque,
some upgoing ν still make it through

TeV–PeV:

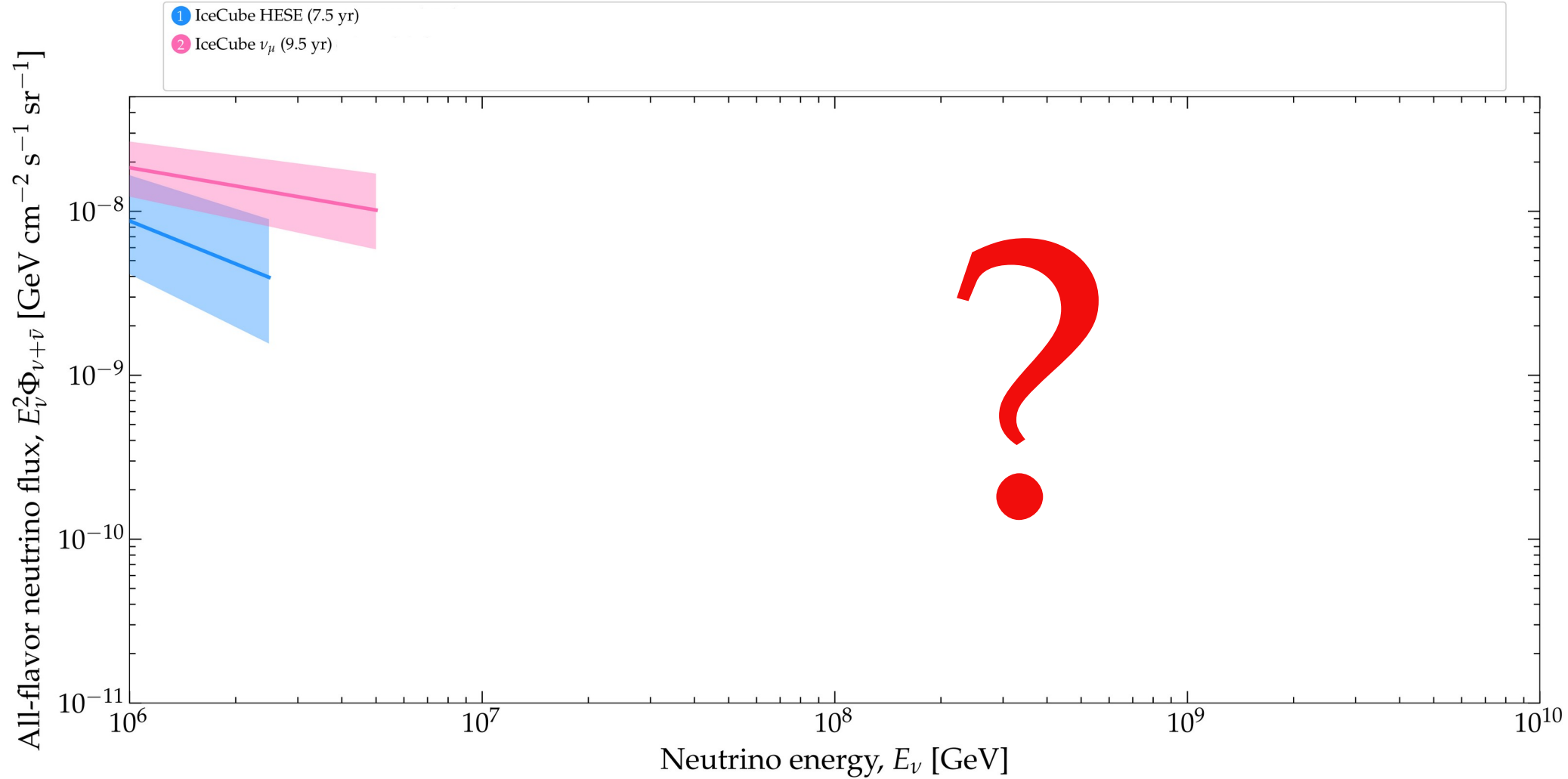


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some upgoing ν still make it through

> 100 PeV:

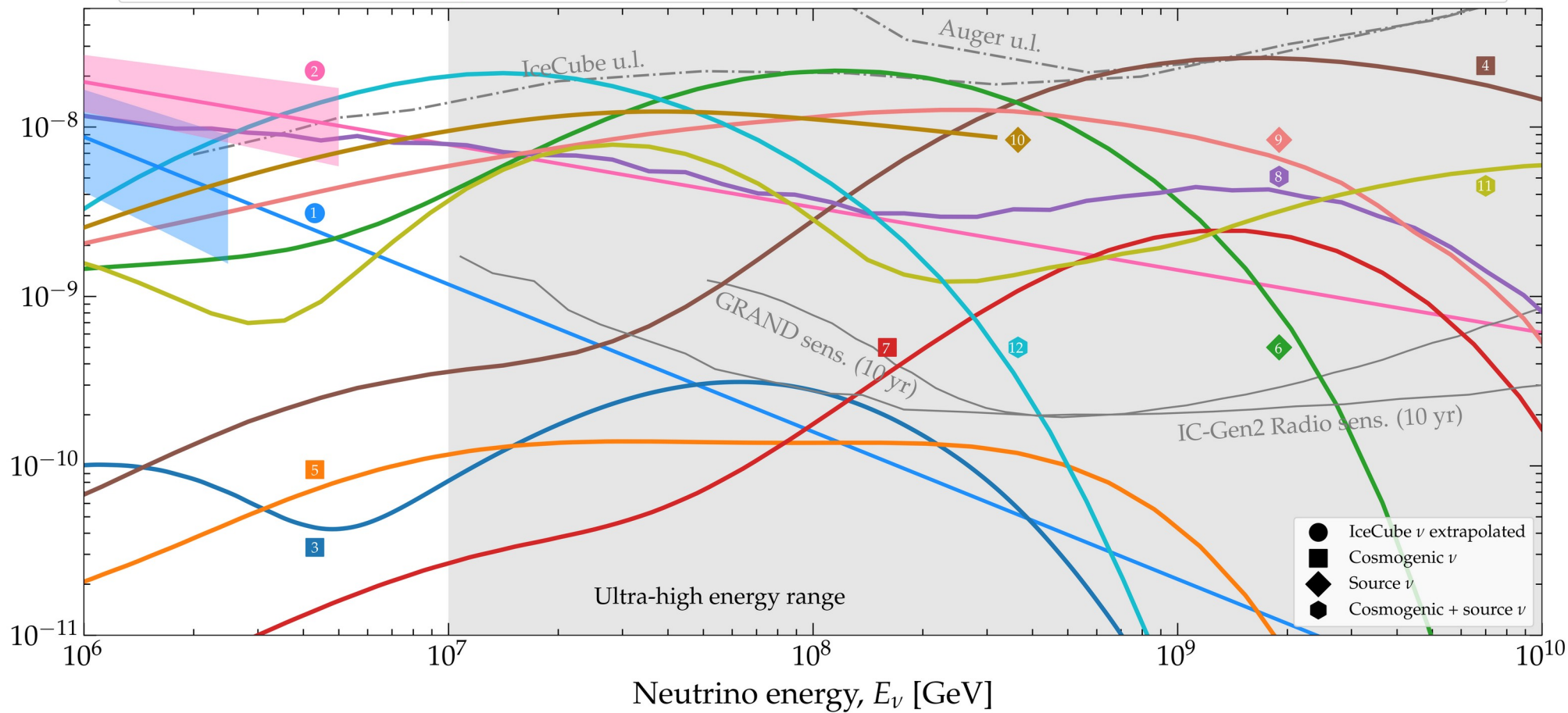


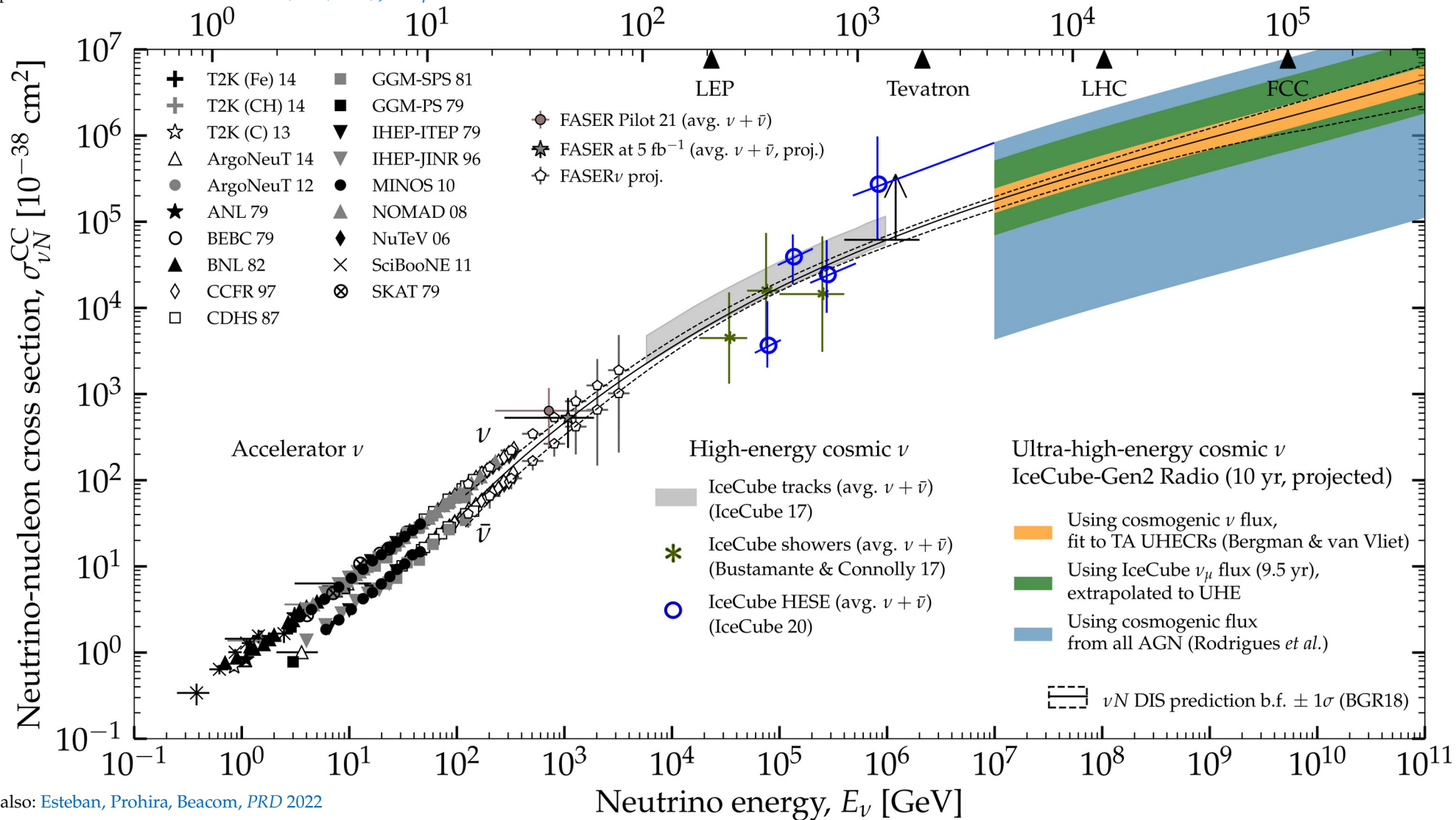
Earth is *completely* opaque,
but horizontal ν still make it through

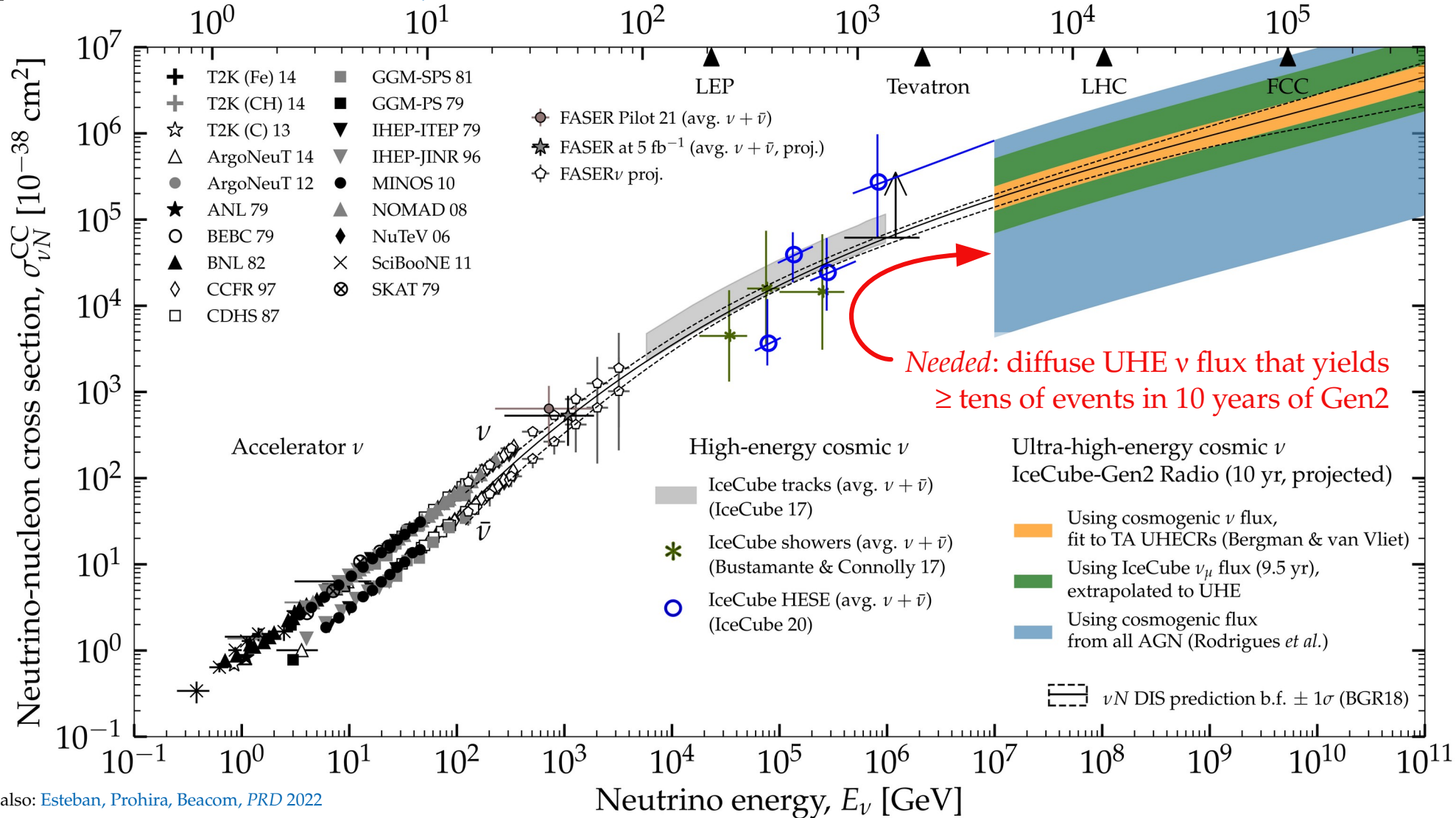


All-flavor neutrino flux, $E_\nu^2 \Phi_{\nu+\bar{\nu}}$ [$\text{GeV cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1} \text{sr}^{-1}$]

- | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| 1 IceCube HESE (7.5 yr) extrapolated | 4 Bergman & van Vliet, fit to TA UHECRs | 7 Rodrigues <i>et al.</i> , HL BL Lacs | 10 Padovani <i>et al.</i> , BL Lacs |
| 2 IceCube ν_μ (9.5 yr) extrapolated | 5 Rodrigues <i>et al.</i> , all AGN | 8 Fang & Murase, cosmic-ray reservoirs | 11 Muzio <i>et al.</i> , maximum extra p component |
| 3 Heinze <i>et al.</i> , fit to Auger UHECRs | 6 Rodrigues <i>et al.</i> , all AGN | 9 Fang <i>et al.</i> , newborn pulsars | 12 Muzio <i>et al.</i> , fit to Auger & IceCube |



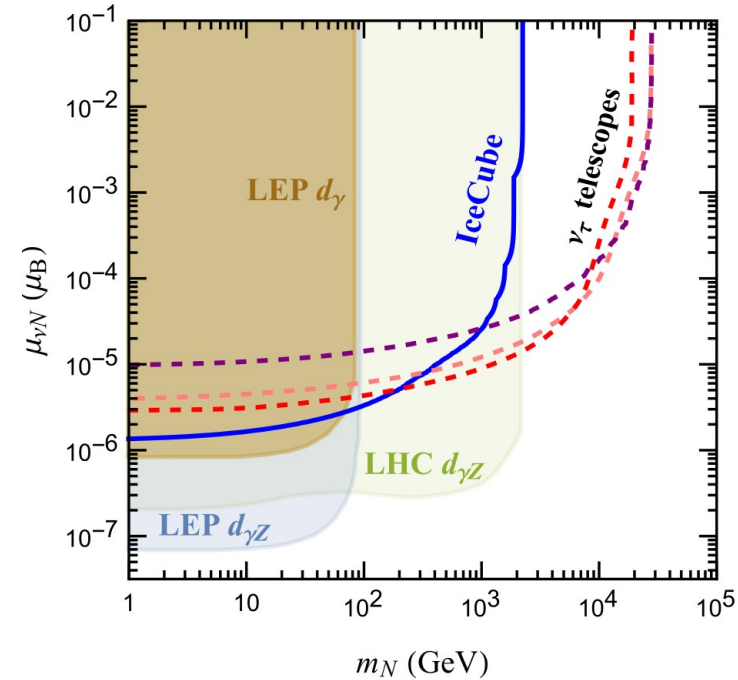
Center-of-mass energy \sqrt{s} [GeV]

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New physics in the UHE νN cross section

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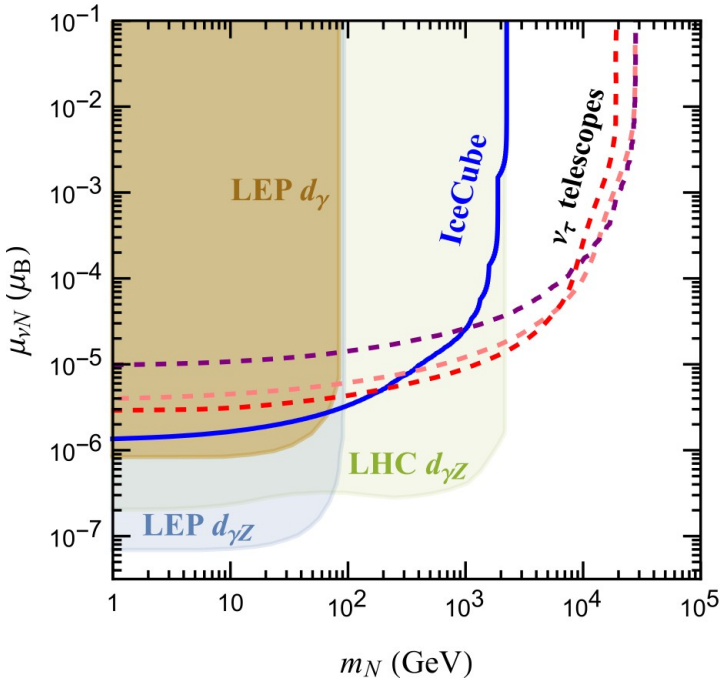
Heavy sterile neutrinos
via the dipole portal



Huang, Jana, Lindner, Rodejohann, 2204.10347

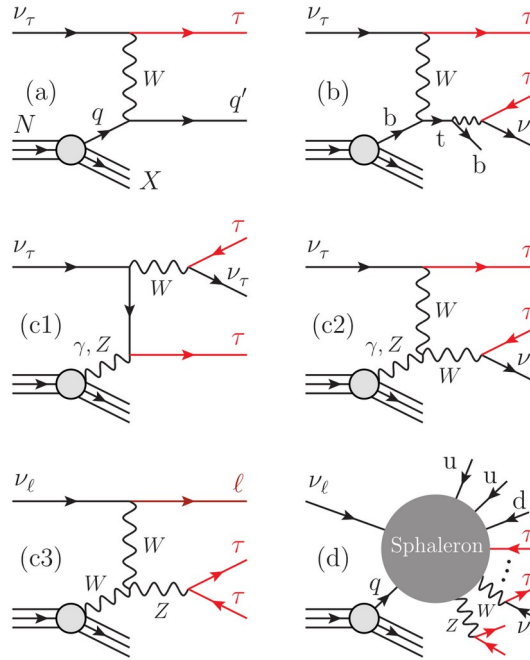
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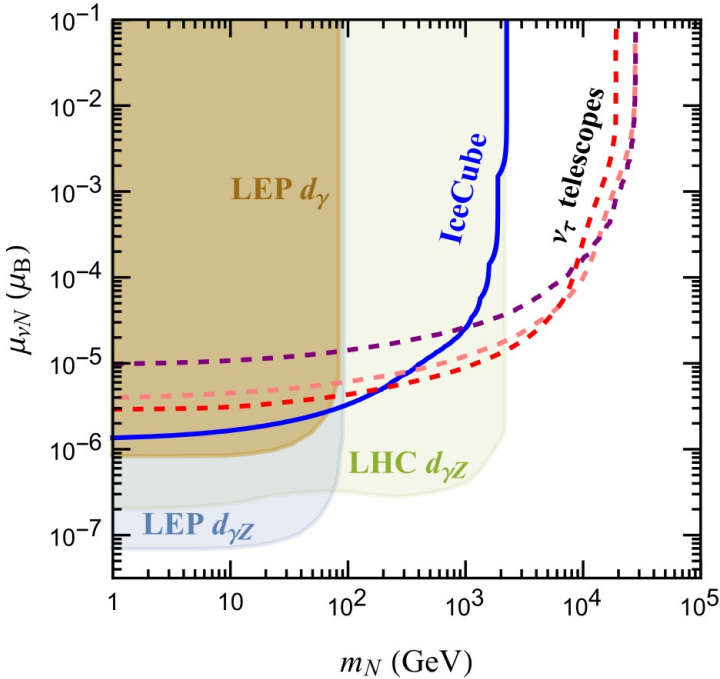
Multiple ν_τ -induced
bangs



Huang, EPJC 2022 [2207.02222]

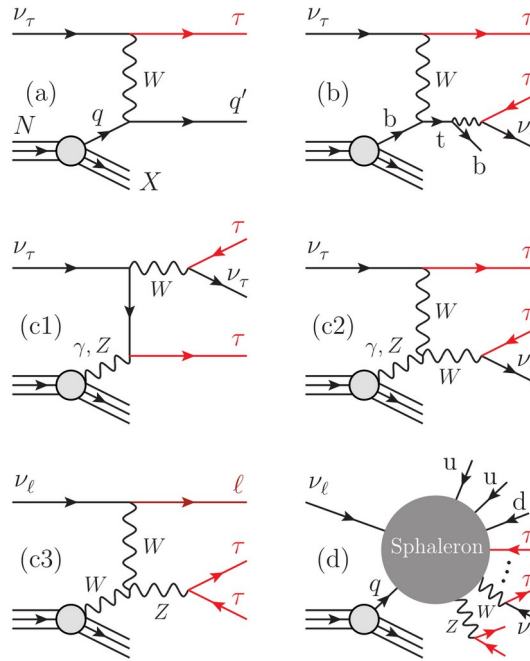
New physics in the UHE νN cross section

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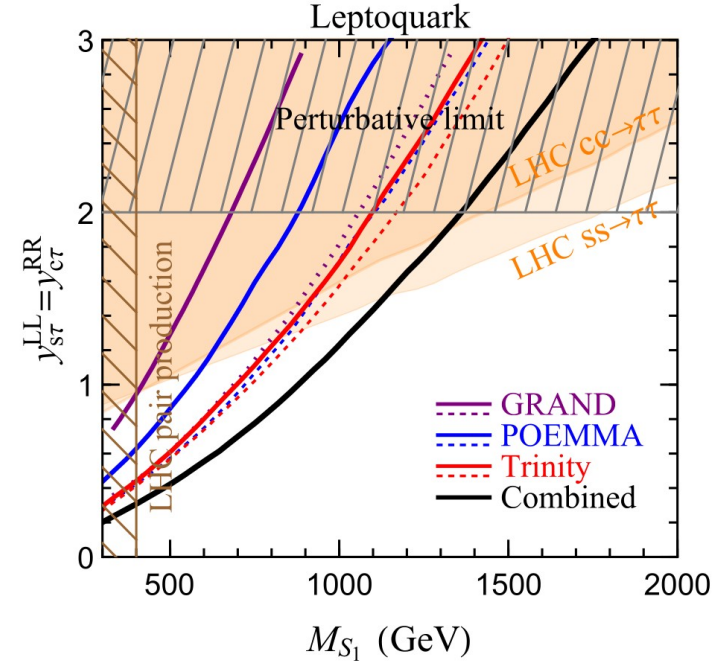
Huang, Jana, Lindner, Rodejohann, 2204.10347

Multiple ν_τ -induced
bangs



Huang, EPJC 2022 [2207.02222]

Leptoquarks,
charged Higgs, etc.



Huang, Jana, Lindner, Rodejohann, JCAP 2022 [2112.09476]

So...

How it started

How it's going

10–20 years from now



How it started

How it's going

10–20 years from now

First predictions of high-energy cosmic ν



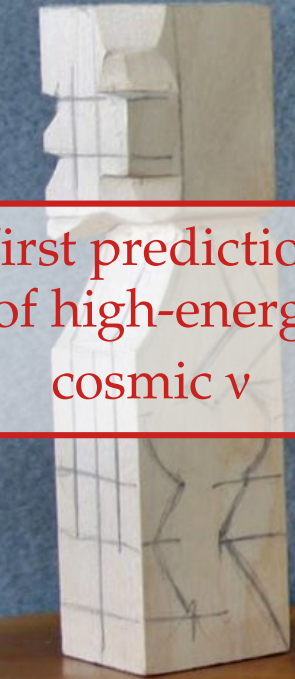
How it started

How it's going

10–20 years from now

First predictions of high-energy cosmic ν

PeV ν discovered



How it started

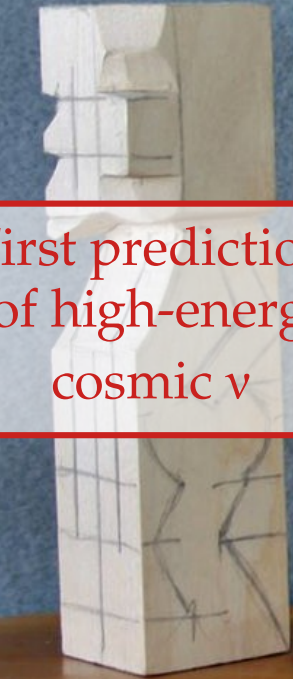
How it's going

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First predictions of high-energy cosmic ν

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Hints of sources
First tests of ν physics



How it started

How it's going

10–20 years from now

First predictions of high-energy cosmic ν

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Hints of sources
First tests of ν physics

EeV ν discovered
Precision tests with PeV ν
First tests with EeV ν

How it started

How it's going

10–20 years from now

First predictions of high-energy cosmic ν

PeV ν discovered

Hints of sources
First tests of ν physics

How do we get there?

EeV ν discovered
Precision tests with PeV ν
First tests with EeV ν

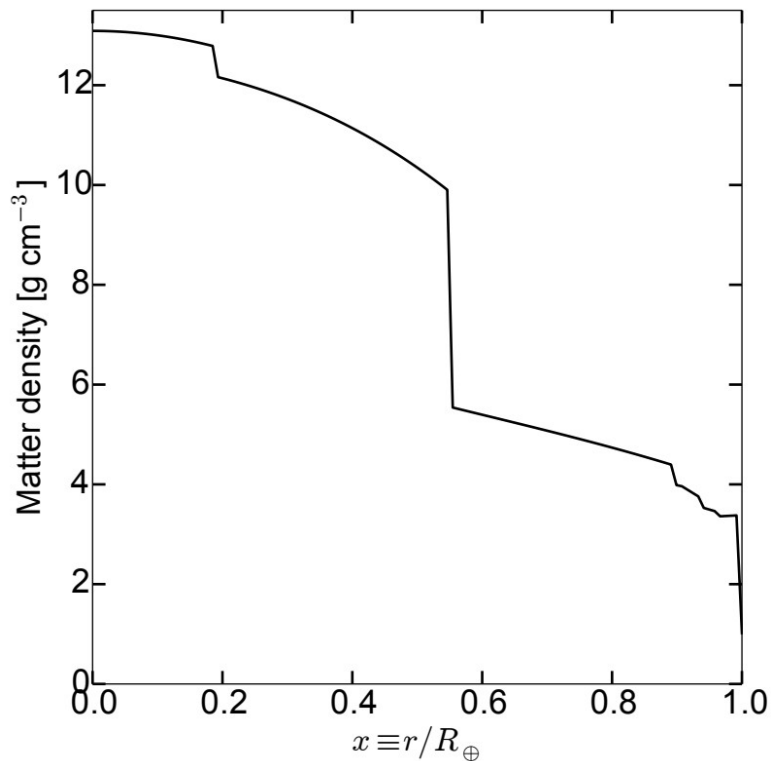
Thanks!

Backup slides

A feel for the in-Earth attenuation

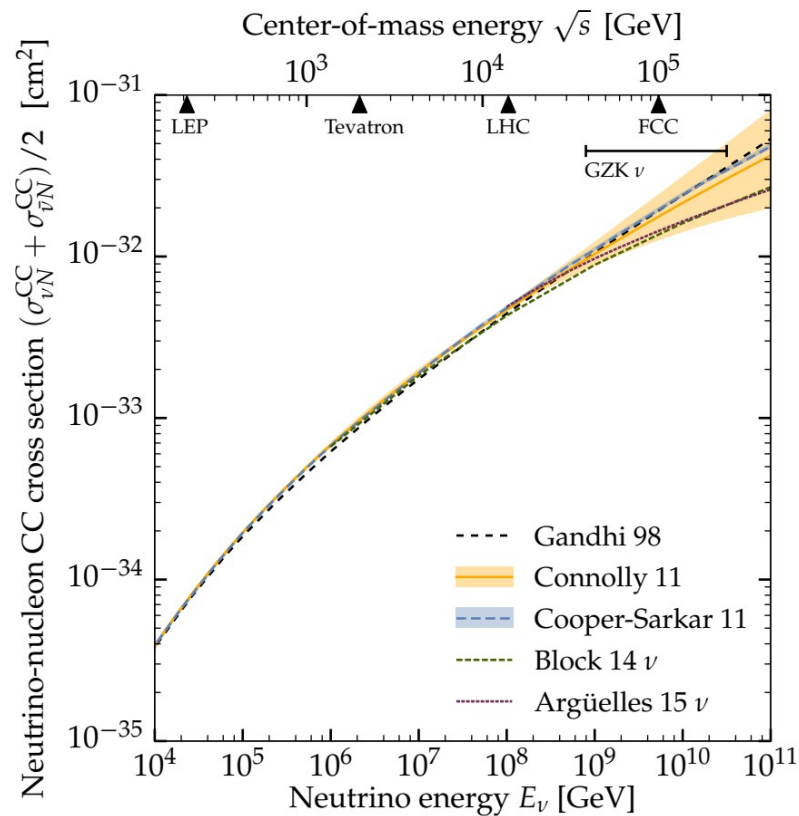
Earth matter density

(Preliminary Reference Earth Model)

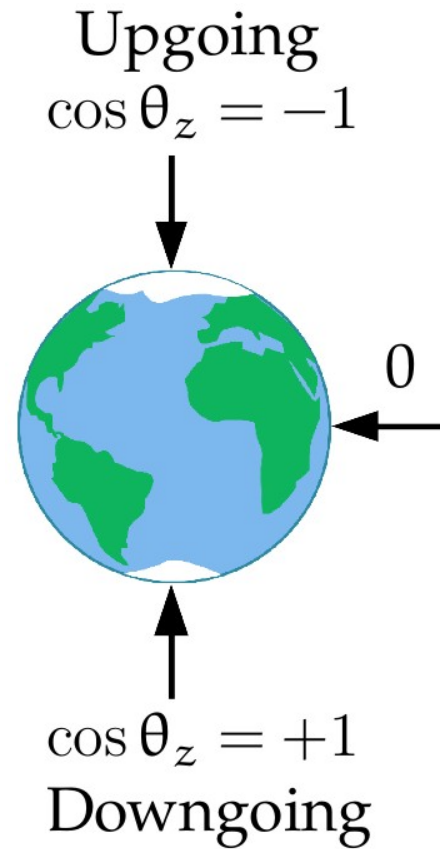
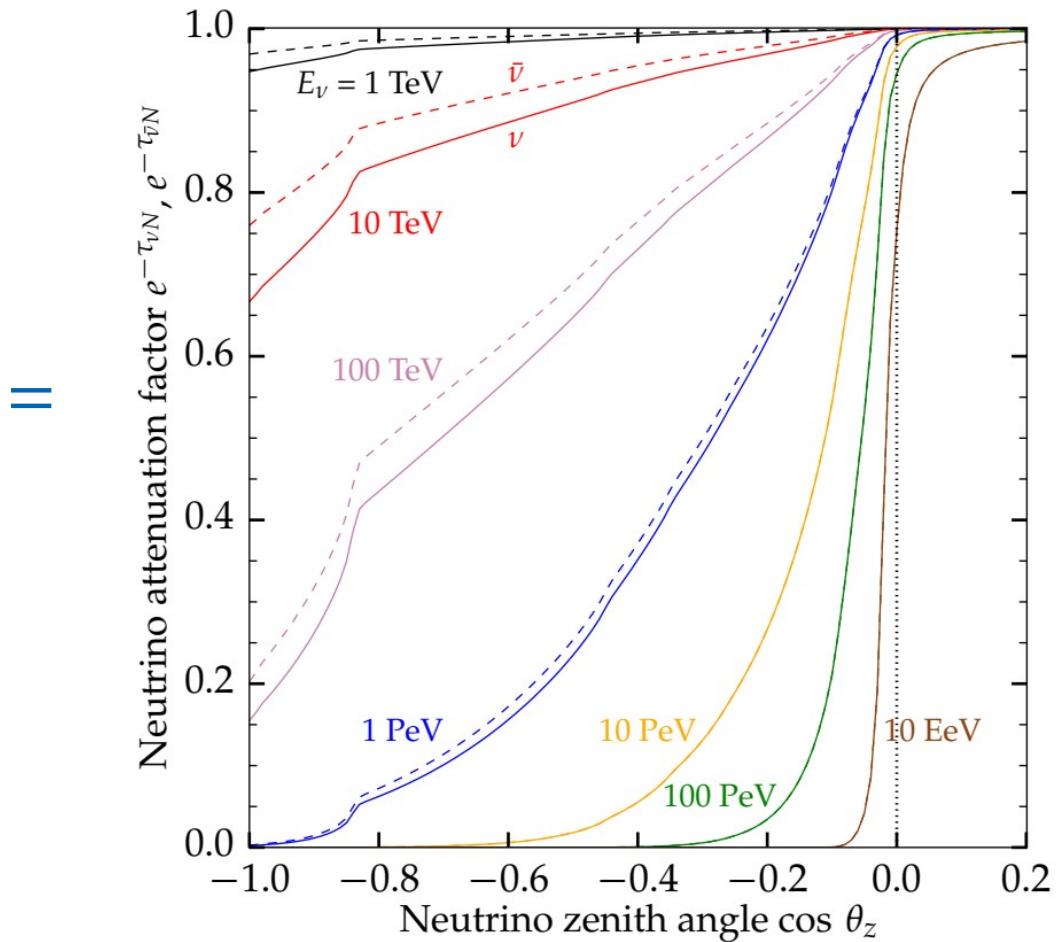


+

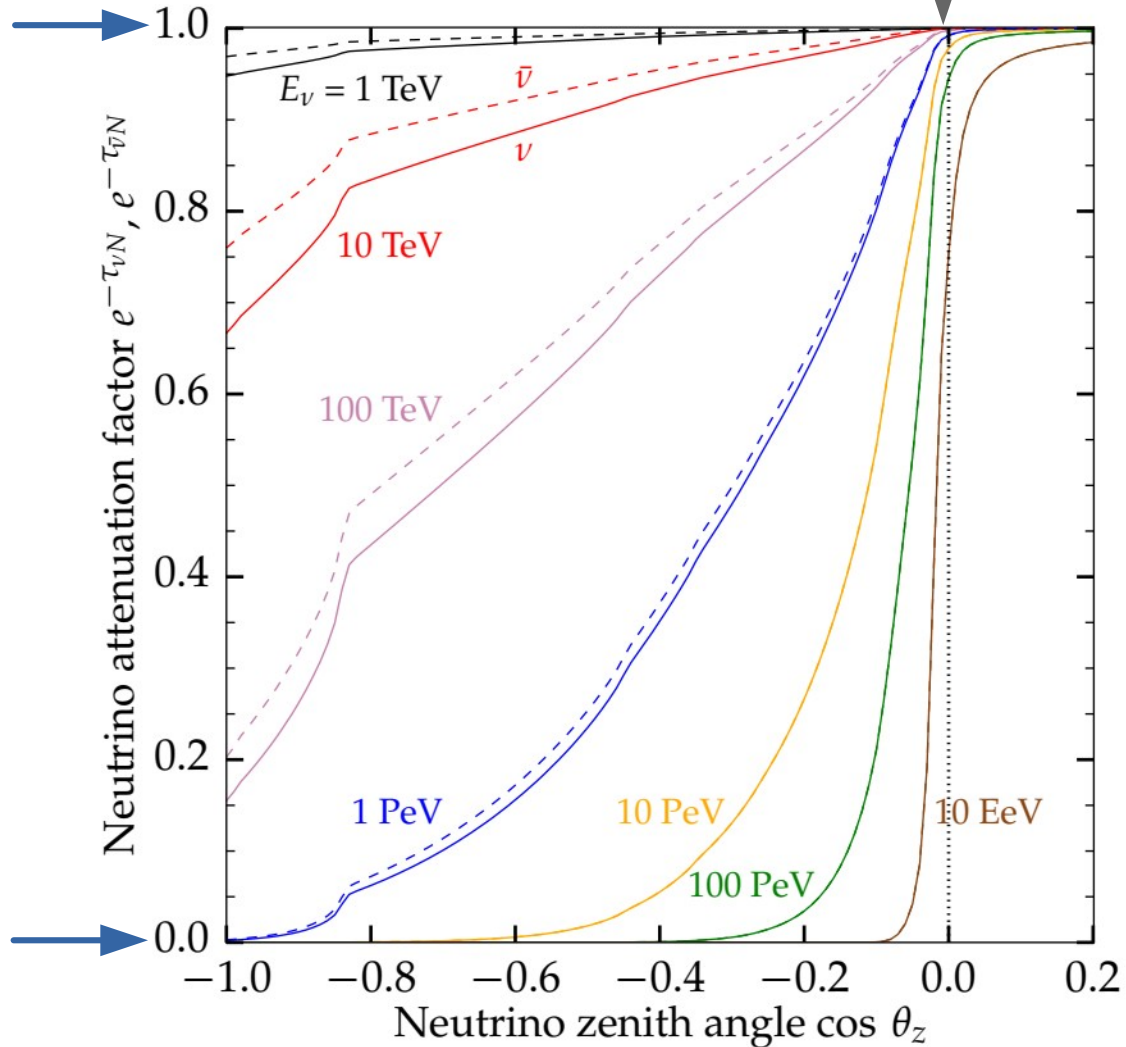
Neutrino-nucleon cross section



A feel for the in-Earth attenuation

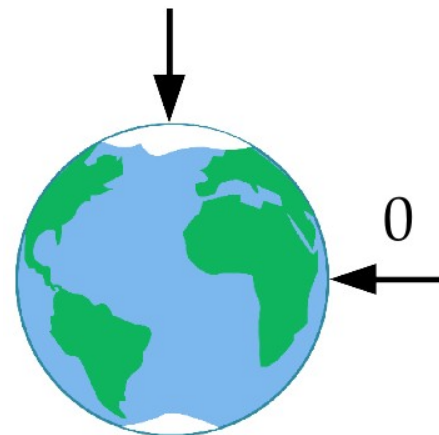


No
attenuation



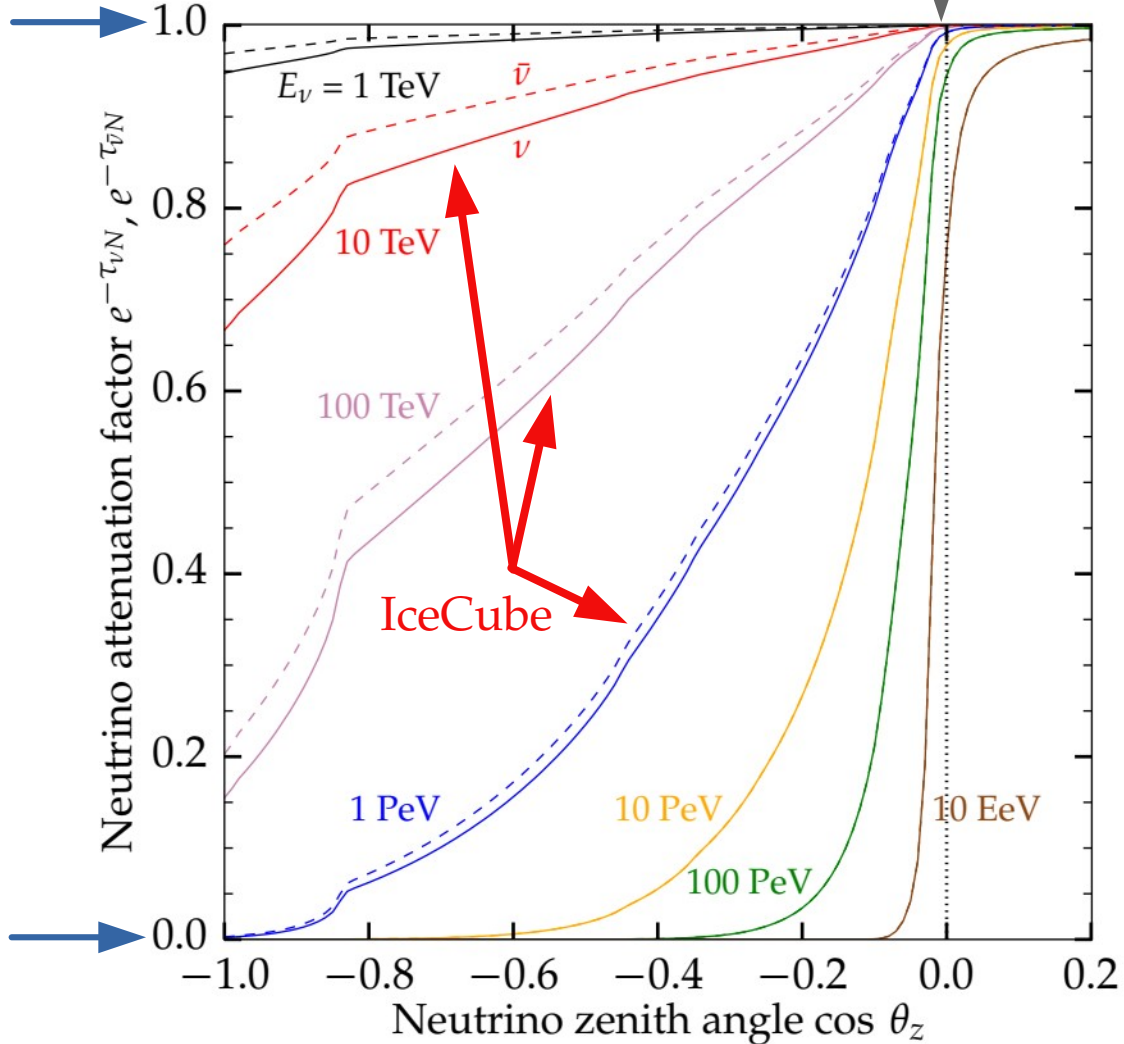
Full
attenuation

Upgoing
 $\cos \theta_z = -1$



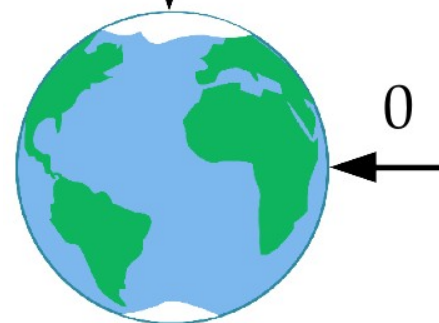
$\cos \theta_z = +1$
Downgoing

No
attenuation

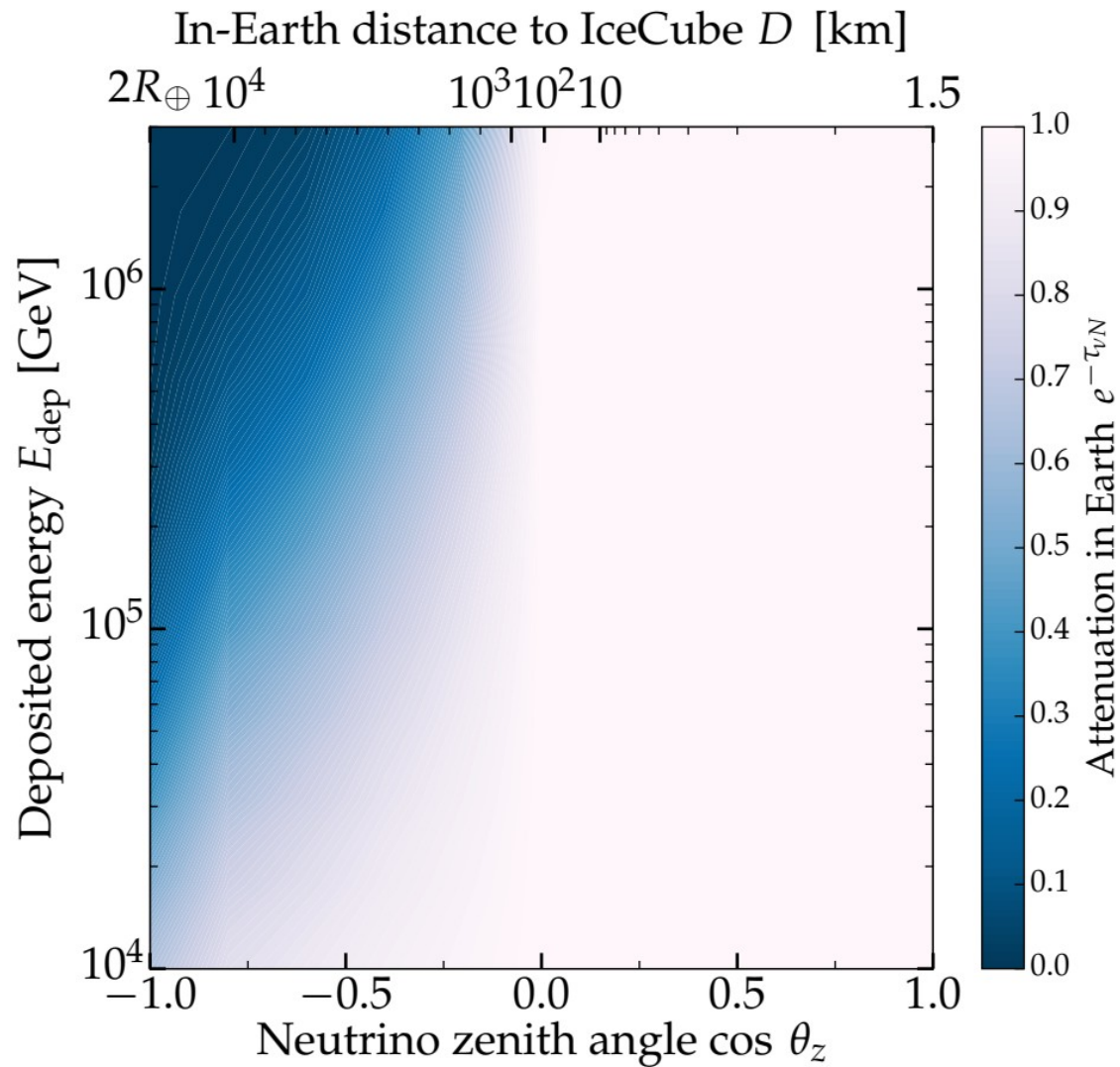


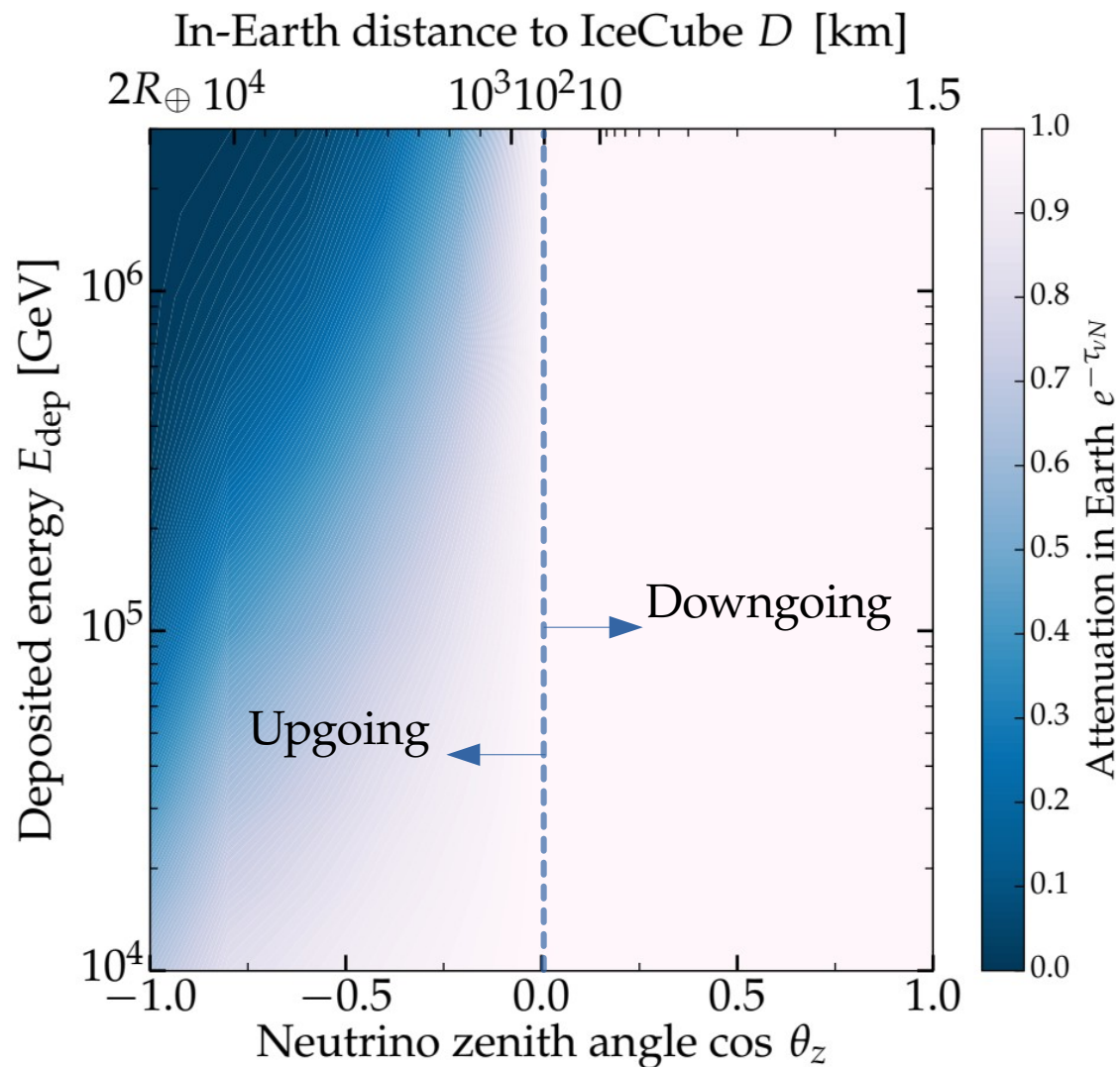
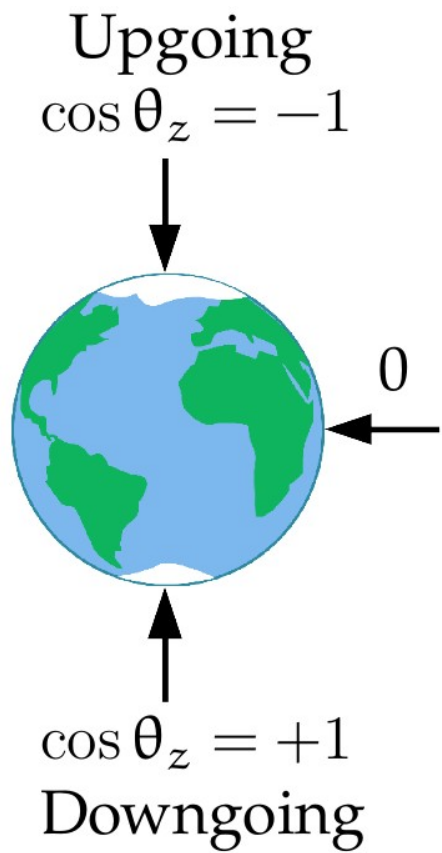
Full
attenuation

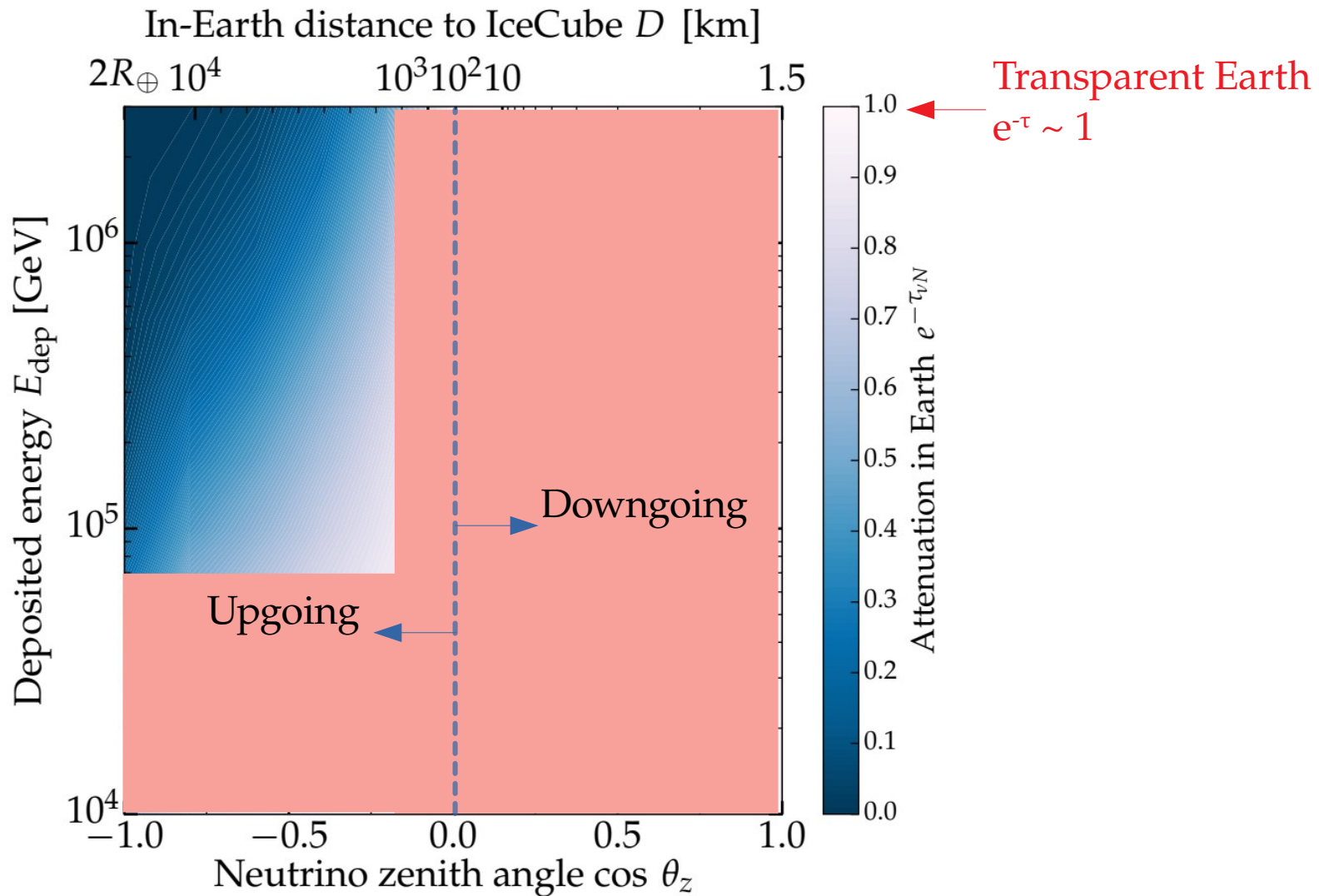
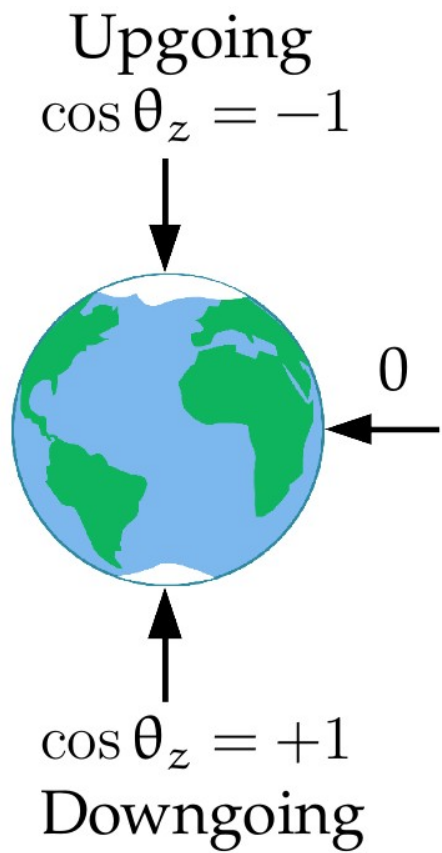
Upgoing
 $\cos \theta_z = -1$

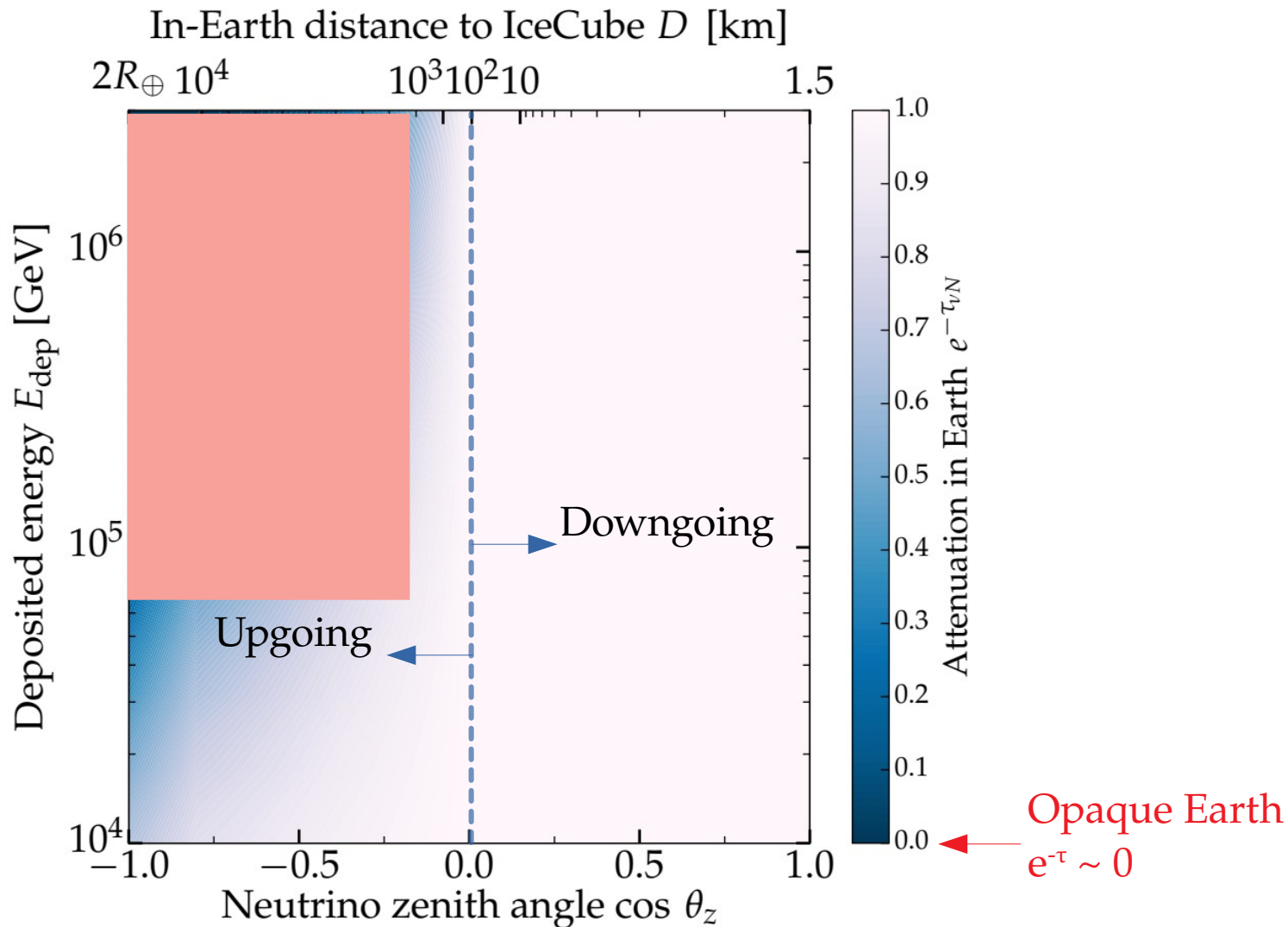
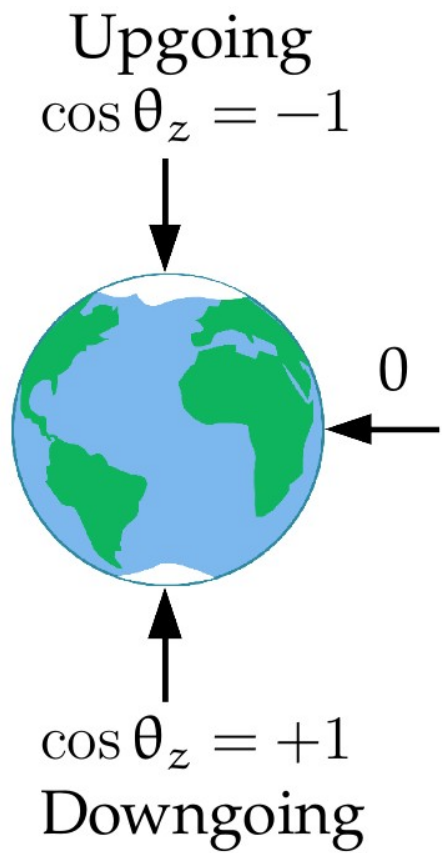


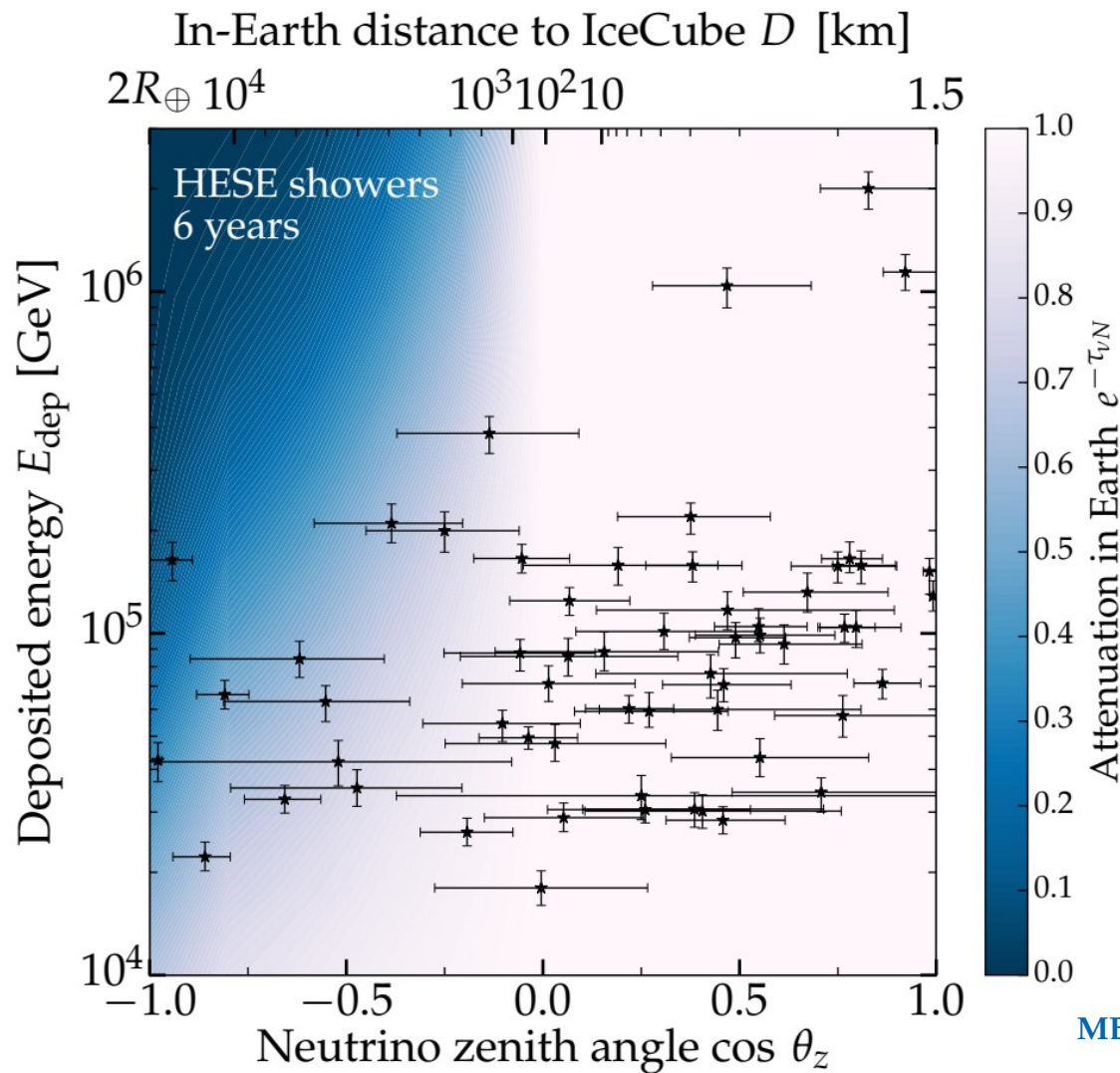
$\cos \theta_z = +1$
Downgoing

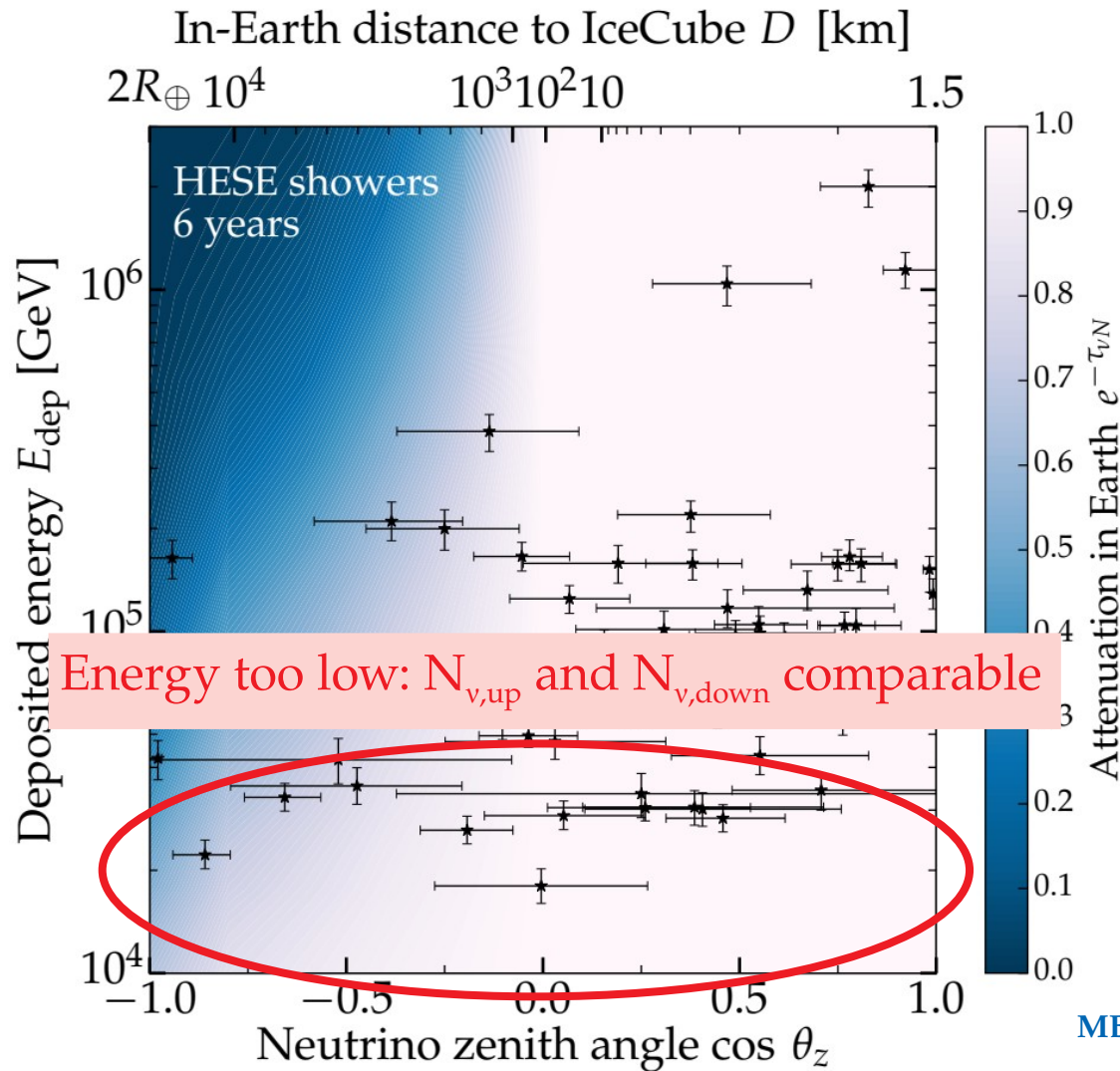


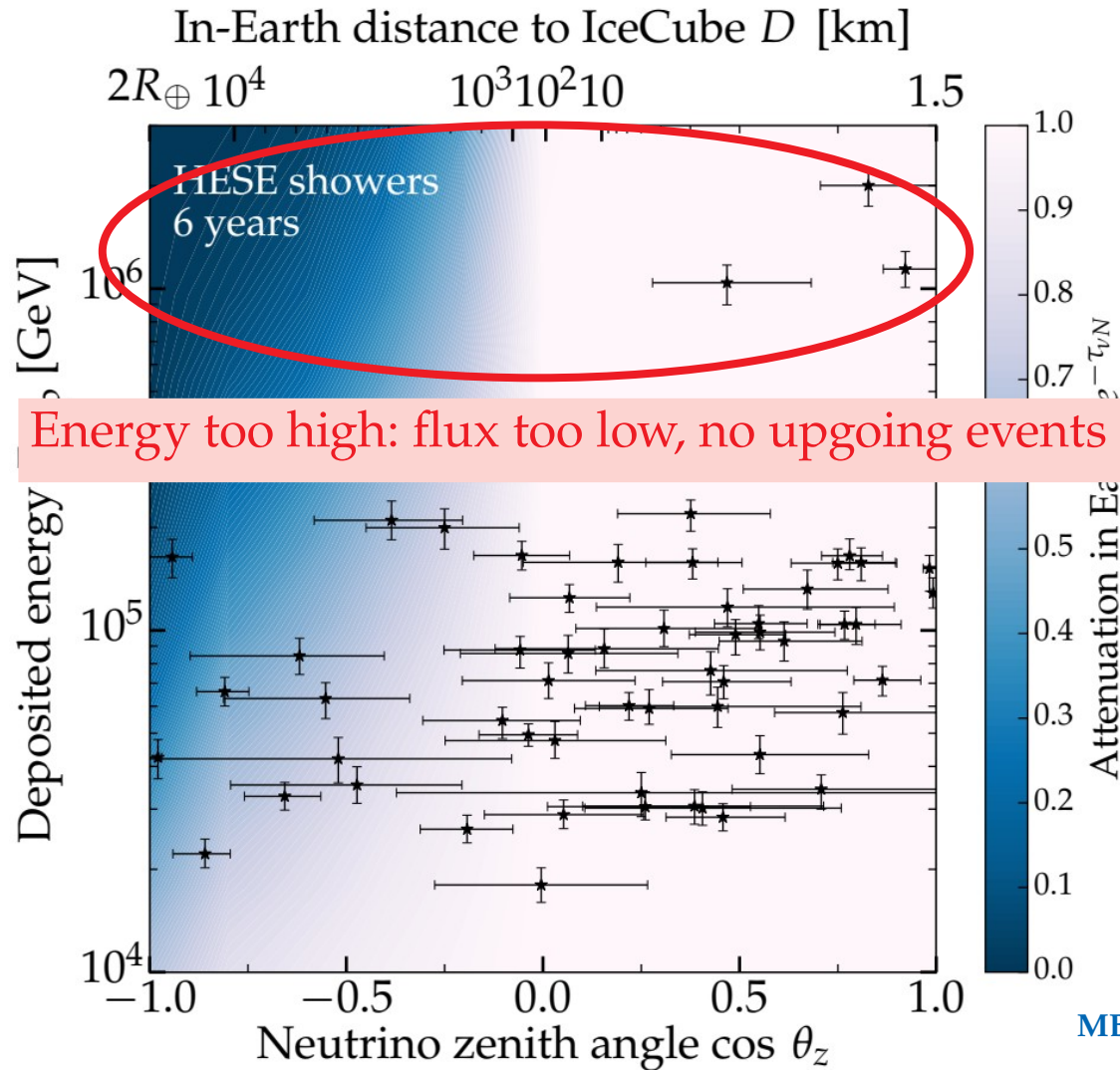


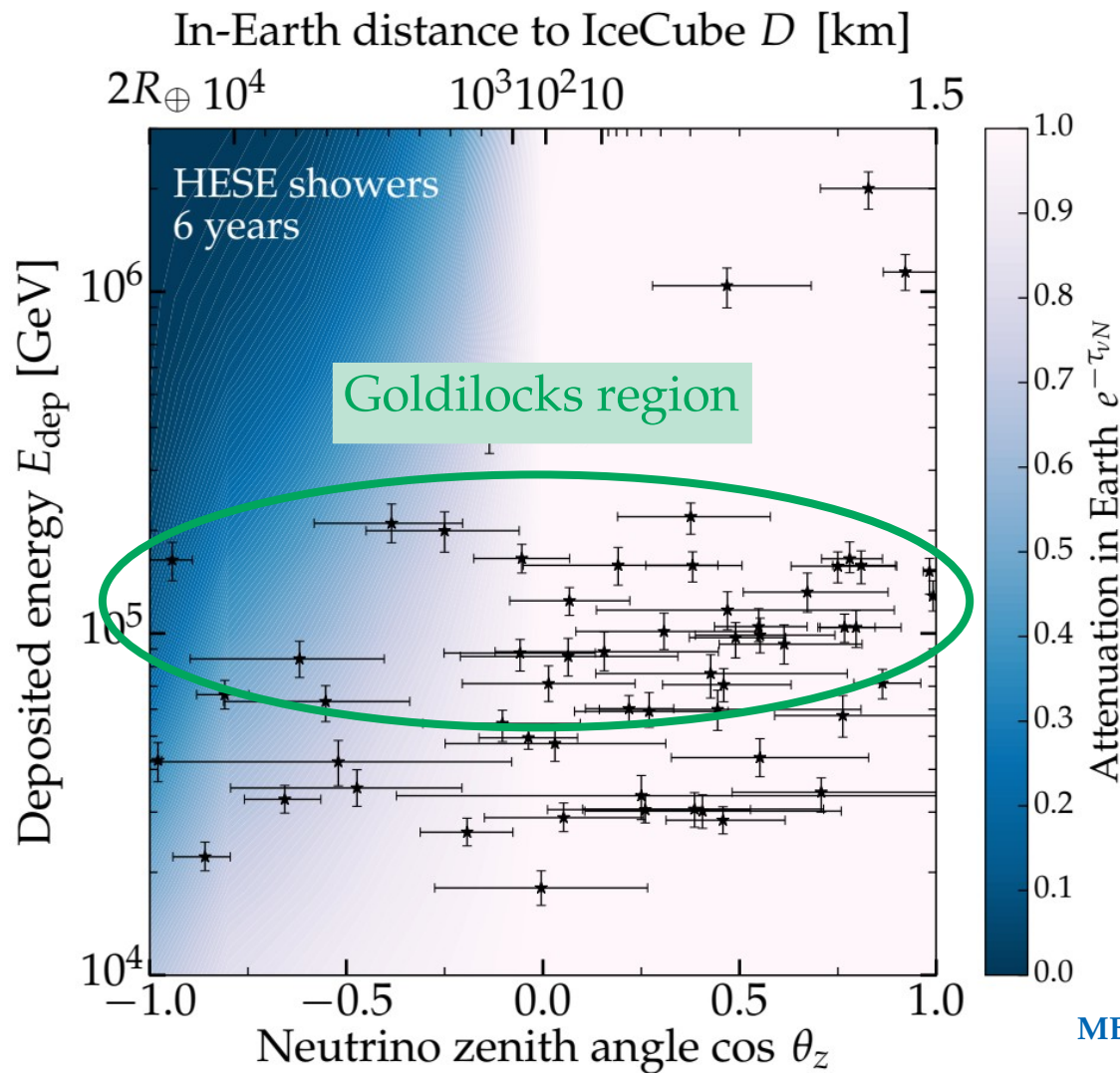




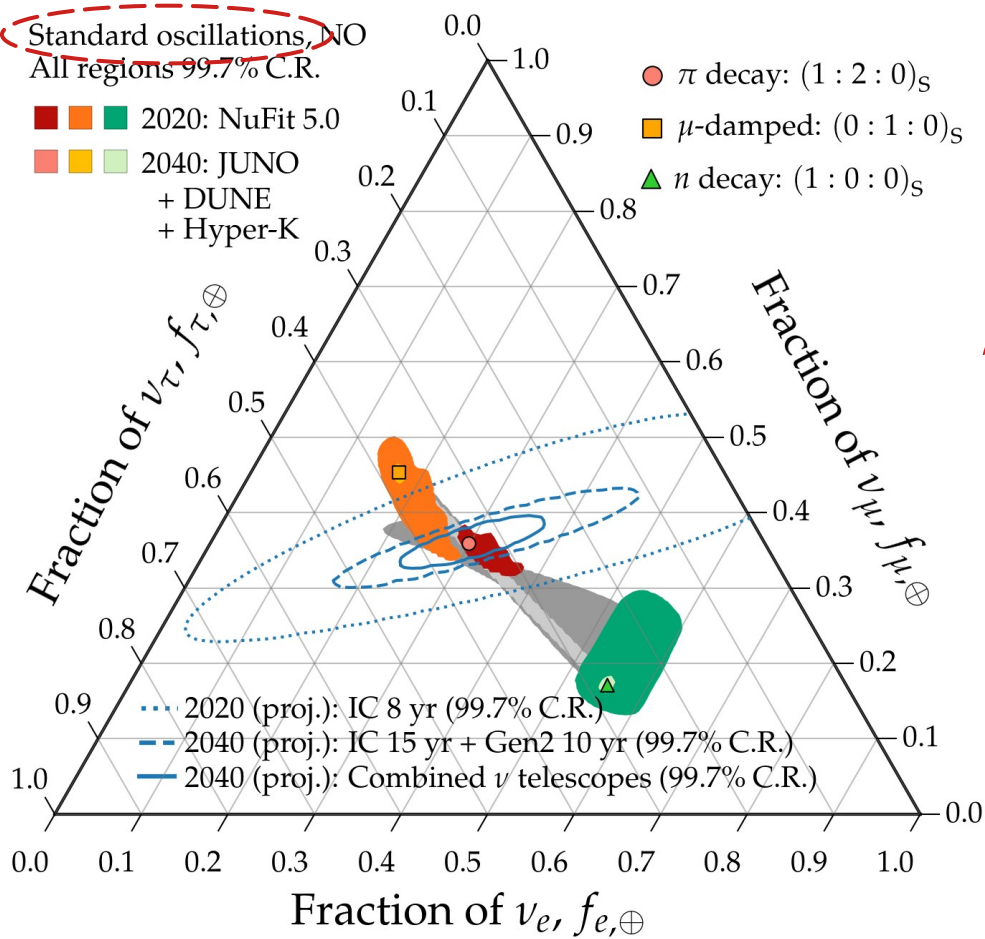




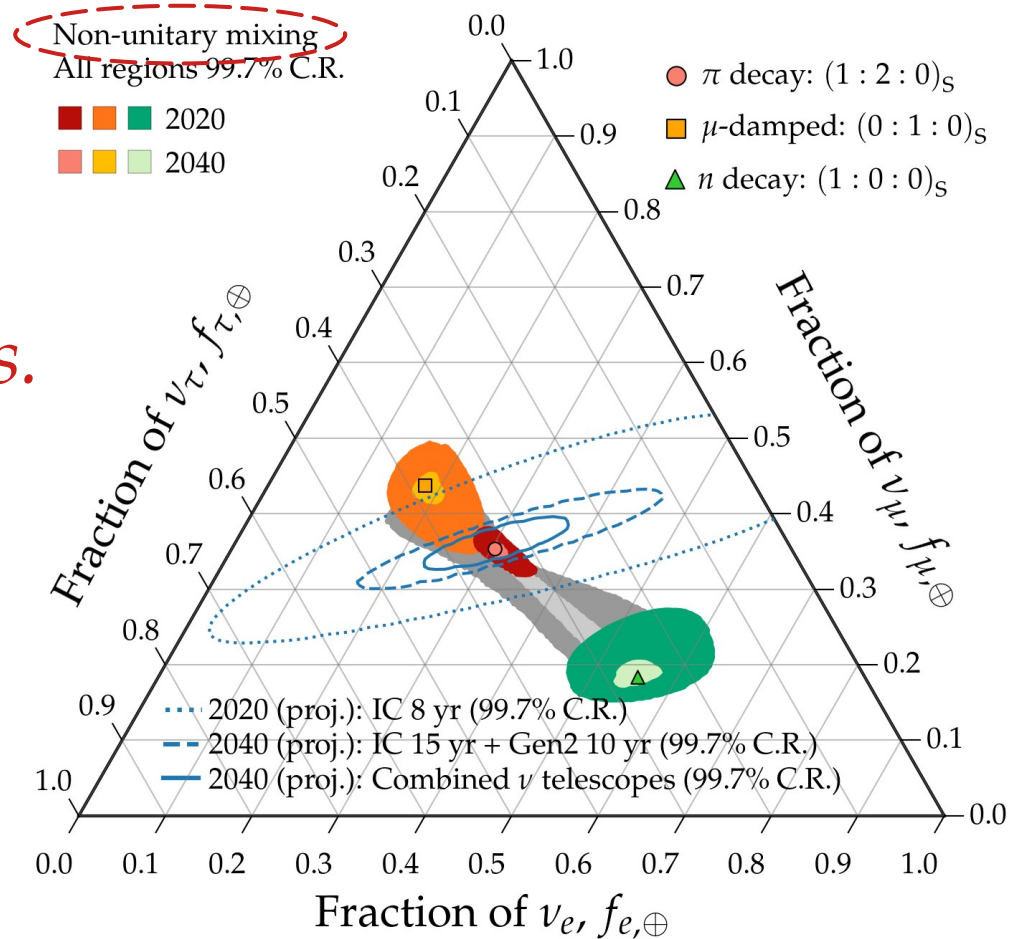




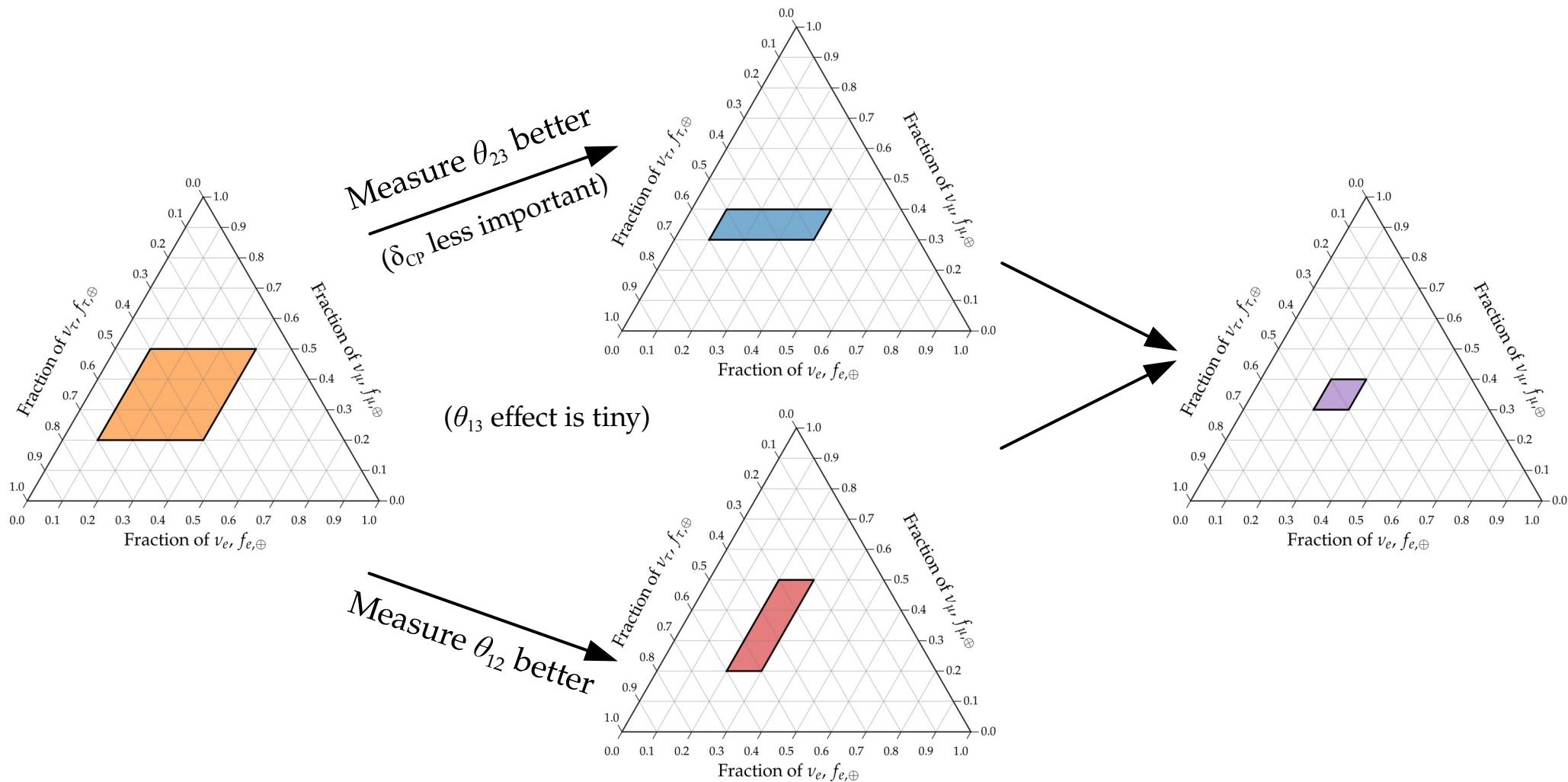
No unitarity? No problem



vs.



How knowing the mixing parameters better helps



What does neutrino decay change?

Flavor composition



Spectrum shape



Event rate

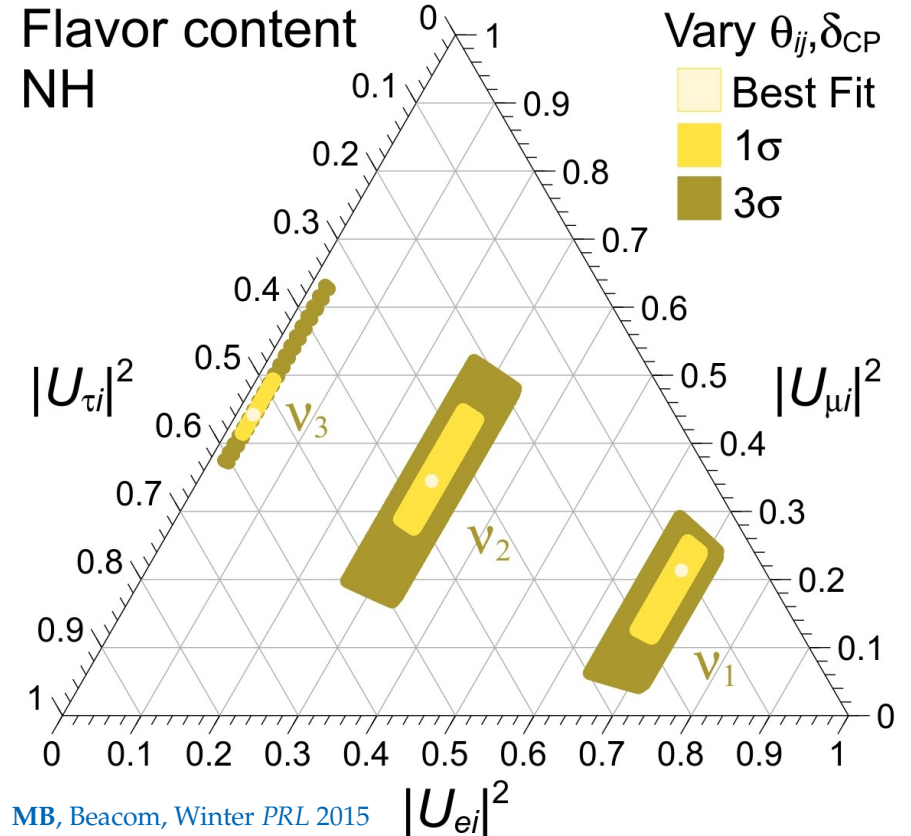
Flavor content of mass eigenstates:

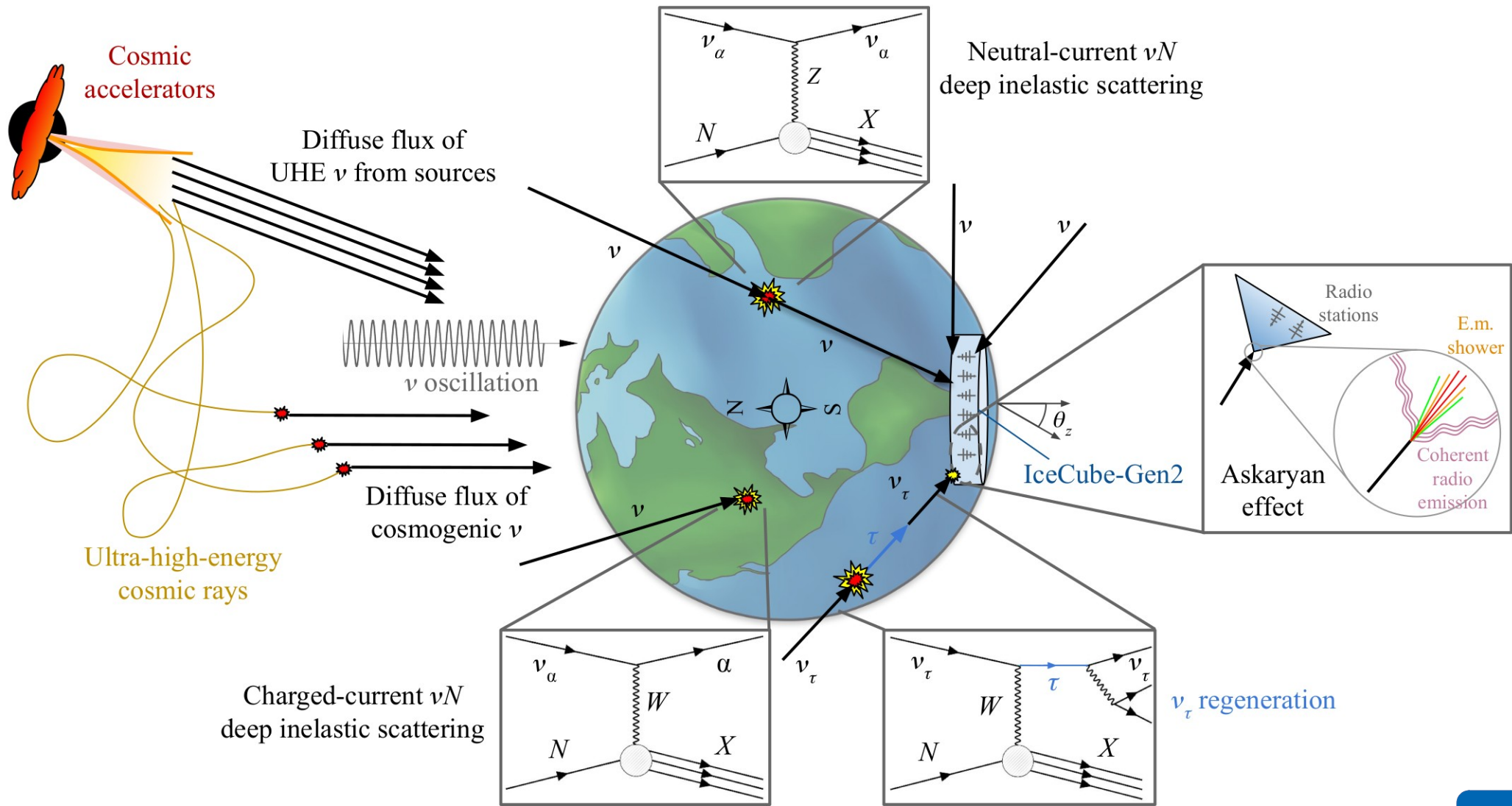
Known to within 2%

$$|U_{\alpha i}|^2 = |U_{\alpha i}(\theta_{12}, \theta_{23}, \theta_{13}, \delta_{CP})|^2$$

Known to within 8%

Known to within 20%
(or worse)





3. Flavor:

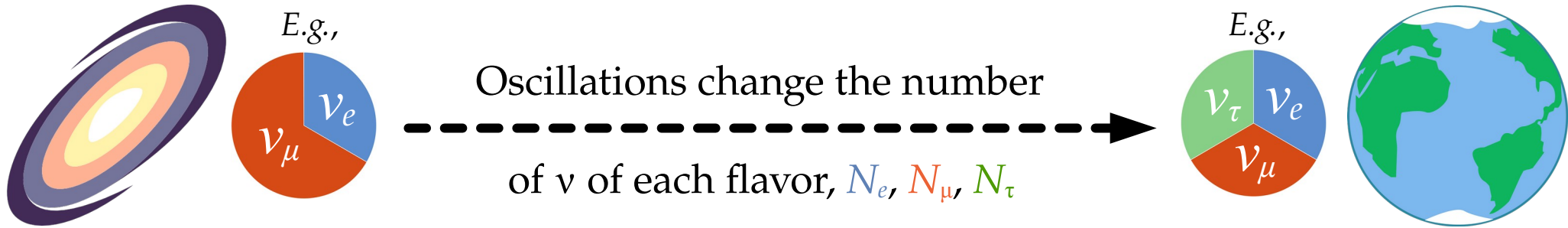
Towards precision, finally

(with the help of lower-energy experiments)

Astrophysical sources

Earth

Up to a few Gpc



Different production mechanisms yield different flavor ratios:

$$(f_{e,S}, f_{\mu,S}, f_{\tau,S}) \equiv (N_{e,S}, N_{\mu,S}, N_{\tau,S}) / N_{\text{tot}}$$

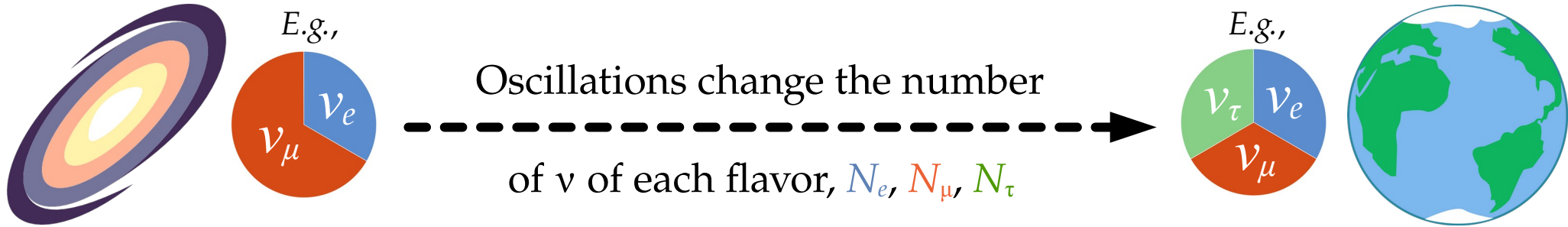
Flavor ratios at Earth ($\alpha = e, \mu, \tau$):

$$f_{\alpha,\oplus} = \sum_{\beta=e,\mu,\tau} P_{\nu_\beta \rightarrow \nu_\alpha} f_{\beta,S}$$

Astrophysical sources

Earth

Up to a few Gpc



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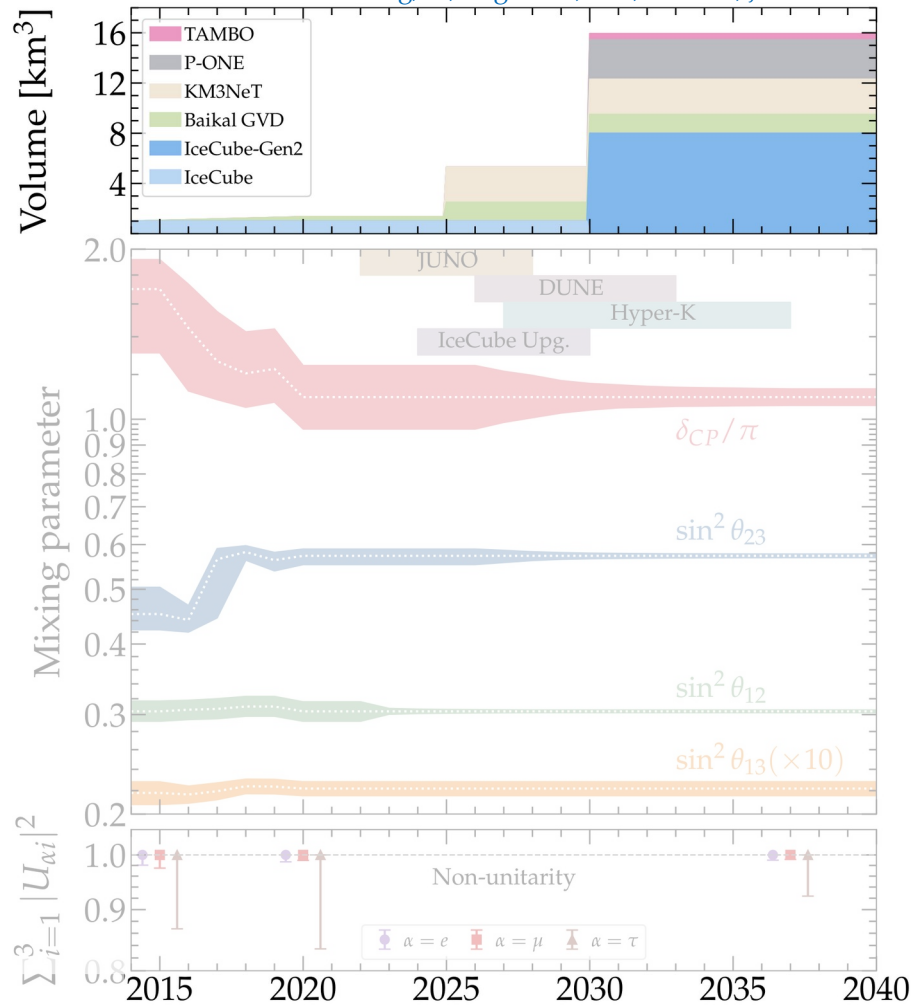
Flavor ratios at Earth ($\alpha = e, \mu, \tau$):

$$f_{\alpha,\oplus} = \sum_{\beta=e,\mu,\tau} P_{\nu\beta \rightarrow \nu\alpha} f_{\beta,S}$$

Standard oscillations
or
new physics

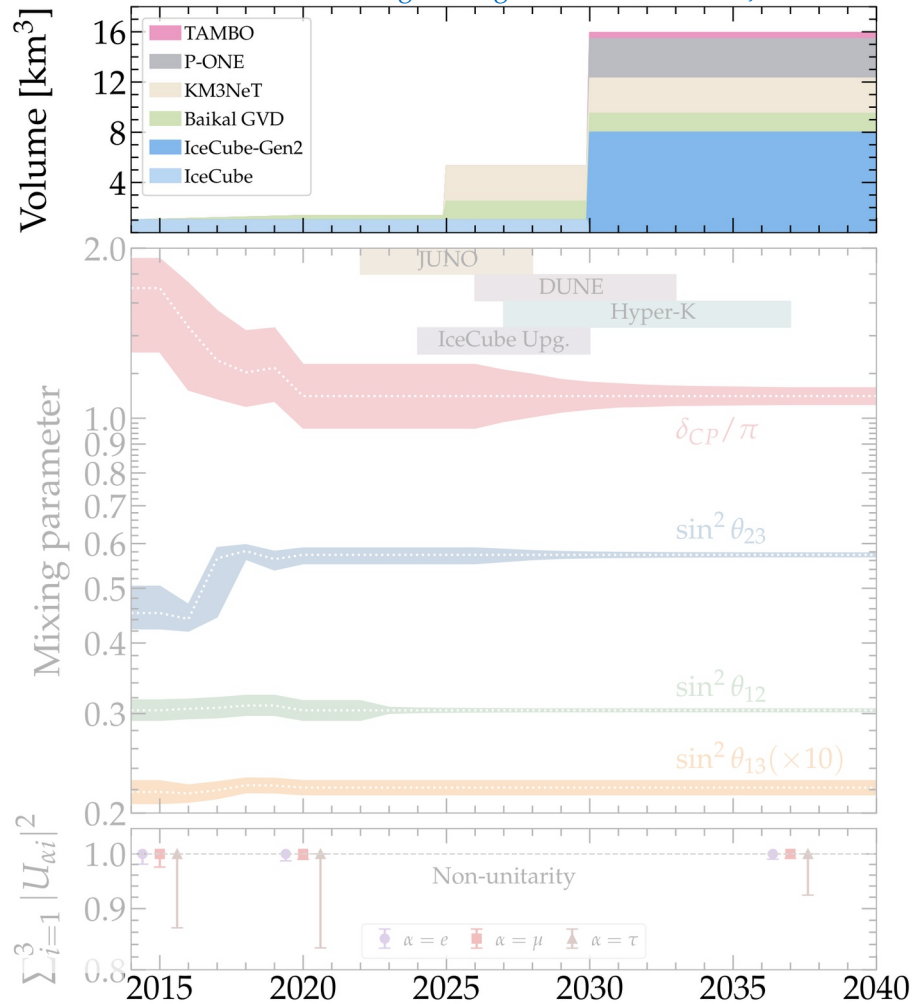
Measuring flavor composition: 2015–2040

Song, Li, Argüelles, MB, Vincent, JCAP 2021



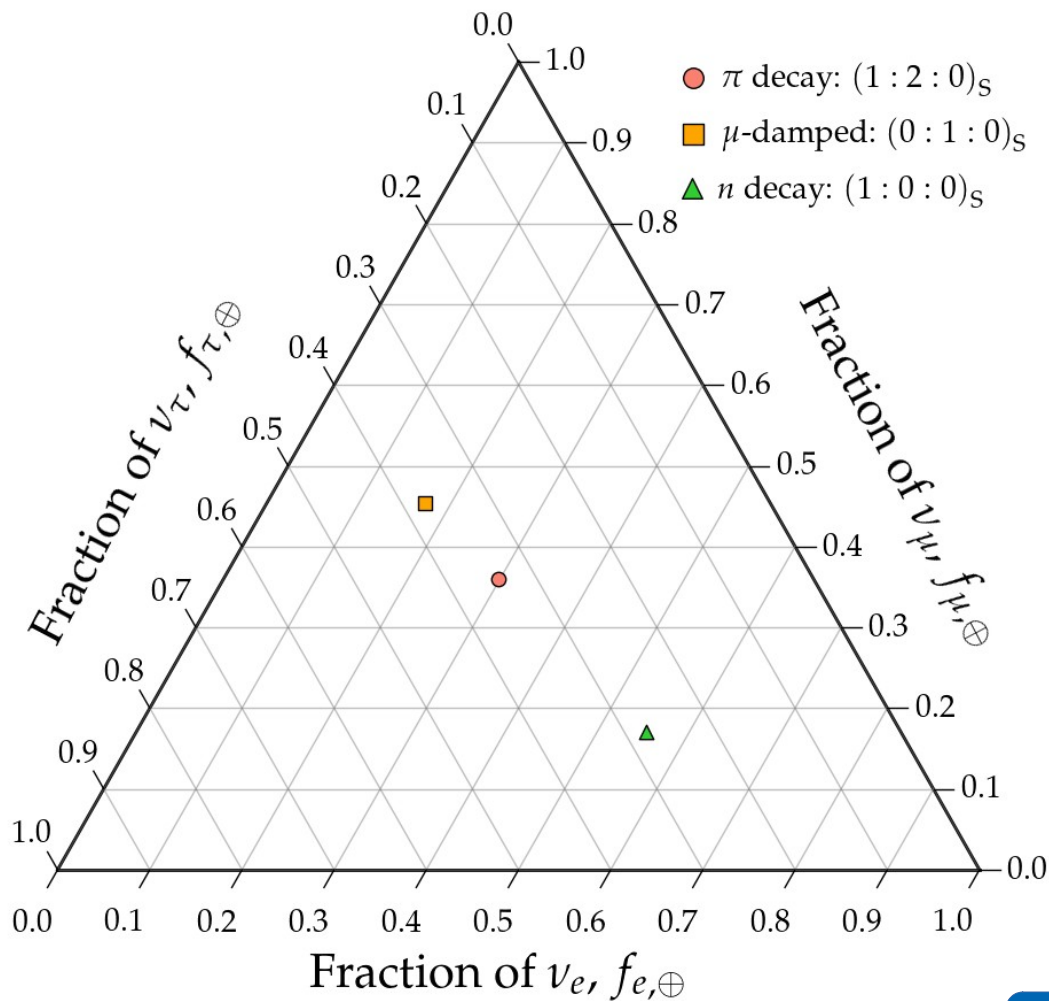
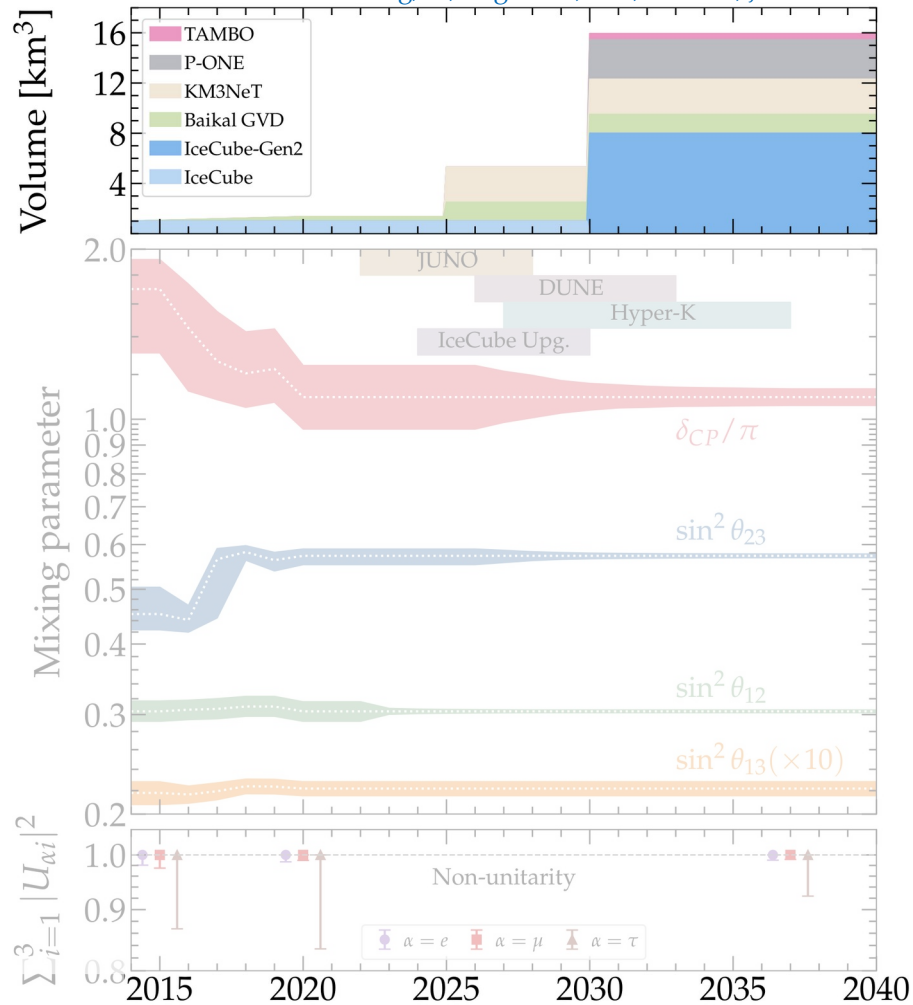
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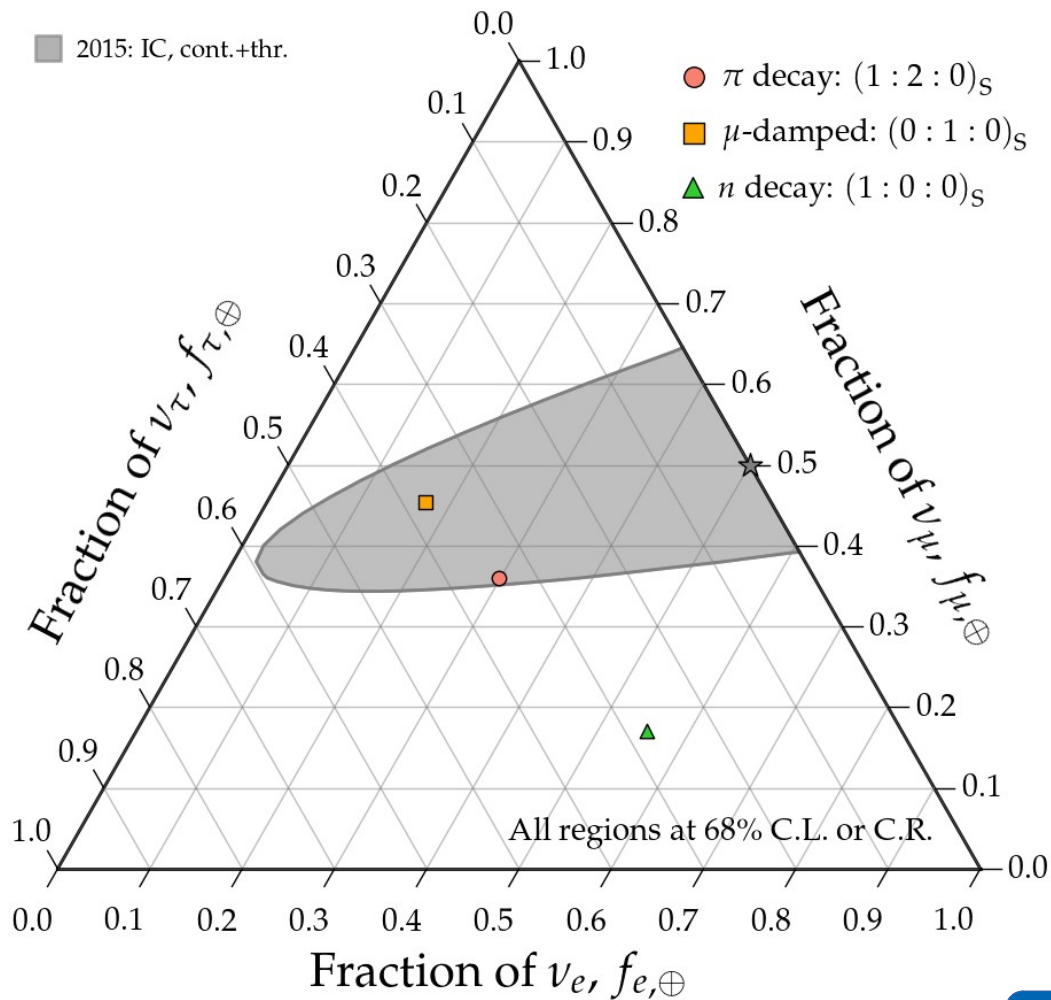
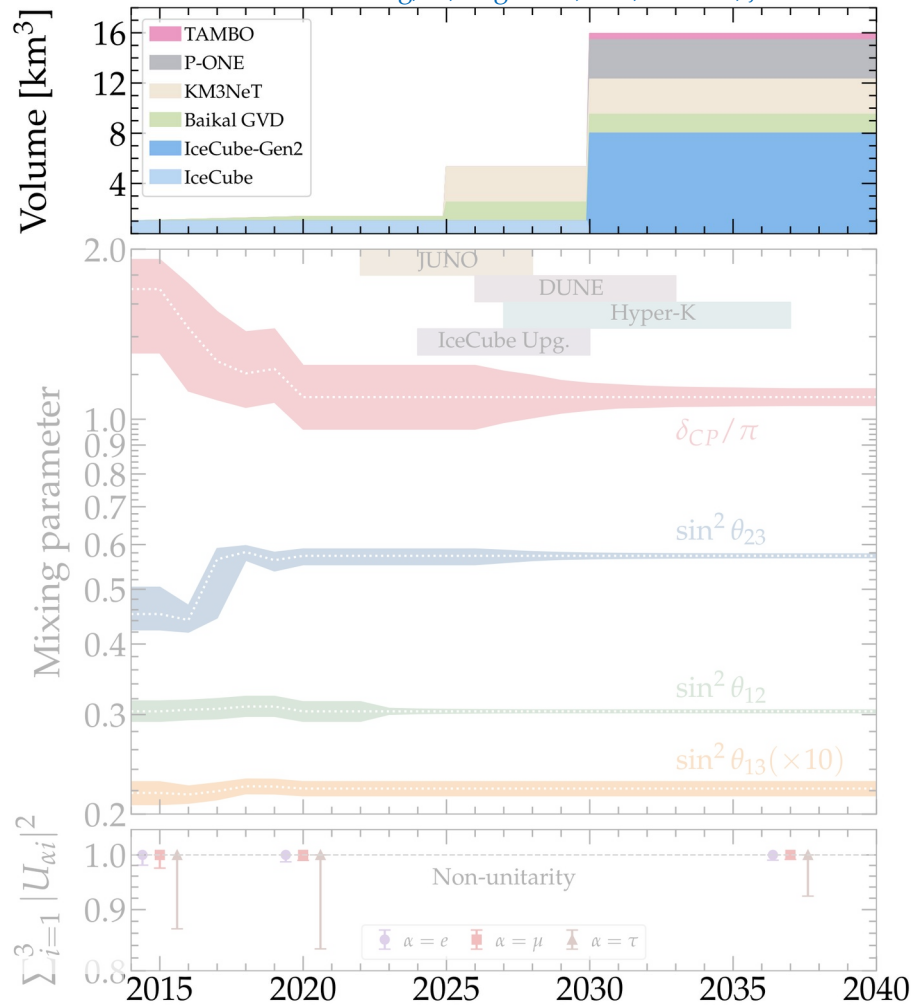
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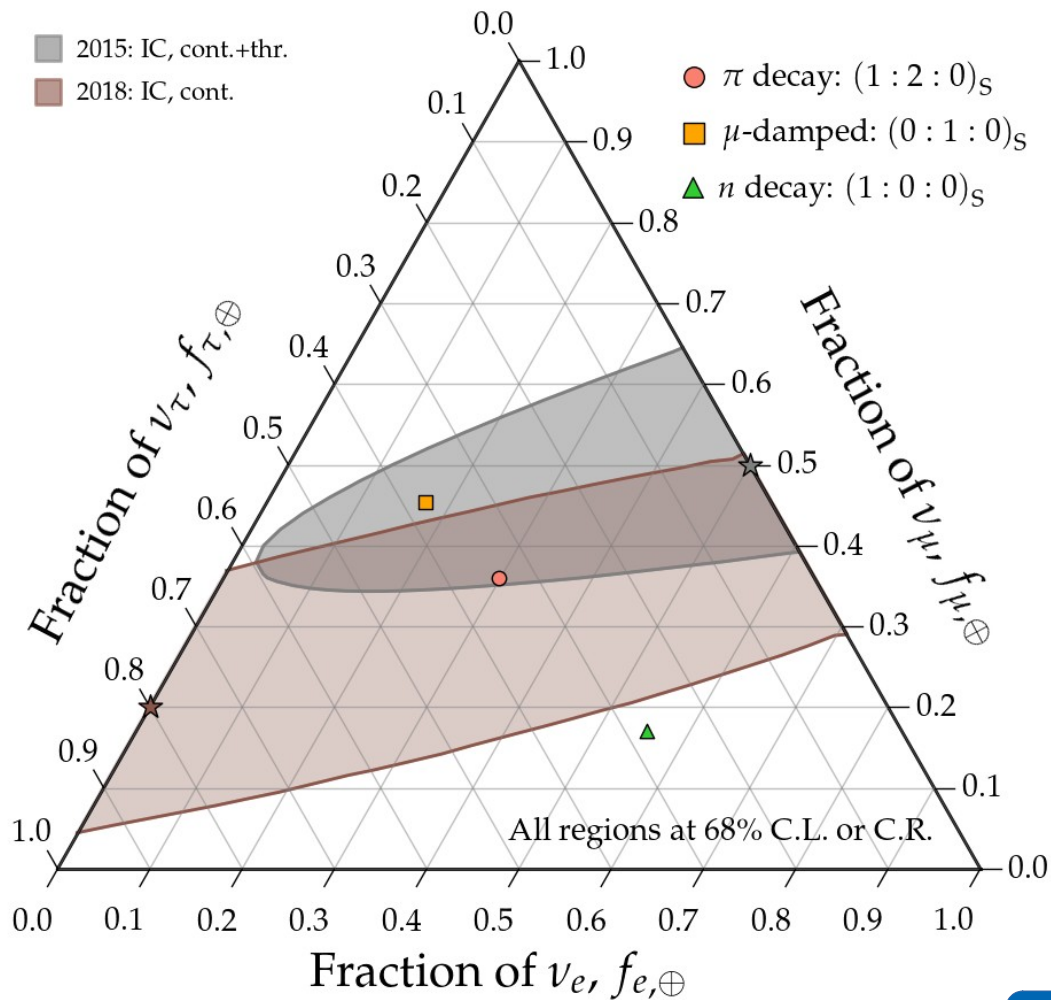
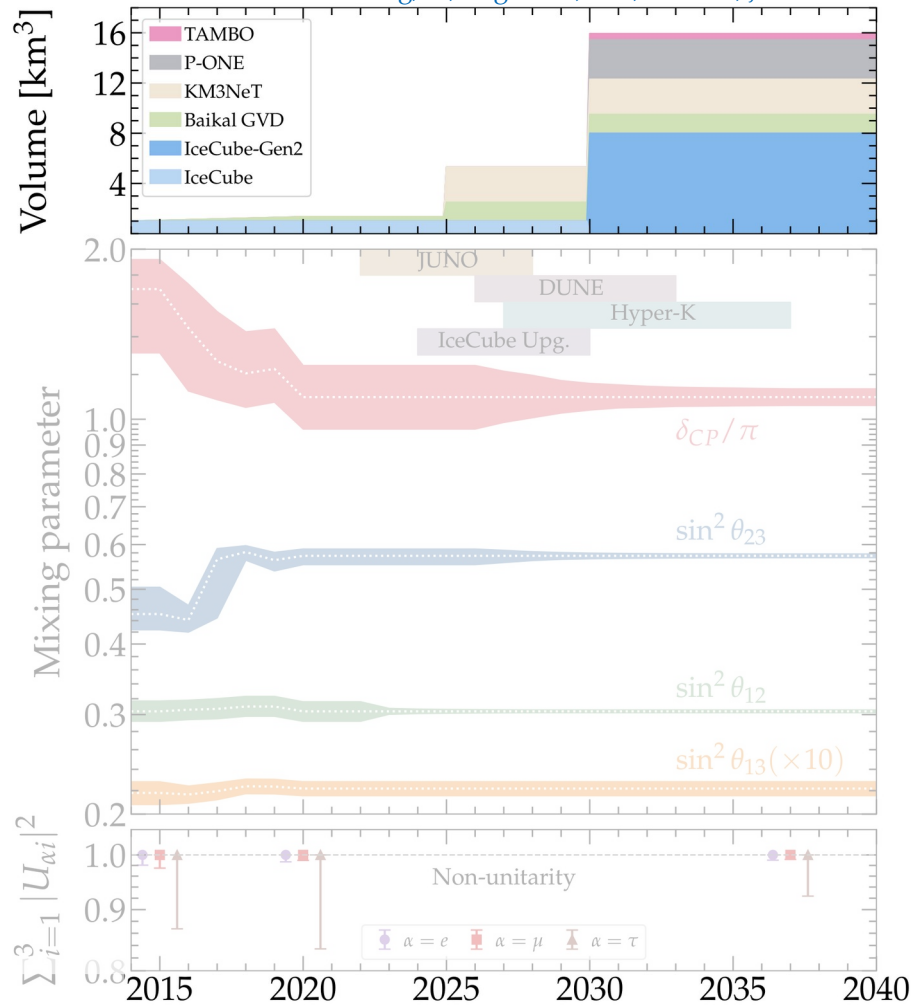
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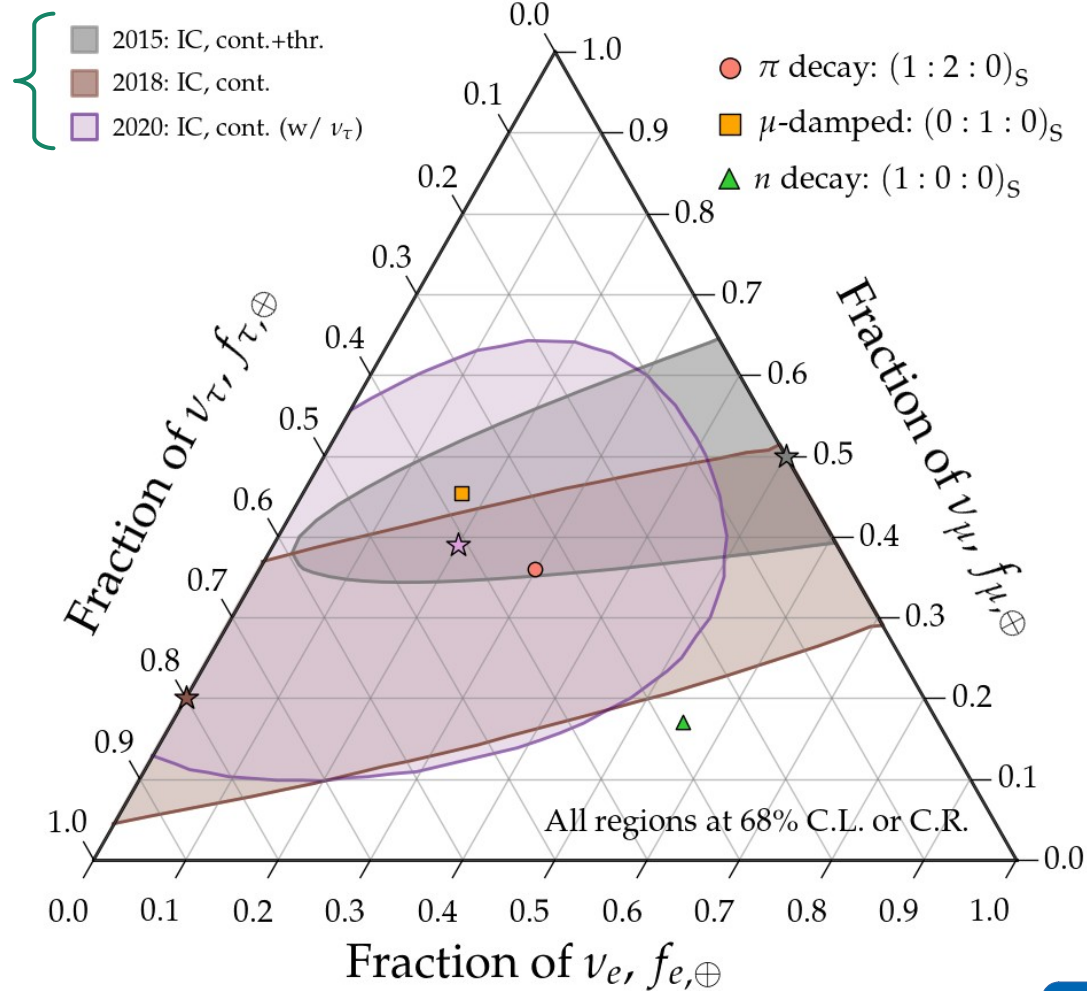
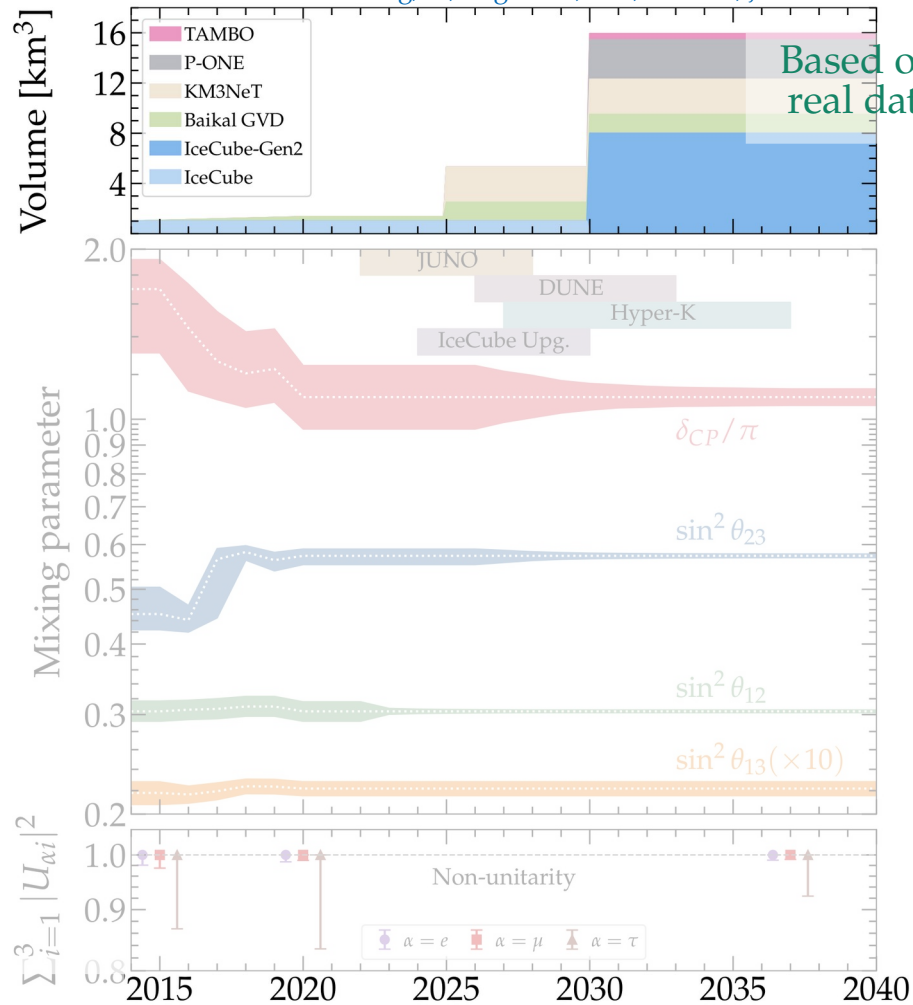
Measuring flavor composition: 2015–2040

Song, Li, Argüelles, MB, Vincent, JCAP 2021



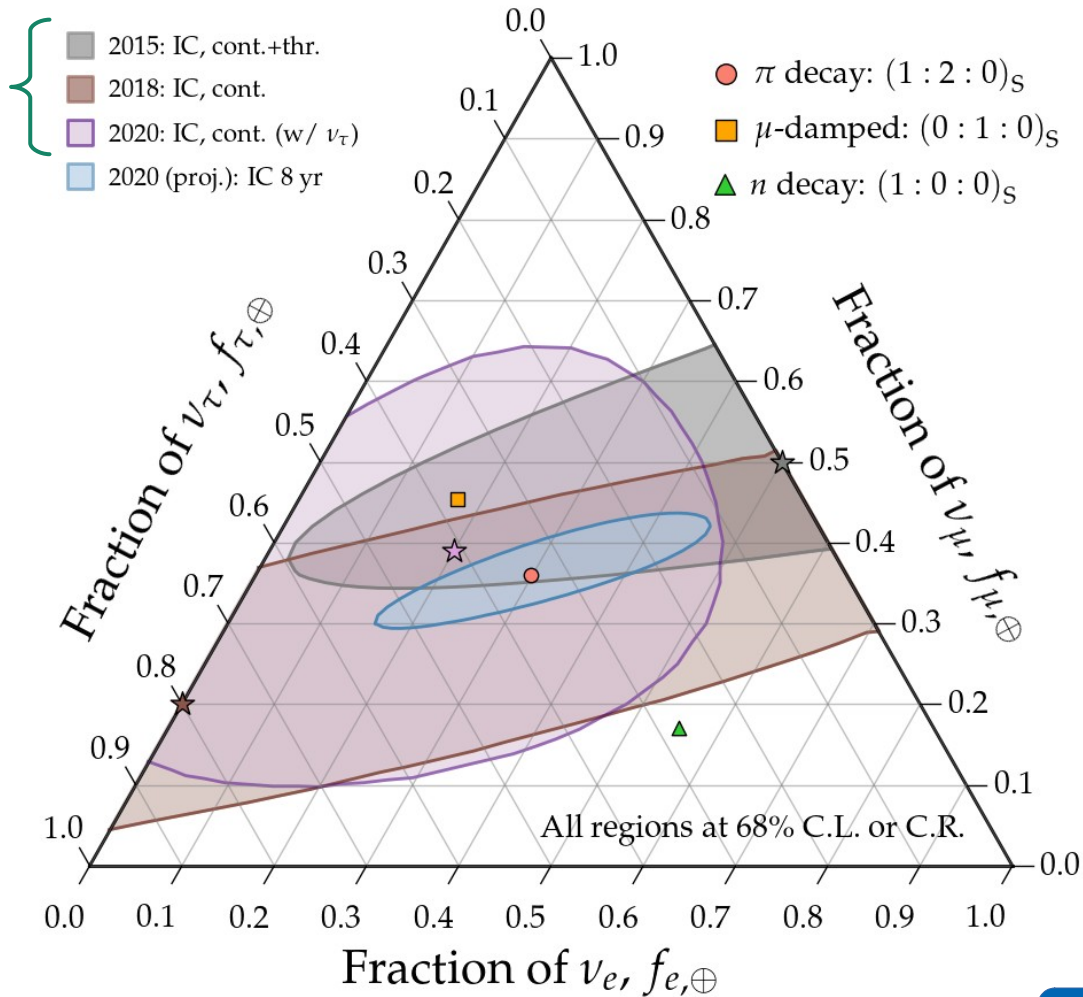
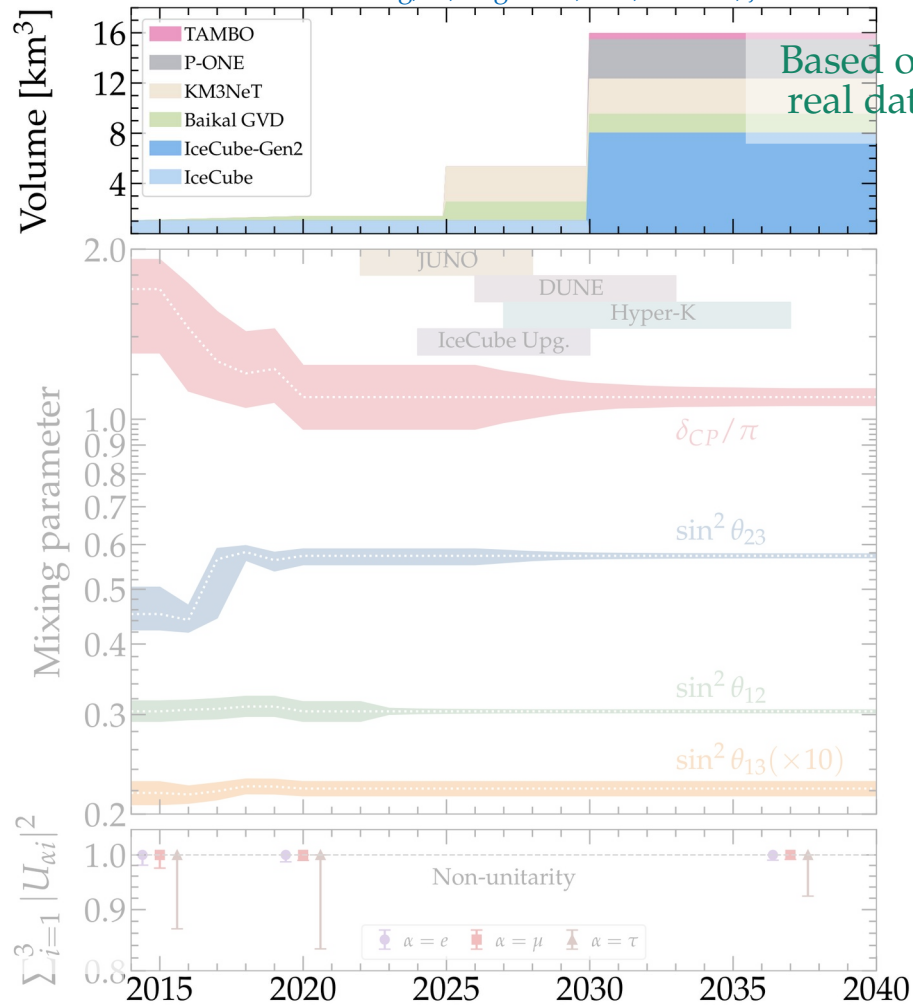
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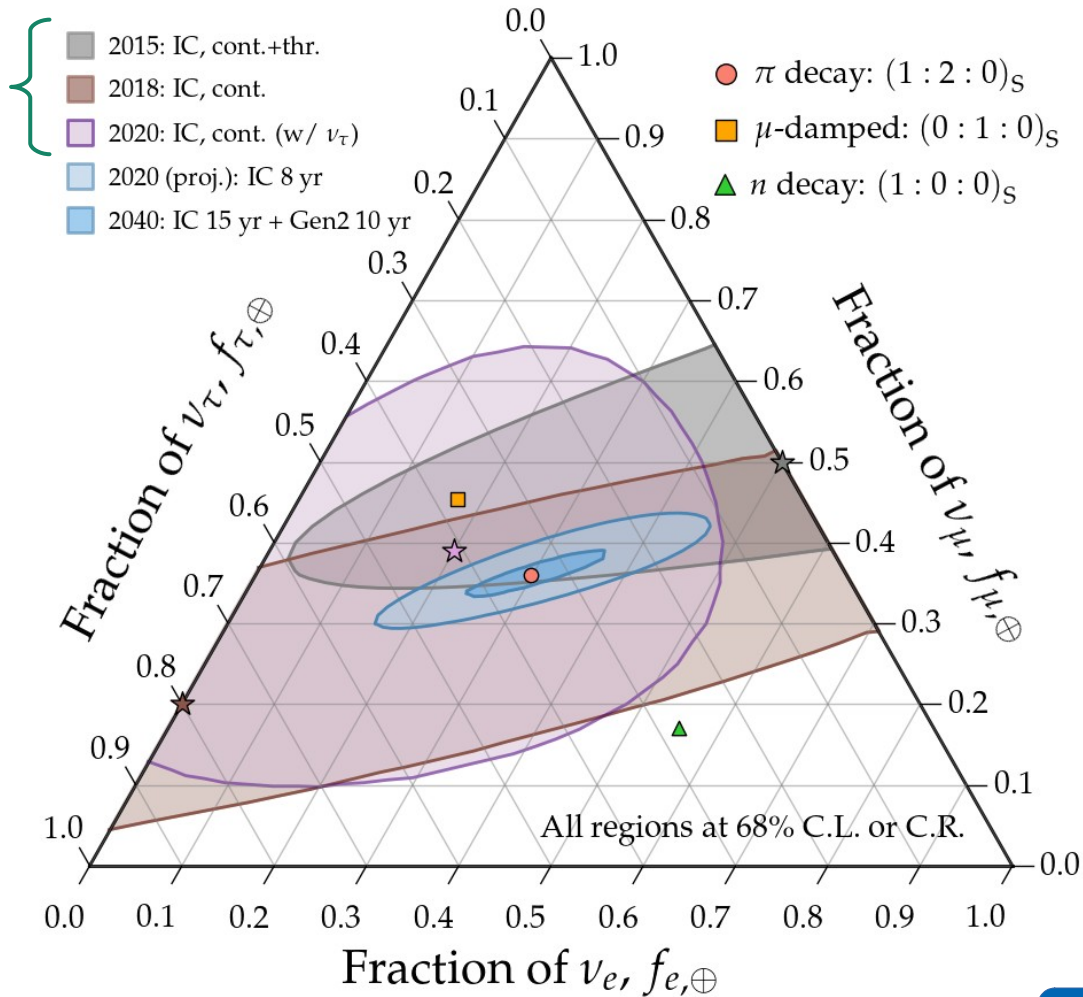
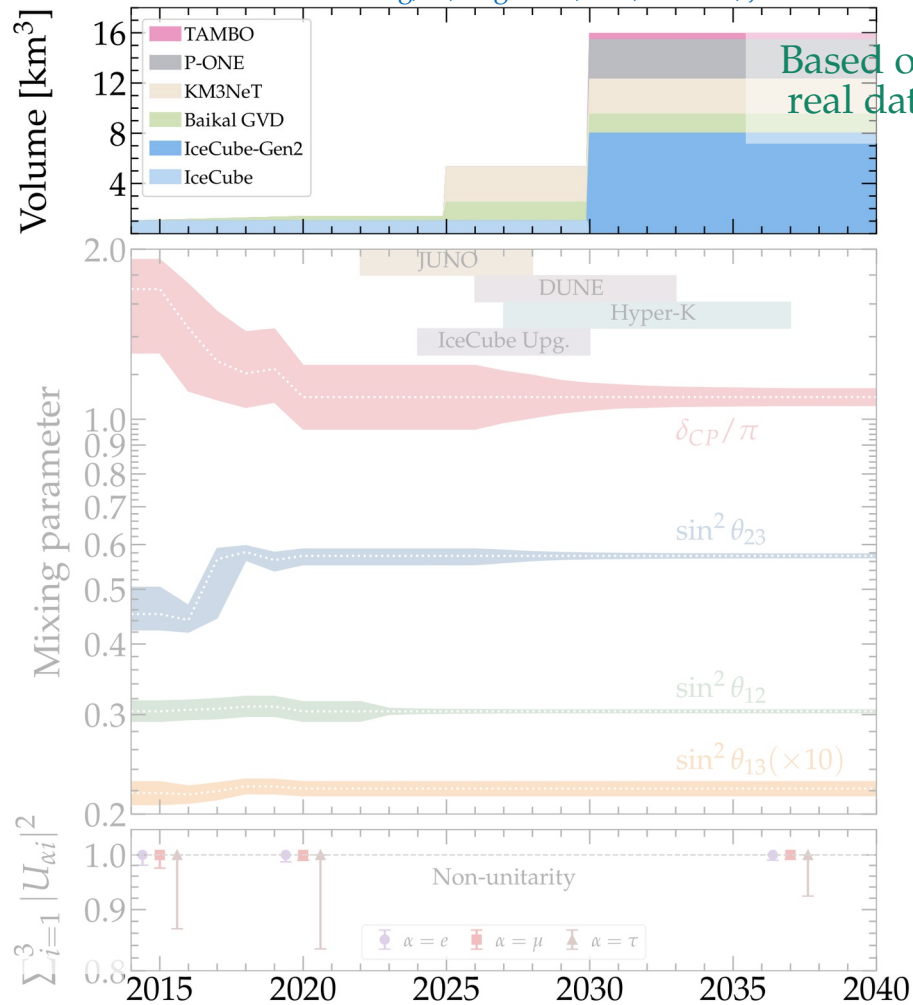
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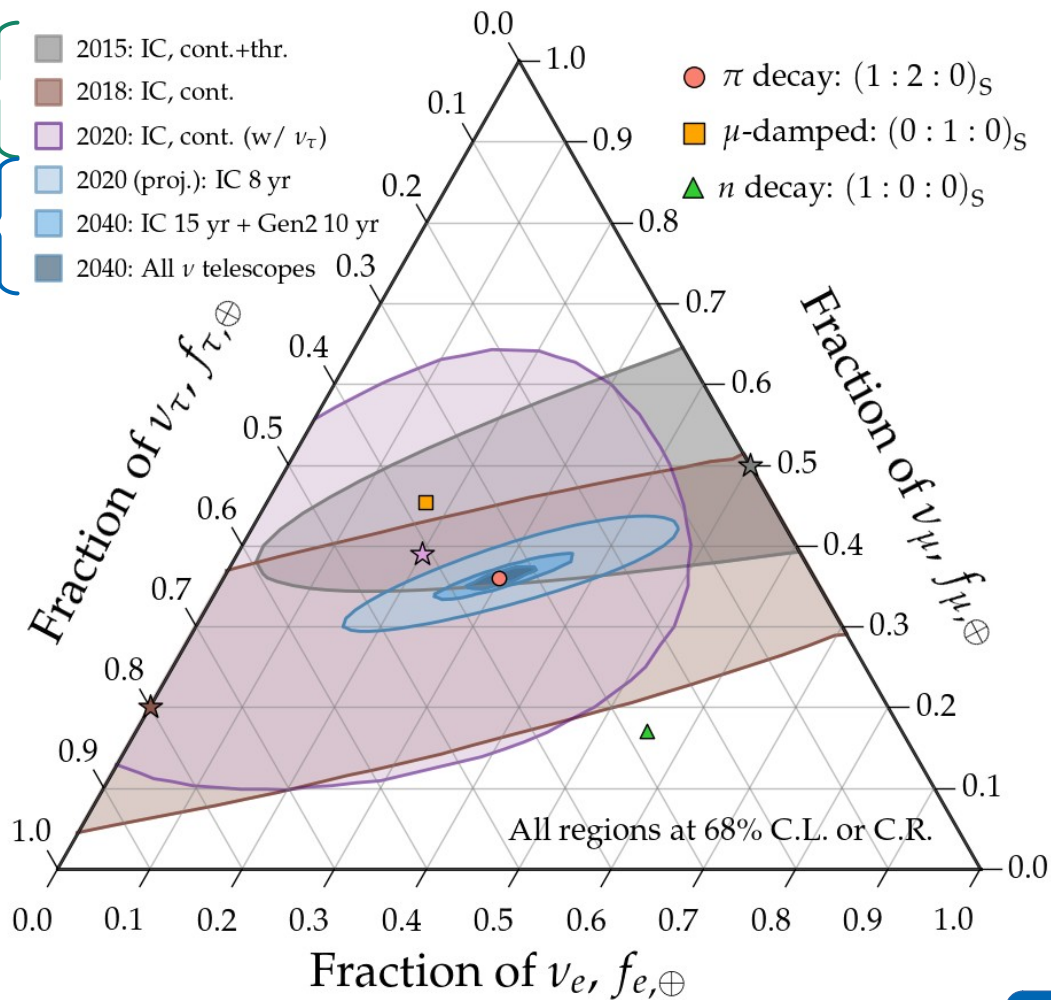
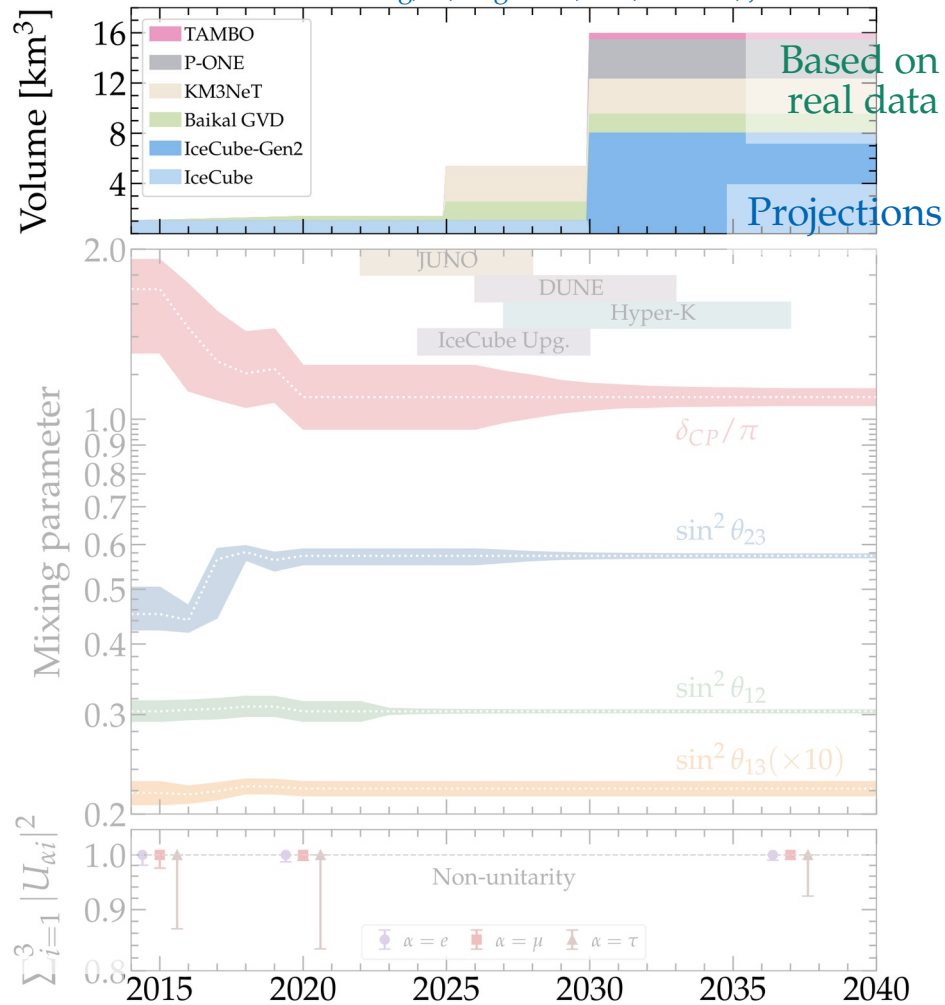
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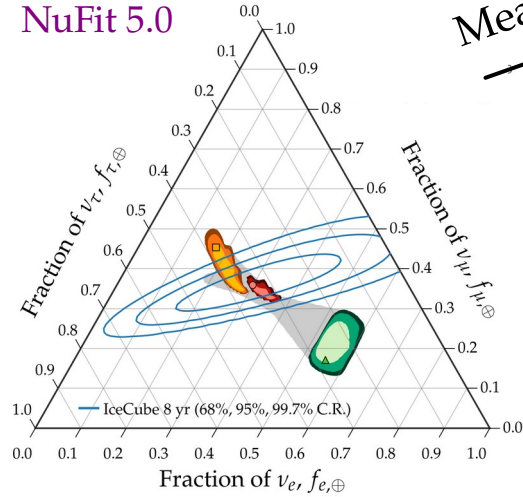
Song, Li, Argüelles, MB, Vincent, JCAP 2021



How knowing the mixing parameters better helps

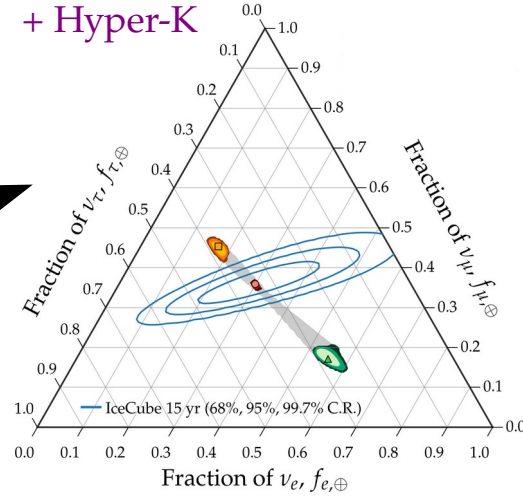
2020

NuFit 5.0

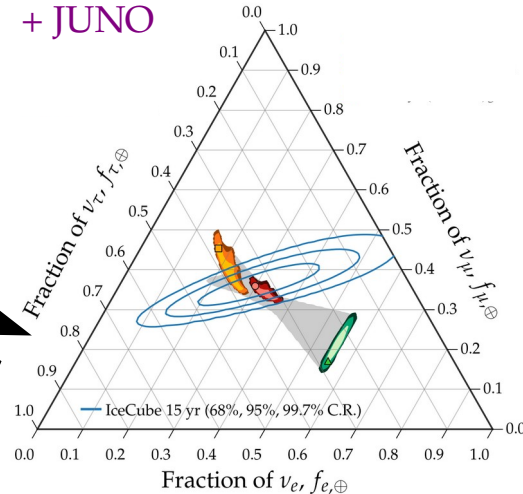


Measure θ_{23} better

+ Hyper-K



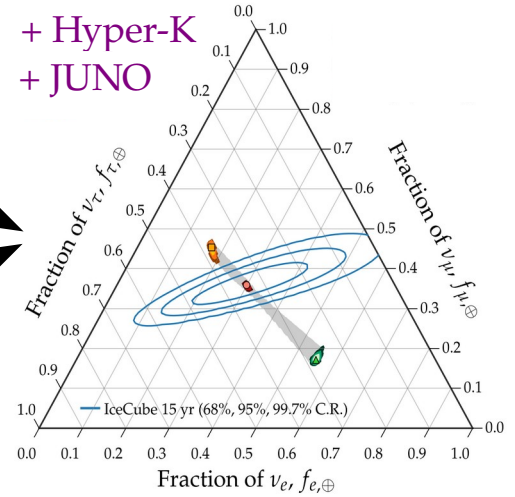
+ JUNO



Measure θ_{12} better

~2030

+ Hyper-K
+ JUNO

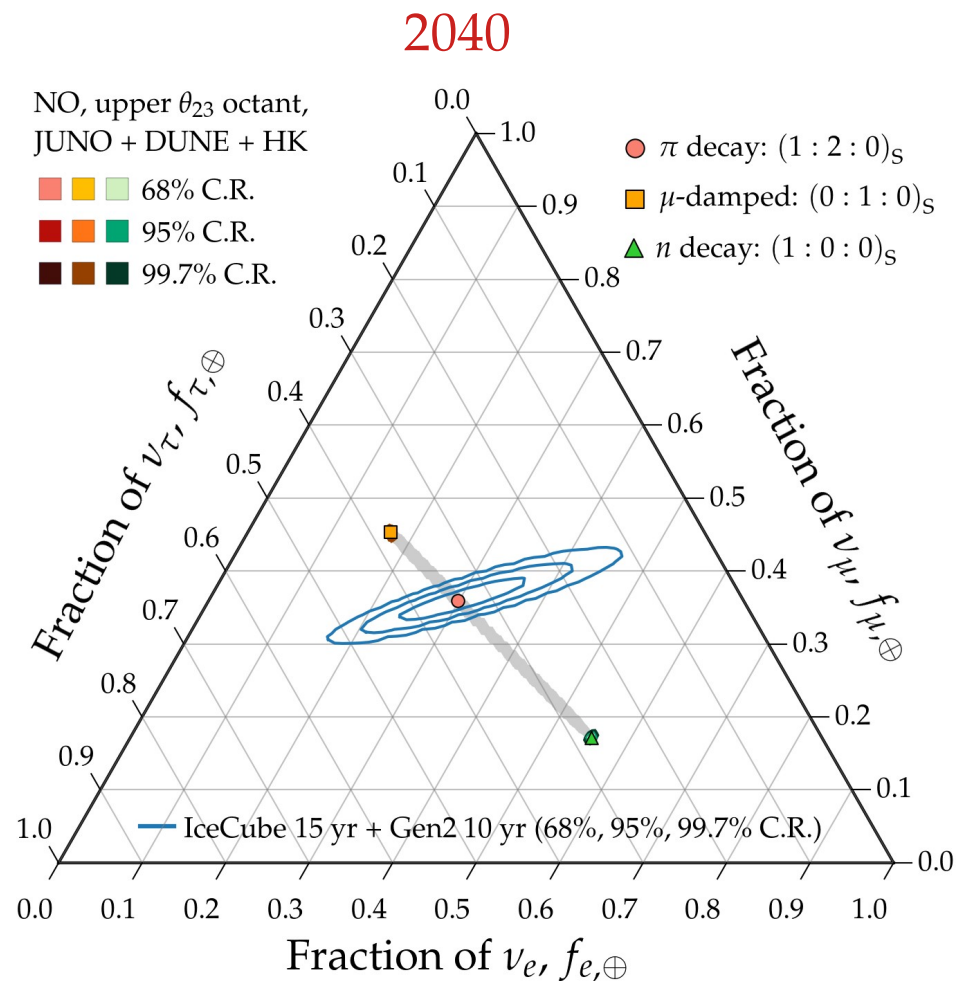
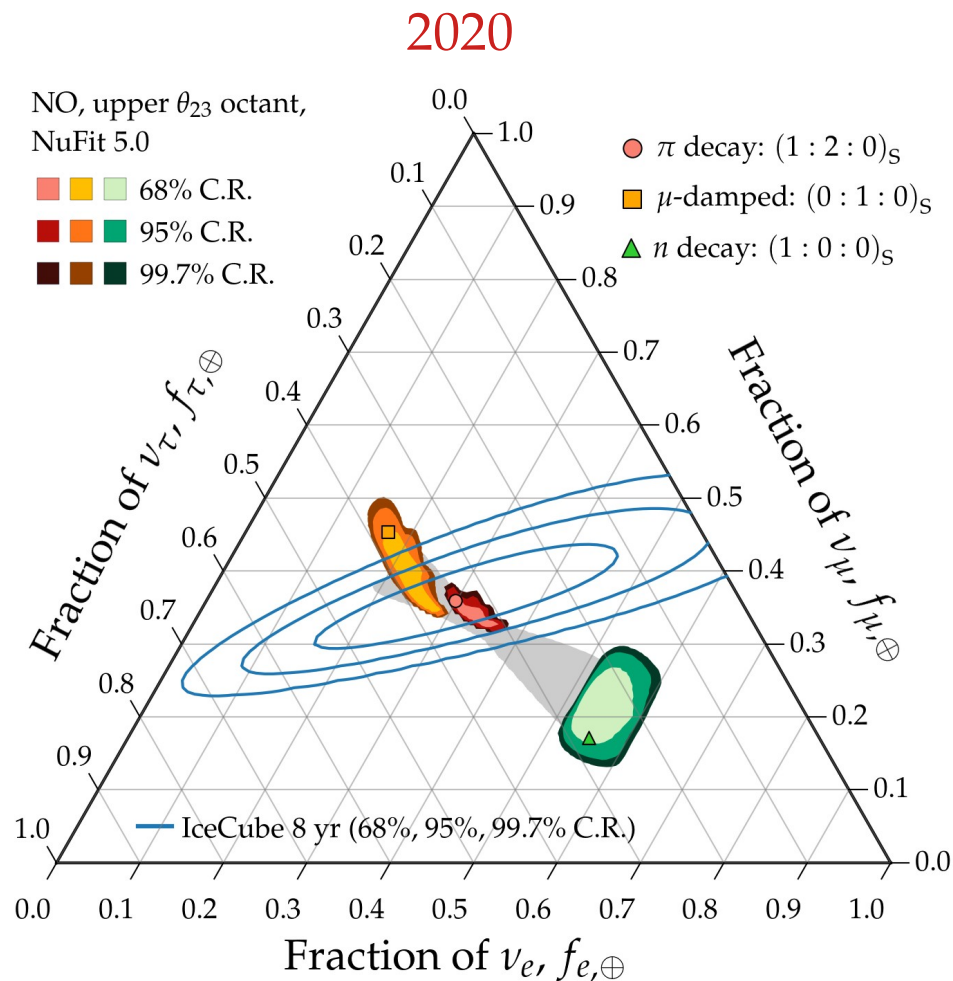


In our results:

JUNO + Hyper-K + DUNE

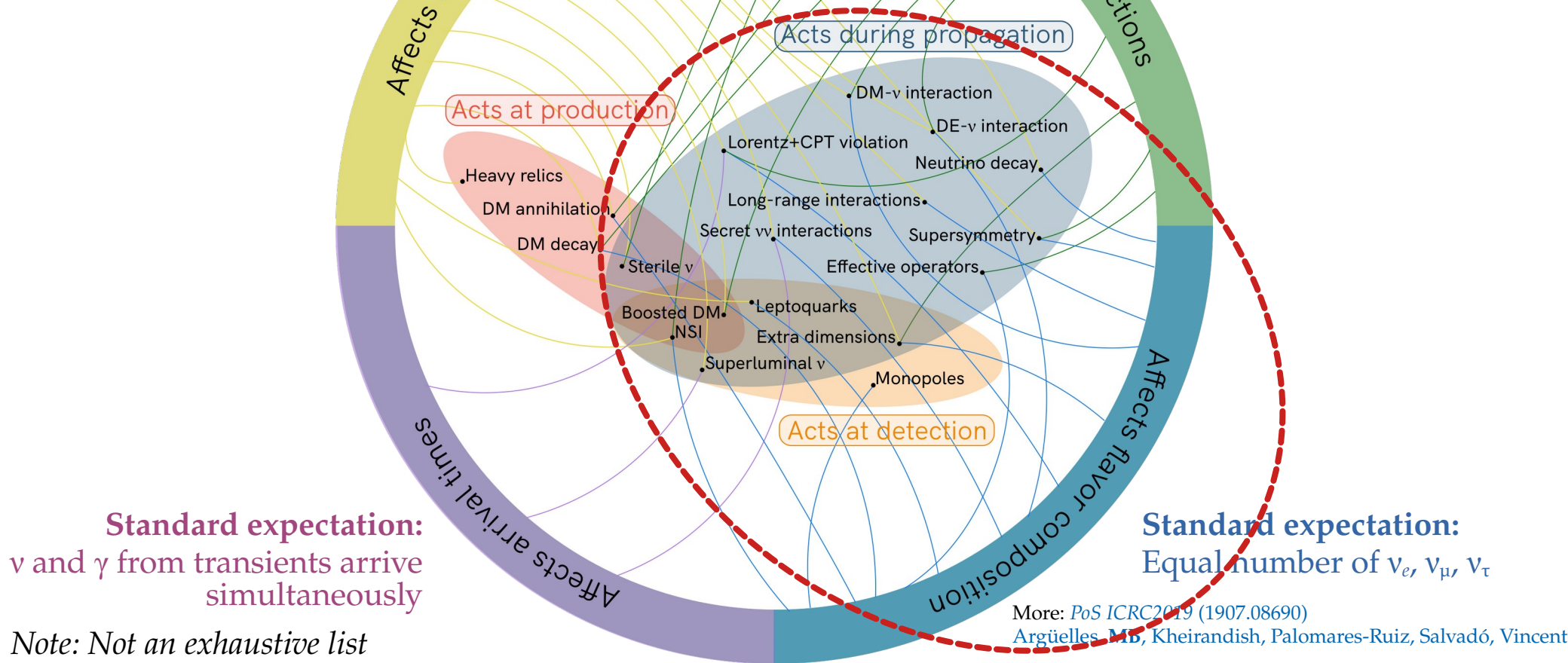
Marginal improvement til 2040

Theoretically palatable regions: 2020 \rightarrow 2040



Standard expectation:
Power-law energy spectrum

Standard expectation:
Isotropy (for diffuse flux)



Note: Not an exhaustive list

New physics in flavor composition

Repurpose the flavor sensitivity to test new physics:

New physics in flavor composition

Repurpose the flavor sensitivity to test new physics:

Reviews:

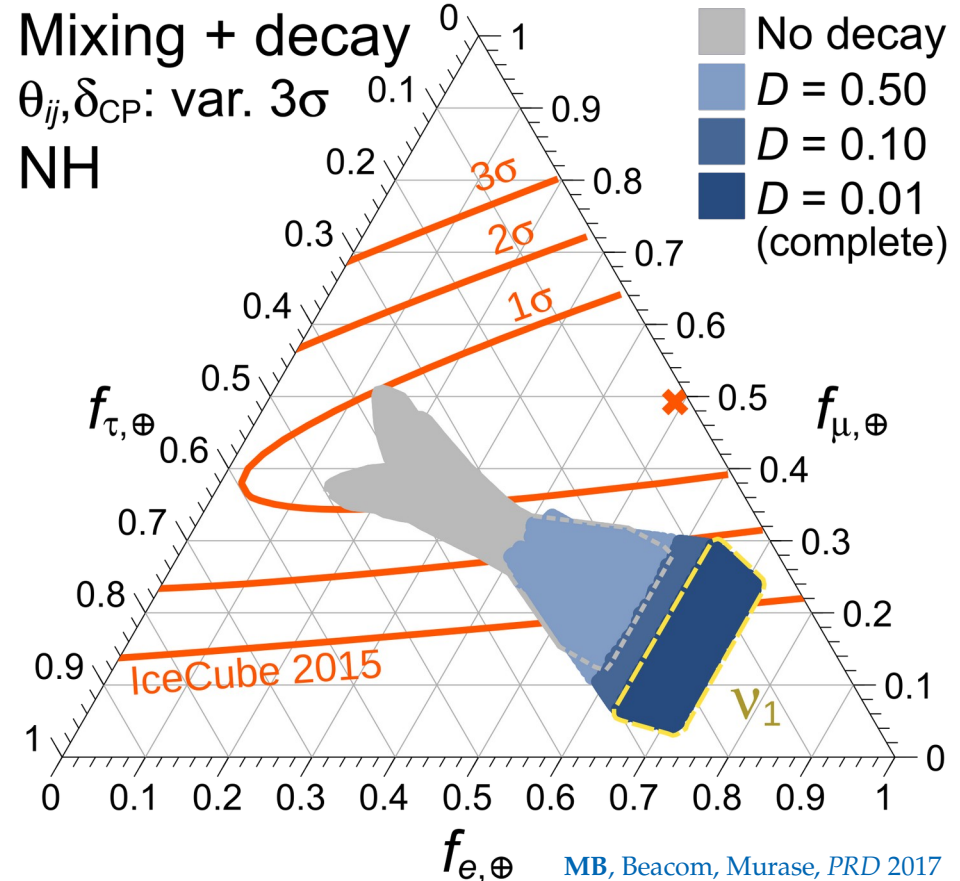
Mehta & Winter, *JCAP* 2011; Rasmussen *et al.*, *PRD* 2017

New physics in flavor composition

Repurpose the flavor sensitivity to test new physics:

► Neutrino decay

[Beacom *et al.*, *PRL* 2003; Baerwald, MB, Winter, *JCAP* 2010;
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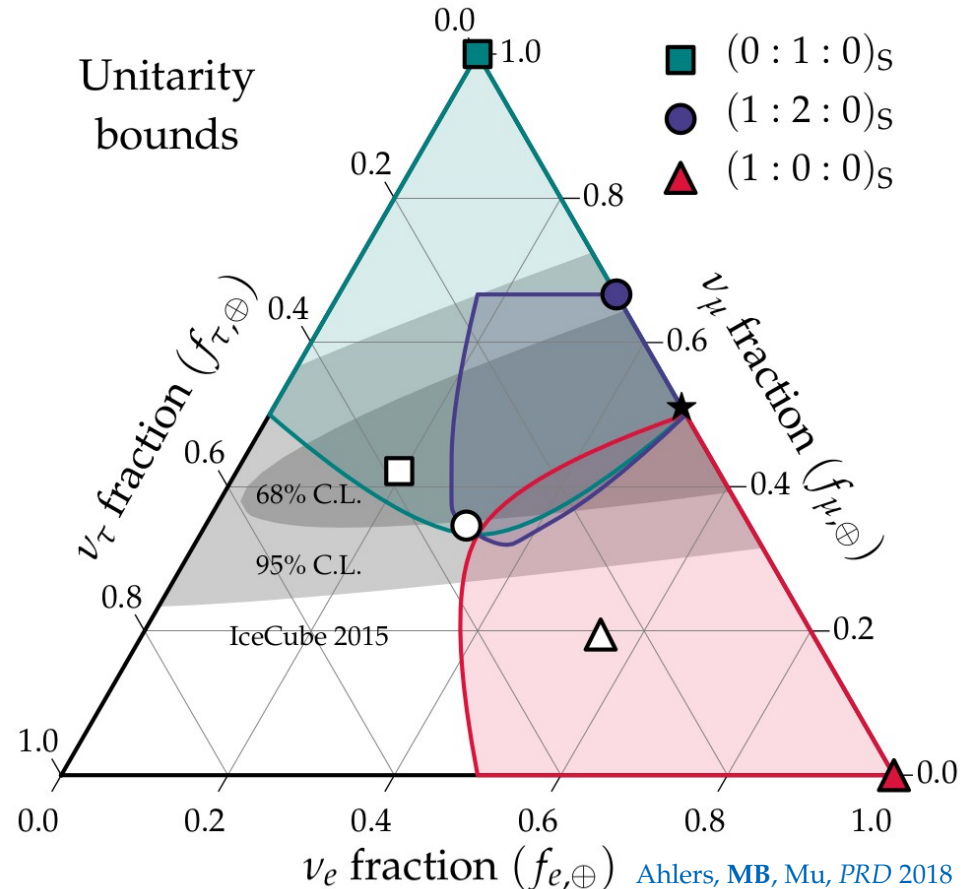
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► Tests of unitarity at high energy

[Xu, He, Rodejohann, *JCAP* 2014; Ahlers, **MB**, Mu, *PRD* 2018;
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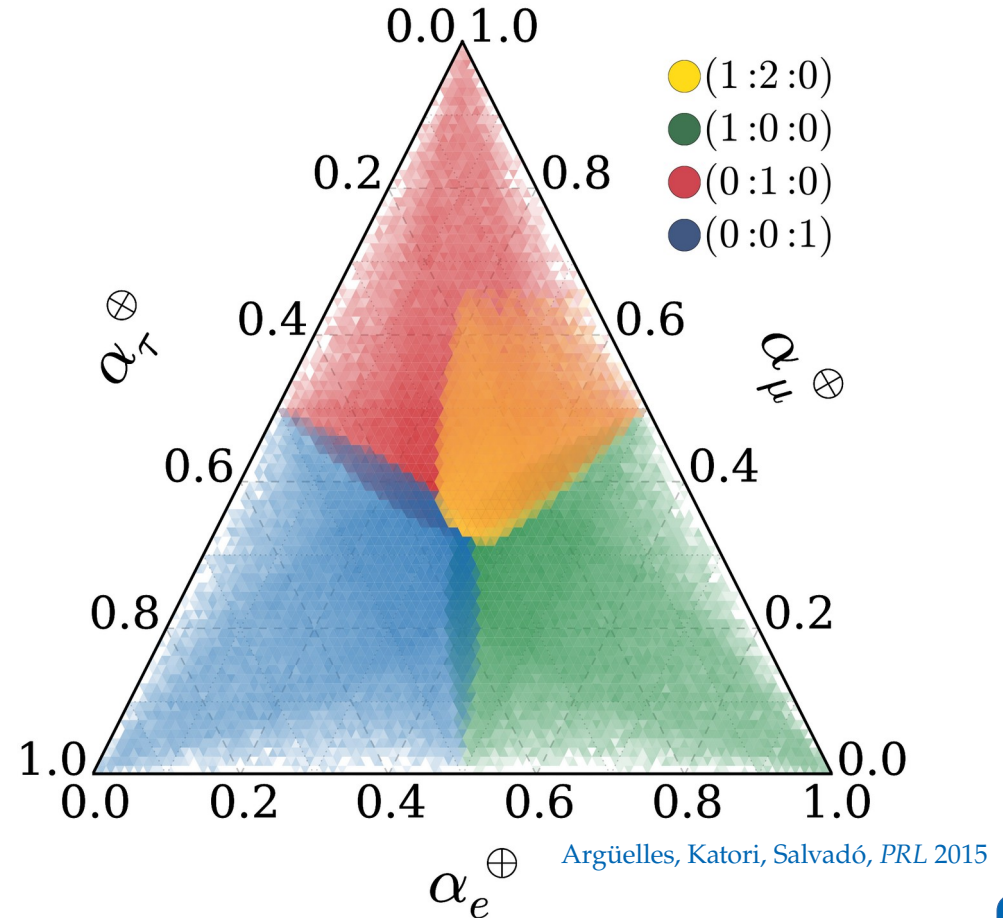
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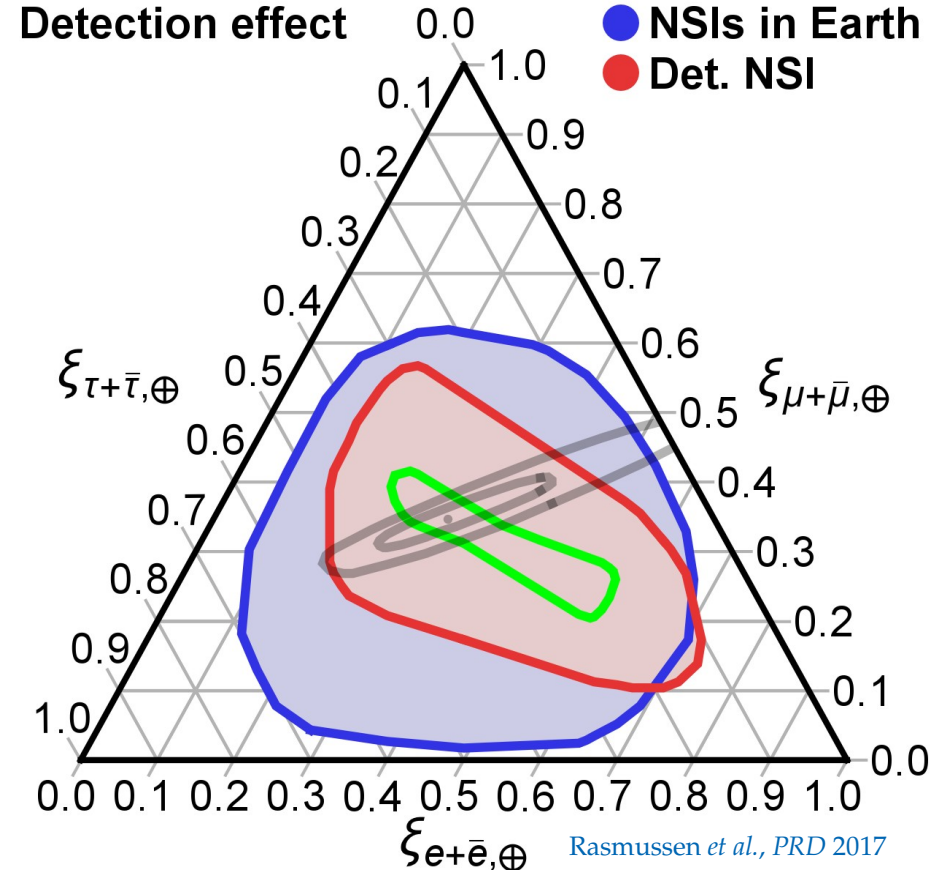
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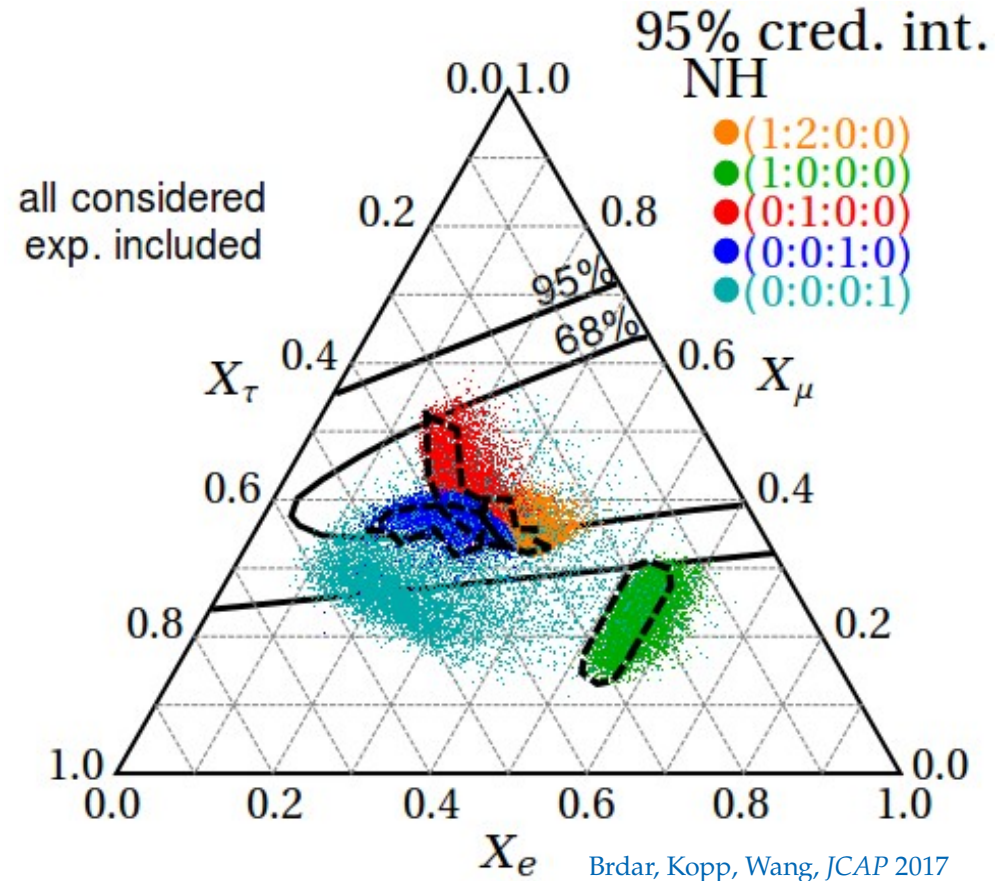
[González-García *et al.*, *Astropart. Phys.* 2016;
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► Active-sterile ν mixing

[Aeikens *et al.*, *JCAP* 2015; Brdar, Kopp, Wang, *JCAP* 2017;
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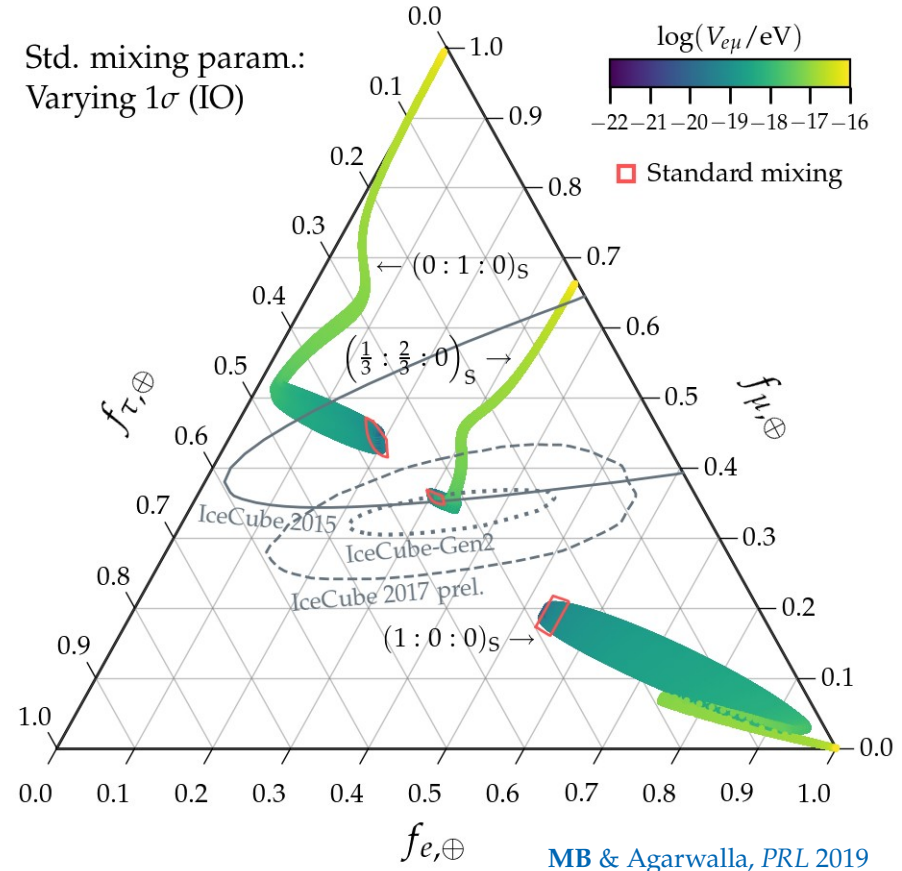
[Aeikens *et al.*, *JCAP* 2015; Brdar, Kopp, Wang, *JCAP* 2017;
Argüelles *et al.*, *JCAP* 2020; Ahlers, MB, *JCAP* 2021]

► Long-range $e\nu$ interactions

[MB & Agarwalla, *PRL* 2019]

Reviews:

Mehta & Winter, *JCAP* 2011; Rasmussen *et al.*, *PRD* 2017



5. Unstable neutrinos:
Are neutrinos for ever?

Are neutrinos forever?

▶ In the Standard Model (vSM), neutrinos are essentially stable ($\tau > 10^{36}$ yr):

▶ One-photon decay ($\nu_i \rightarrow \nu_j + \gamma$): $\tau > 10^{36} (m_i/\text{eV})^{-5}$ yr

▶ Two-photon decay ($\nu_i \rightarrow \nu_j + \gamma + \gamma$): $\tau > 10^{57} (m_i/\text{eV})^{-9}$ yr

▶ Three-neutrino decay ($\nu_i \rightarrow \nu_j + \nu_k + \bar{\nu}_k$): $\tau > 10^{55} (m_i/\text{eV})^{-5}$ yr

» Age of Universe
(~ 14.5 Gyr)

▶ BSM decays may have significantly higher rates: $\nu_i \rightarrow \nu_j + \varphi$

▶ We work in a model-independent way:

the nature of φ is unimportant if it is invisible to neutrino detectors

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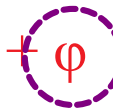
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Nambu-Goldstone
boson of a broken
symmetry

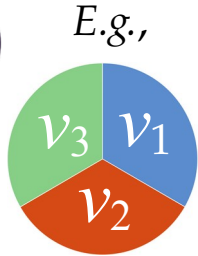
► We work in a model-independent way:

the nature of ϕ is unimportant if it is invisible to neutrino detectors

Astrophysical sources

Earth

$L \sim$ up to a few Gpc



Decay changes the number
of each ν mass eigenstate, N_1, N_2, N_3



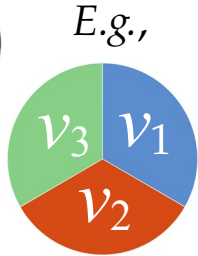
The flux of ν_i is attenuated by $\exp[- (L/E) \cdot (m_i/\tau_i)]$

$\underbrace{m_i}_{\text{Mass of } \nu_i} / \underbrace{\tau_i}_{\text{Lifetime of } \nu_i}$

Astrophysical sources

Earth

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Only sensitive to their ratio

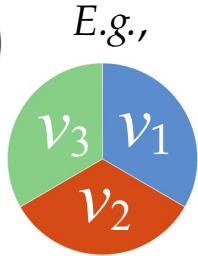
The flux of ν_i is attenuated by $\exp[-(L/E) \cdot (m_i/\tau_i)]$

Mass of ν_i Lifetime of ν_i

Astrophysical sources

Earth

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Decay changes the number
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Lower- E ν are longer-lived...

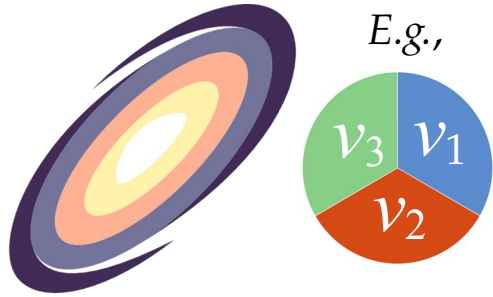
The flux of ν_i is attenuated by $\exp[-(L/E) \cdot (m_i/\tau_i)]$

... but ν that travel longer L are more attenuated!

Astrophysical sources

Earth

$L \sim$ up to a few Gpc



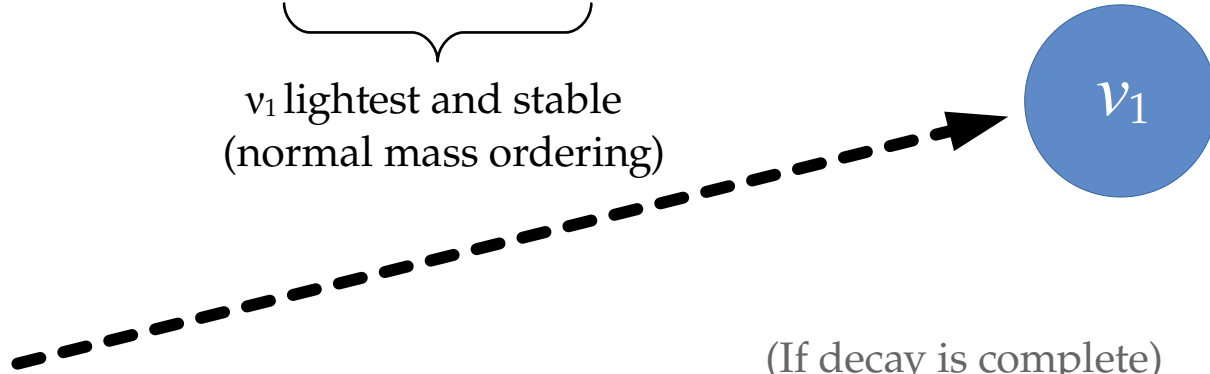
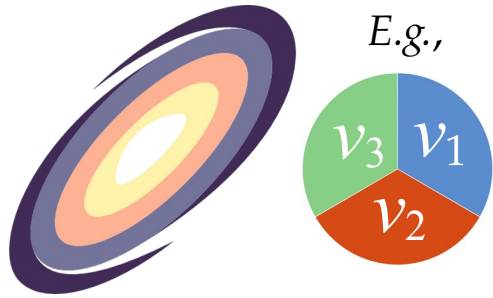
Astrophysical sources

Earth

$L \sim$ up to a few Gpc

$$\nu_2, \nu_3 \rightarrow \nu_1$$

ν_1 lightest and stable
(normal mass ordering)



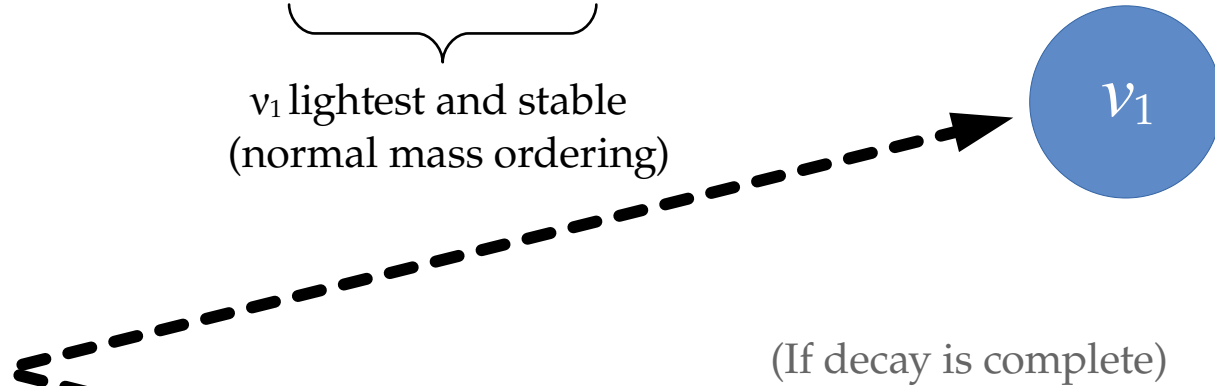
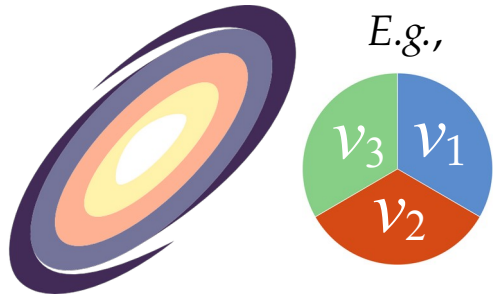
Astrophysical sources

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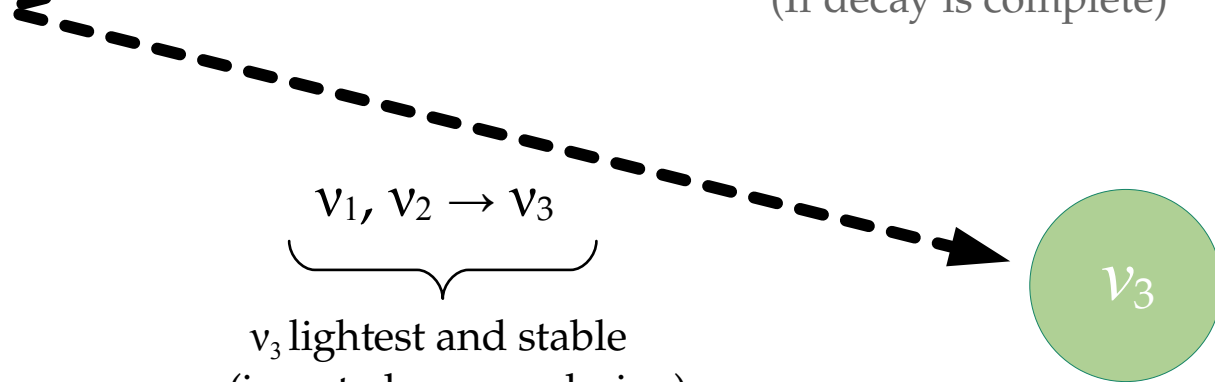


(If decay is complete)



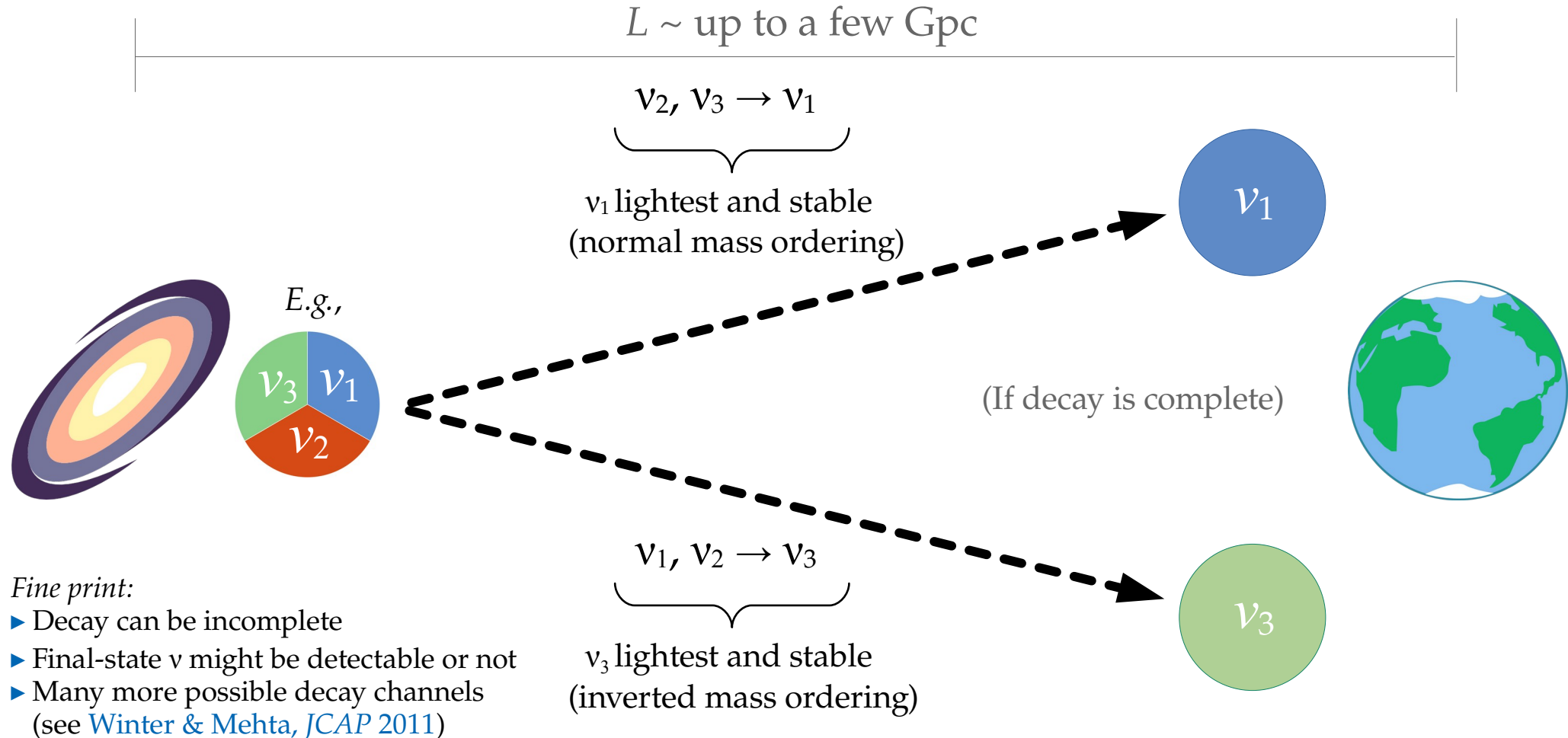
$$\nu_1, \nu_2 \rightarrow \nu_3$$

ν_3 lightest and stable
(inverted mass ordering)



Astrophysical sources

Earth



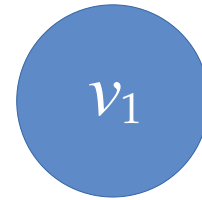
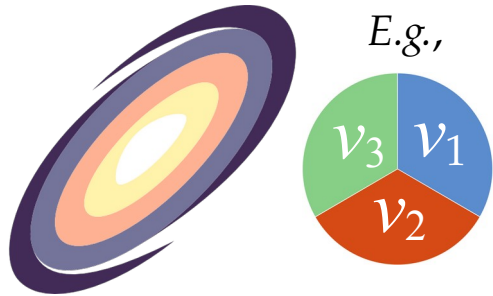
Astrophysical sources

Earth

$L \sim$ up to a few Gpc

$$\nu_2, \nu_3 \rightarrow \nu_1$$

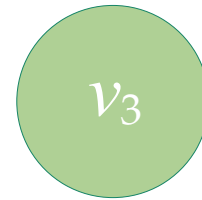
ν_1 lightest and stable
(normal mass ordering)



What does decay change?

$$\nu_1, \nu_2 \rightarrow \nu_3$$

ν_3 lightest and stable
(inverted mass ordering)



Fine print:

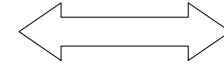
- ▶ Decay can be incomplete
- ▶ Final-state ν might be detectable or not
- ▶ Many more possible decay channels (see [Winter & Mehta, JCAP 2011](#))

What does neutrino decay change?

Flavor composition



Spectrum shape



Event rate

What does neutrino decay change?

Flavor composition



Spectrum shape



Event rate

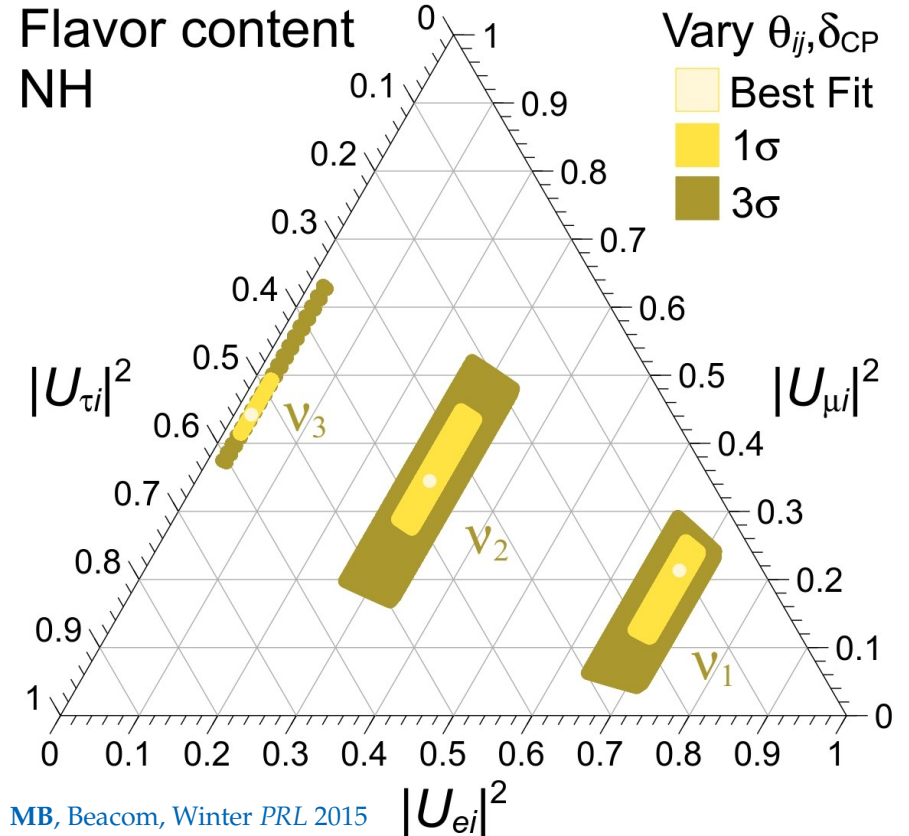
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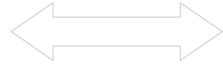
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(or worse)

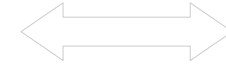


What does neutrino decay change?

Flavor composition



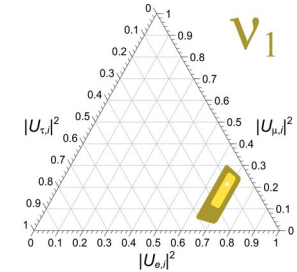
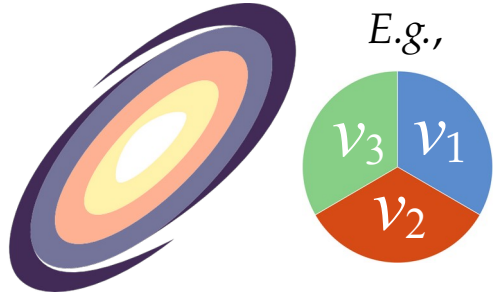
Spectrum shape



Event rate

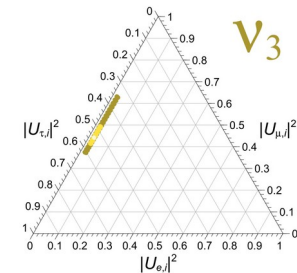
$$\nu_2, \nu_3 \rightarrow \nu_1$$

ν_1 lightest and stable
(normal mass ordering)



$$\nu_1, \nu_2 \rightarrow \nu_3$$

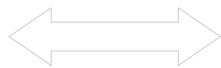
ν_3 lightest and stable
(inverted mass ordering)



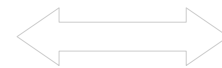
What does neutrino decay change?

See also: Beacom *et al.*, *PRL* 2002 / Baerwald, MB, Winter, *JCAP* 2012 / MB, Beacom, Murase, *PRD* 2017 / Rasmussen *et al.*, *PRD* 2017 / Denton & Tamborra, *PRL* 2018 / Abdullahi & Denton, *PRD* 2020 / MB, 2004.06844

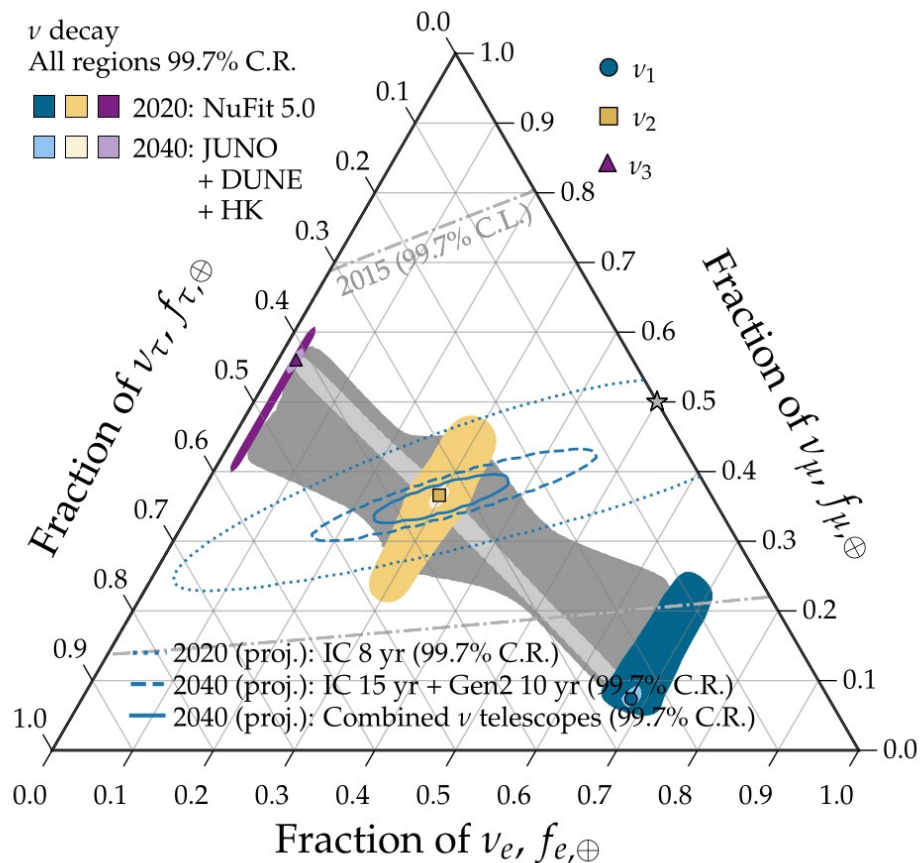
Flavor composition



Spectrum shape



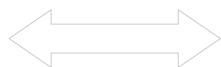
Event rate



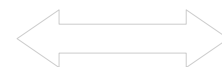
What does neutrino decay change?

See also: Beacom *et al.*, *PRL* 2002 / Baerwald, MB, Winter, *JCAP* 2012 / MB, Beacom, Murase, *PRD* 2017 / Rasmussen *et al.*, *PRD* 2017 / Denton & Tamborra, *PRL* 2018 / Abdullahi & Denton, *PRD* 2020 / MB, 2004.06844

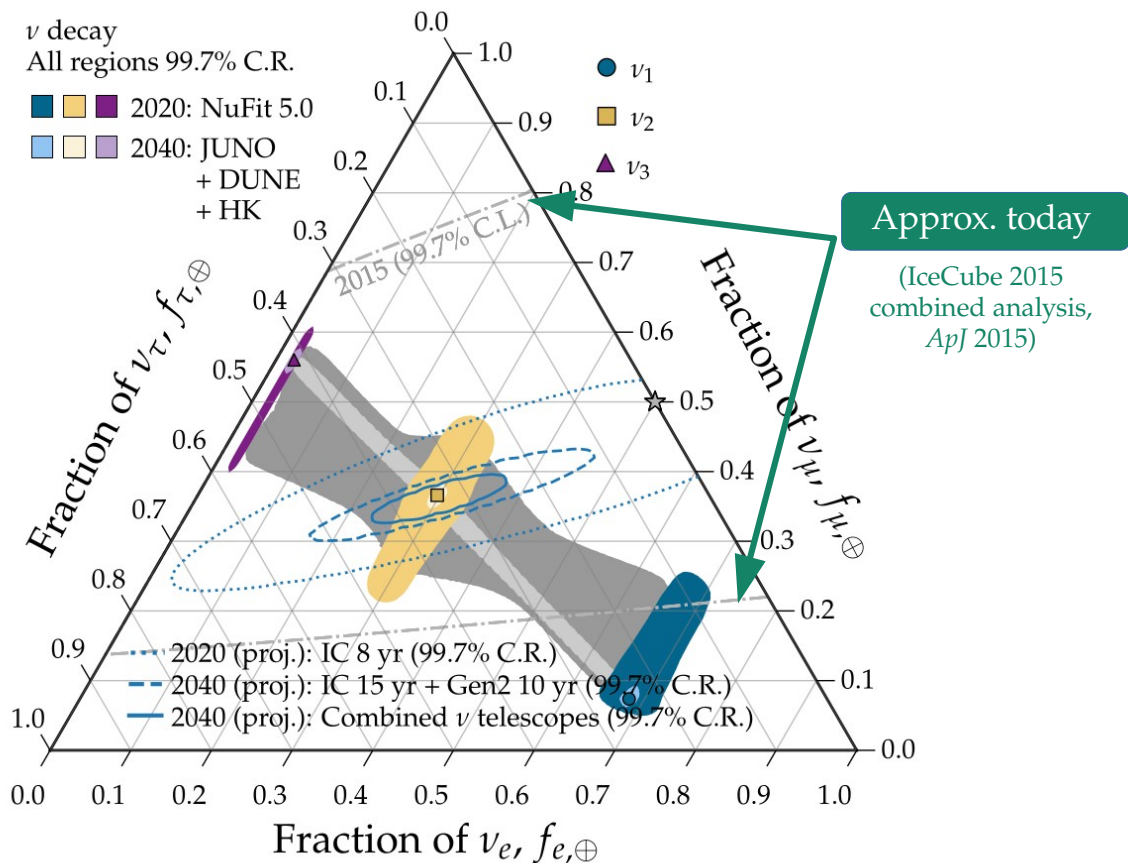
Flavor composition



Spectrum shape



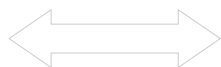
Event rate



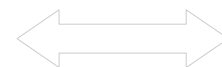
What does neutrino decay change?

See also: Beacom *et al.*, *PRL* 2002 / Baerwald, MB, Winter, *JCAP* 2012 / MB, Beacom, Murase, *PRD* 2017 / Rasmussen *et al.*, *PRD* 2017 / Denton & Tamborra, *PRL* 2018 / Abdullahi & Denton, *PRD* 2020 / MB, 2004.06844

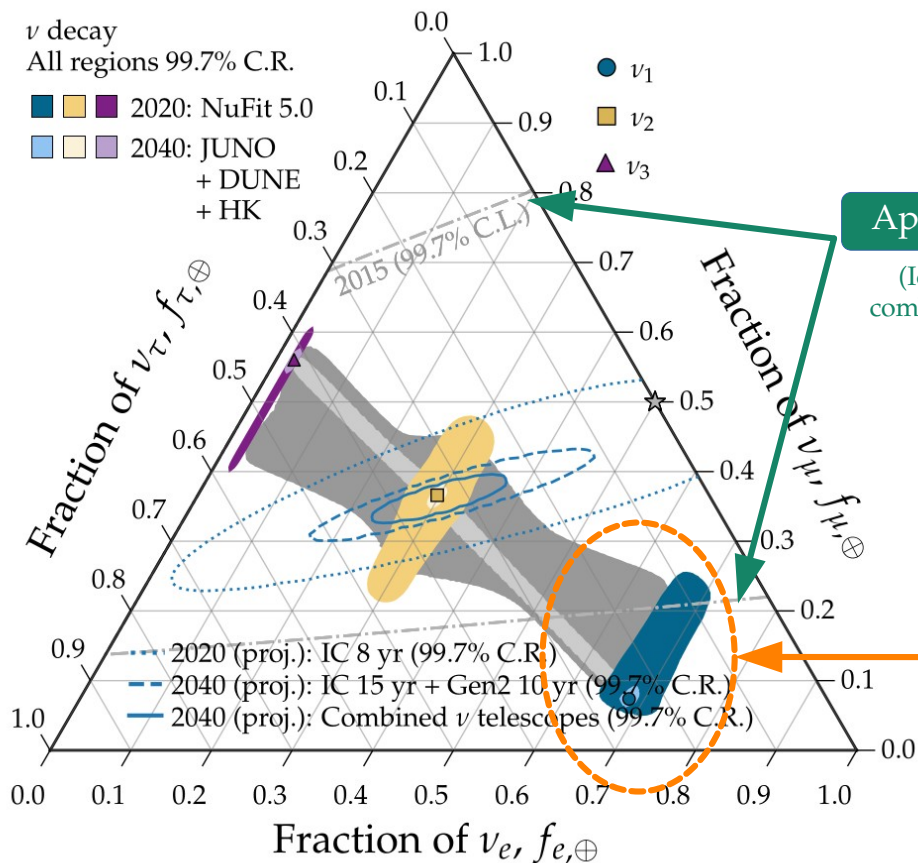
Flavor composition



Spectrum shape



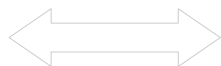
Event rate



What does neutrino decay change?

See also: Beacom *et al.*, *PRL* 2002 / Baerwald, MB, Winter, *JCAP* 2012 / MB, Beacom, Murase, *PRD* 2017 / Rasmussen *et al.*, *PRD* 2017 / Denton & Tamborra, *PRL* 2018 / Abdullahi & Denton, *PRD* 2020 / MB, 2004.06844

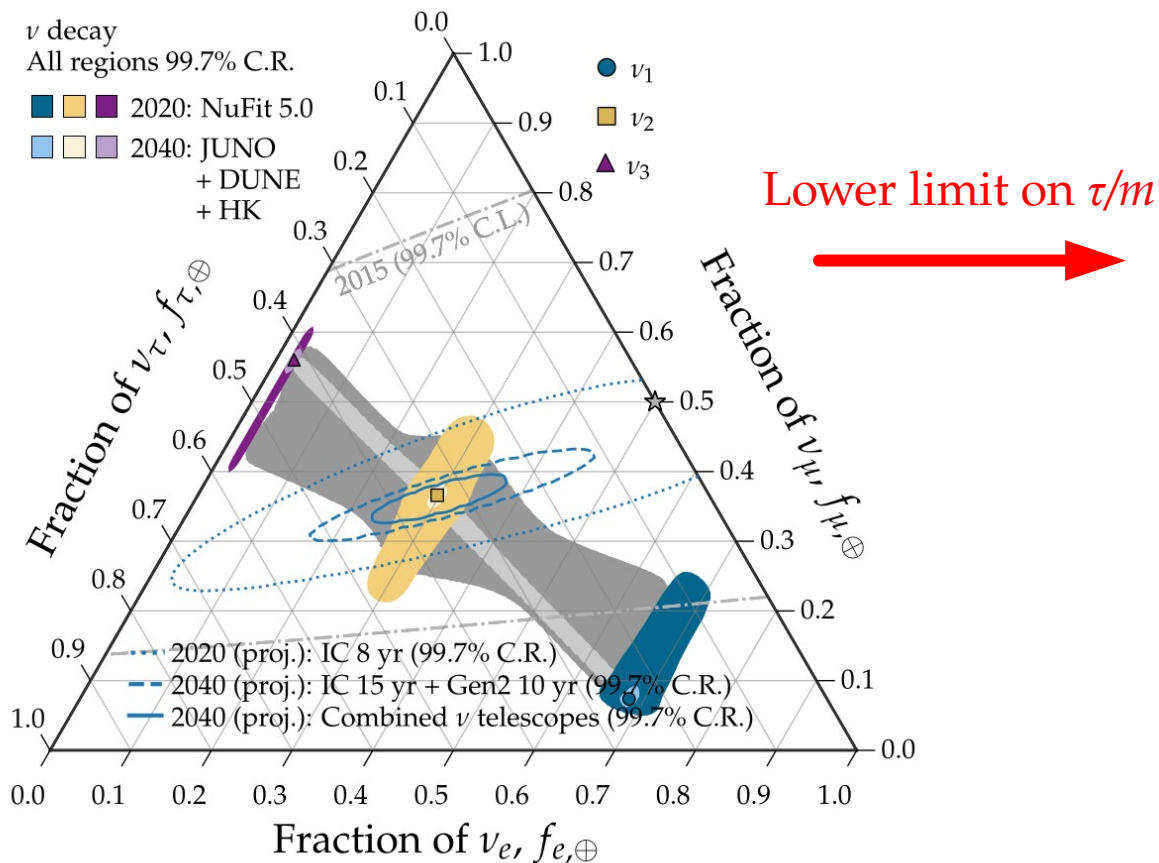
Flavor composition



Spectrum shape



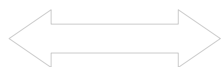
Event rate



What does neutrino decay change?

See also: Beacom *et al.*, *PRL* 2002 / Baerwald, MB, Winter, *JCAP* 2012 / MB, Beacom, Murase, *PRD* 2017 / Rasmussen *et al.*, *PRD* 2017 / Denton & Tamborra, *PRL* 2018 / Abdullahi & Denton, *PRD* 2020 / MB, 2004.06844

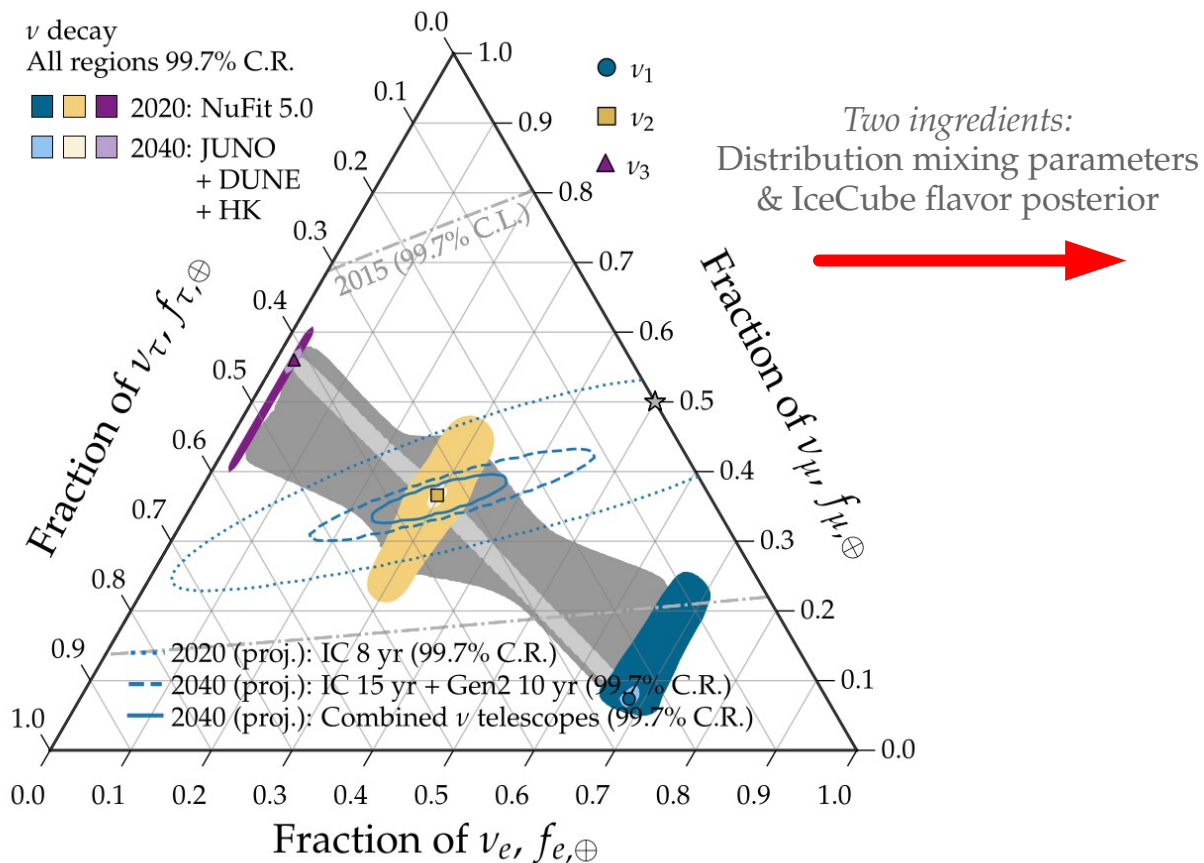
Flavor composition



Spectrum shape



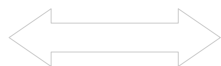
Event rate



What does neutrino decay change?

See also: Beacom *et al.*, *PRL* 2002 / Baerwald, MB, Winter, *JCAP* 2012 / MB, Beacom, Murase, *PRD* 2017 / Rasmussen *et al.*, *PRD* 2017 / Denton & Tamborra, *PRL* 2018 / Abdullahi & Denton, *PRD* 2020 / MB, 2004.06844

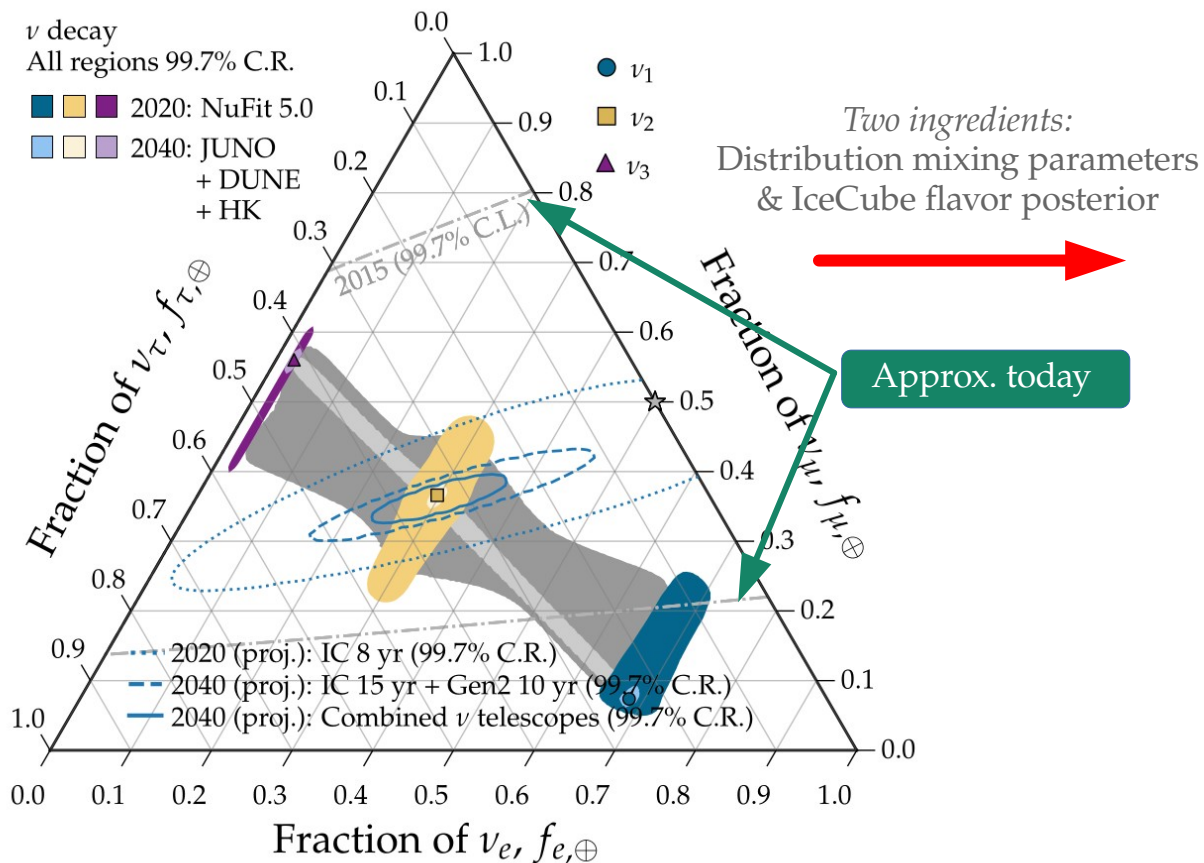
Flavor composition



Spectrum shape



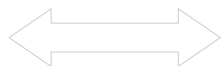
Event rate



What does neutrino decay change?

See also: Beacom *et al.*, *PRL* 2002 / Baerwald, MB, Winter, *JCAP* 2012 / MB, Beacom, Murase, *PRD* 2017 / Rasmussen *et al.*, *PRD* 2017 / Denton & Tamborra, *PRL* 2018 / Abdullahi & Denton, *PRD* 2020 / MB, 2004.06844

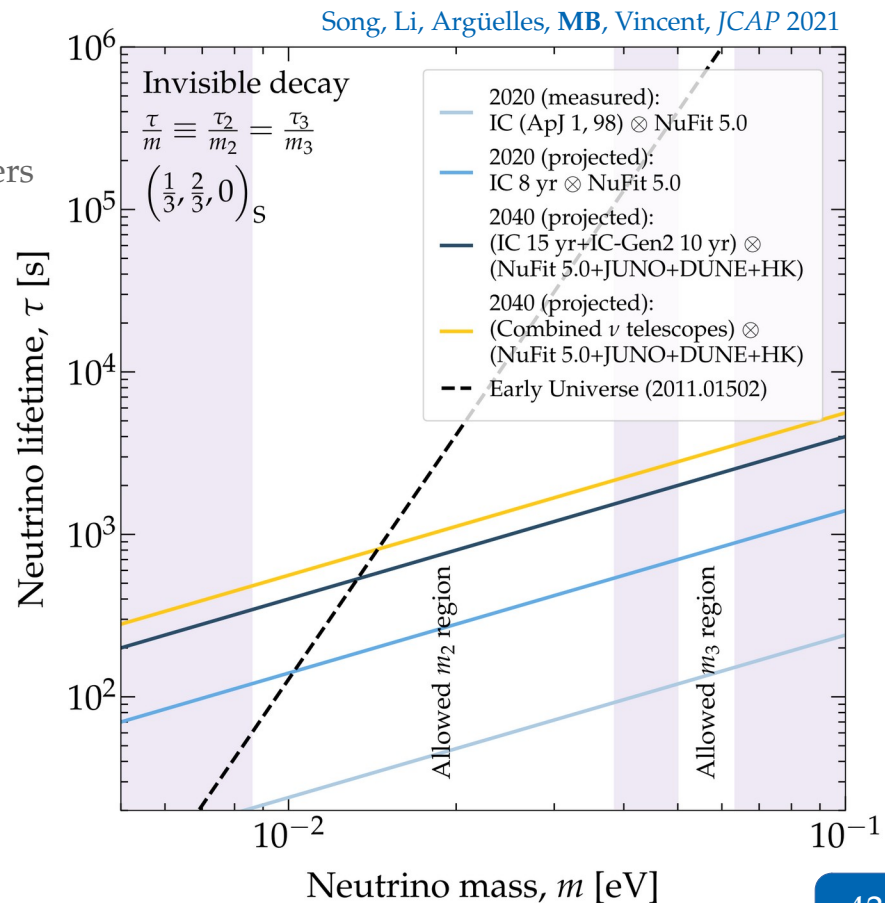
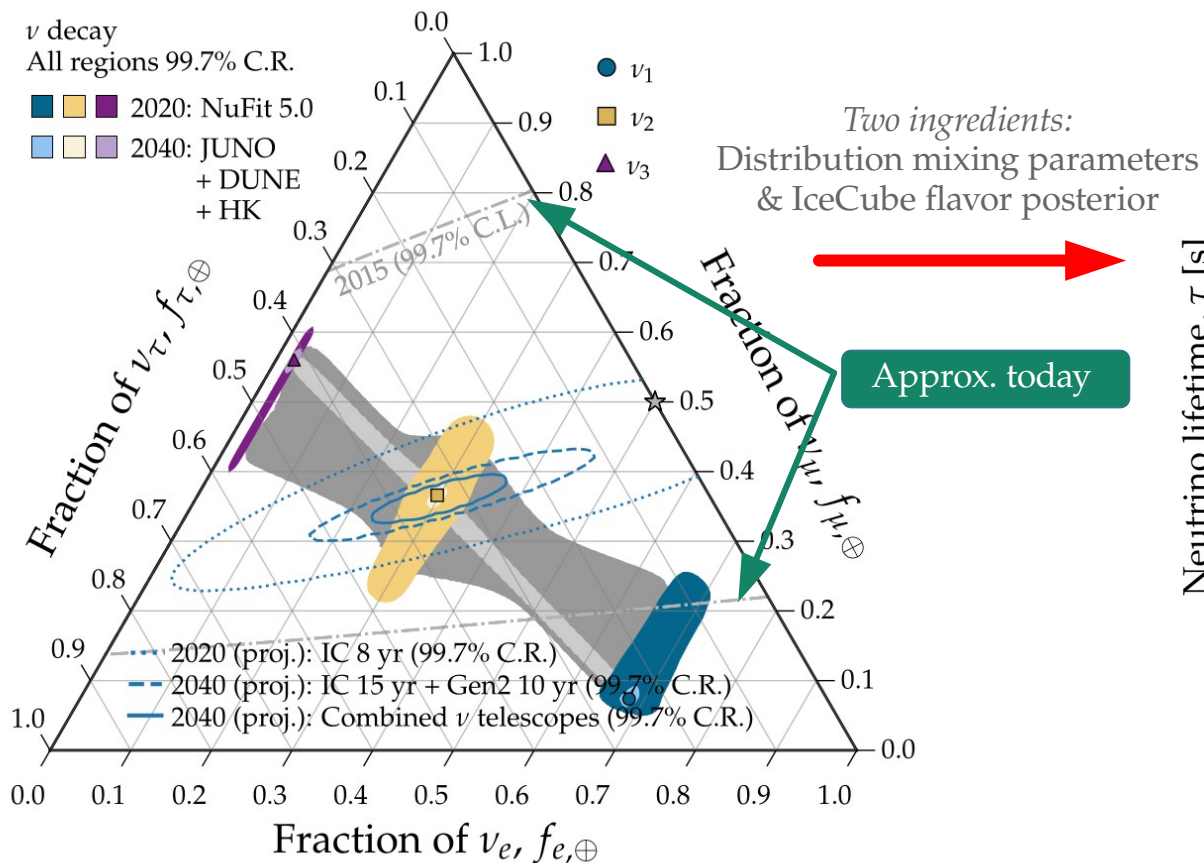
Flavor composition



Spectrum shape



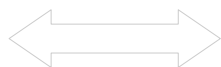
Event rate



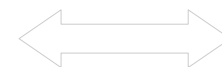
What does neutrino decay change?

See also: Beacom *et al.*, *PRL* 2002 / Baerwald, MB, Winter, *JCAP* 2012 / MB, Beacom, Murase, *PRD* 2017 / Rasmussen *et al.*, *PRD* 2017 / Denton & Tamborra, *PRL* 2018 / Abdullahi & Denton, *PRD* 2020 / MB, 2004.06844

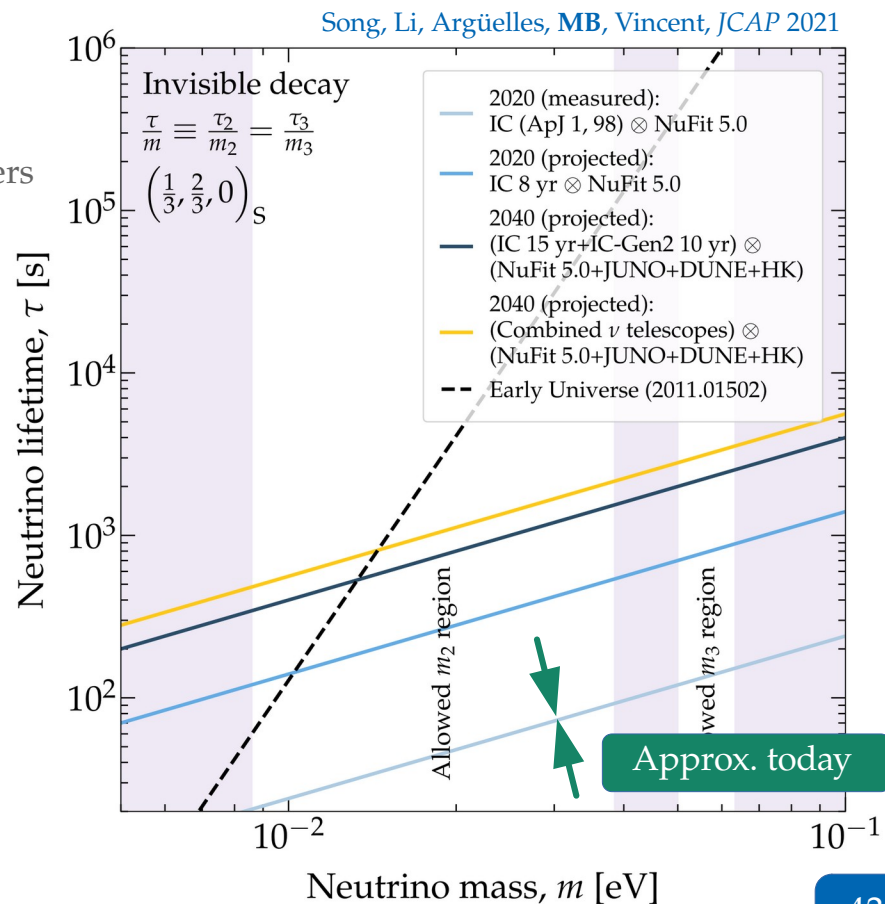
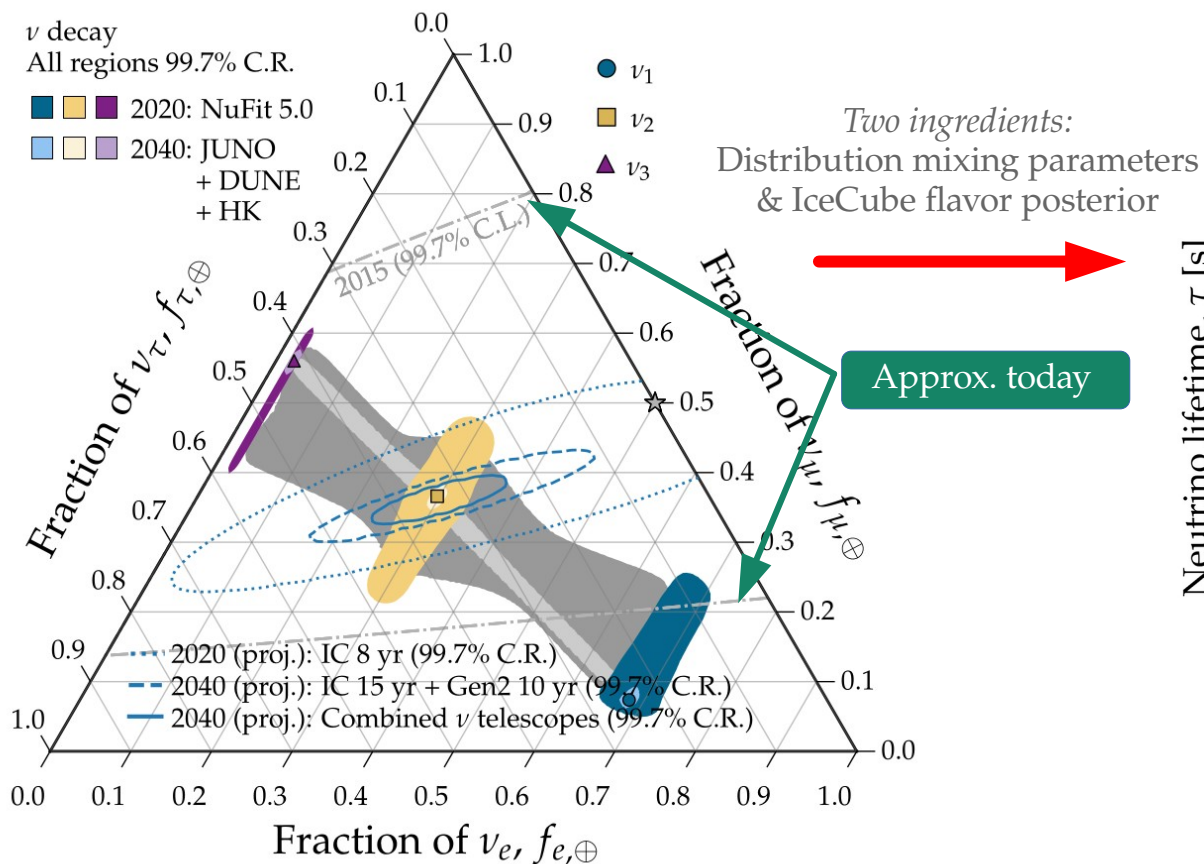
Flavor composition



Spectrum shape



Event rate



What does neutrino decay change?

See also: Beacom *et al.*, *PRL* 2002 / Baerwald, MB, Winter, *JCAP* 2012 / MB, Beacom, Murase, *PRD* 2017 / Rasmussen *et al.*, *PRD* 2017 / Denton & Tamborra, *PRL* 2018 / Abdullahi & Denton, *PRD* 2020 / MB, 2004.06844

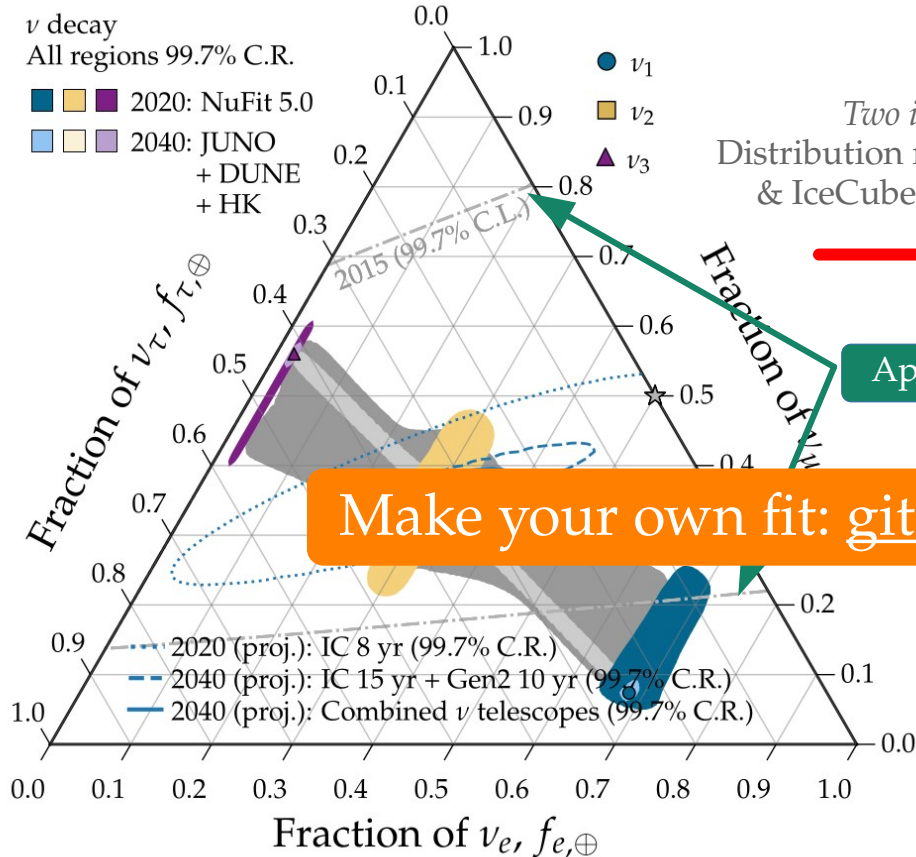
Flavor composition



Spectrum shape

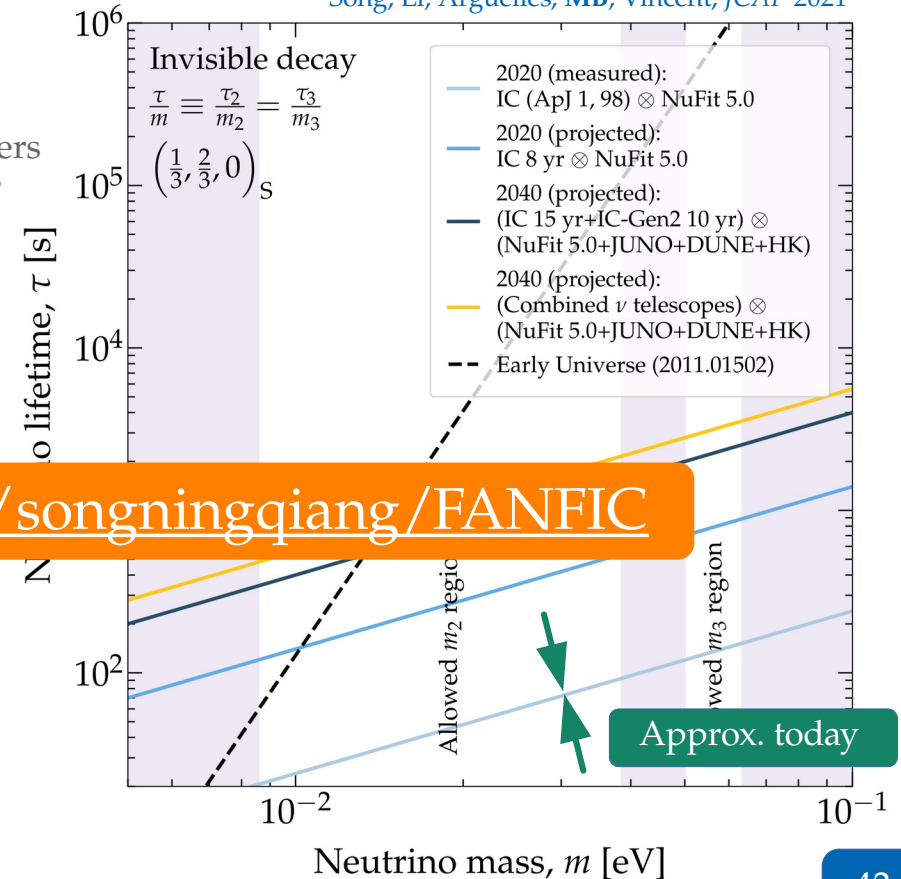


Event rate



Make your own fit: github.com/songningqiang/FANFIC

Song, Li, Argüelles, MB, Vincent, *JCAP* 2021



What does neutrino decay change?

See also: Beacom *et al.*, *PRL* 2002 / Baerwald, MB, Winter, *JCAP* 2012 / Rasmussen *et al.*, *PRD* 2017 / Denton & Tamborra, *PRL* 2018 / Abdullahi & Denton, *PRD* 2020 / MB, 2004.06844 / Song, Li, Argüelles, MB, Vincent, *JCAP* 2020

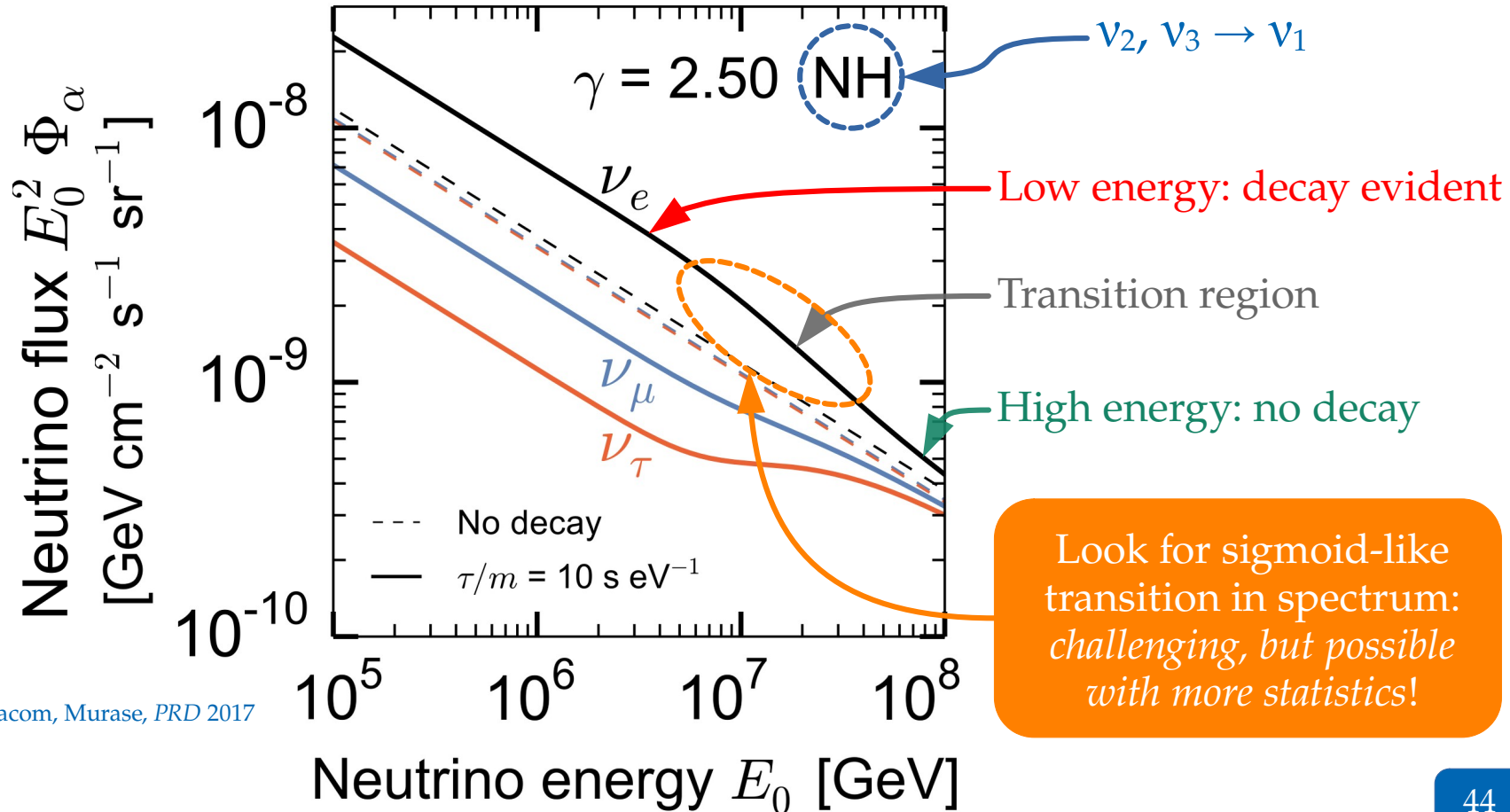
Flavor composition



Spectrum shape



Event rate

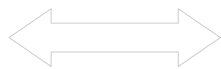


MB, Beacom, Murase, *PRD* 2017

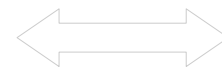
What does neutrino decay change?

See also: Beacom *et al.*, *PRL* 2002 / Baerwald, MB, Winter, *JCAP* 2012 / MB, Beacom, Murase, *PRD* 2017 / Rasmussen *et al.*, *PRD* 2017 / Denton & Tamborra, *PRL* 2018 / Abdullahi & Denton, *PRD* 2020 / Song, Li, Argüelles, MB, Vincent, *JCAP* 2020

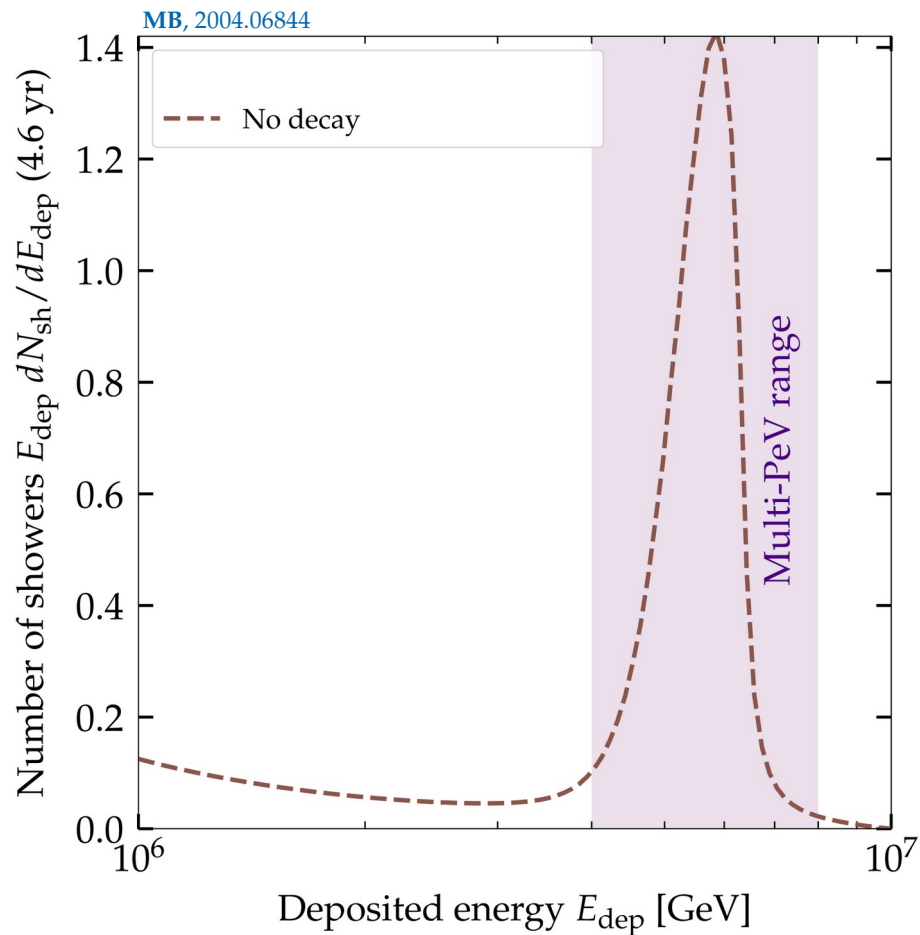
Flavor composition



Spectrum shape



Event rate



What does neutrino decay change?

See also: Beacom *et al.*, *PRL* 2002 / Baerwald, MB, Winter, *JCAP* 2012 / MB, Beacom, Murase, *PRD* 2017 / Rasmussen *et al.*, *PRD* 2017 / Denton & Tamborra, *PRL* 2018 / Abdullahi & Denton, *PRD* 2020 / Song, Li, Argüelles, MB, Vincent, *JCAP* 2020

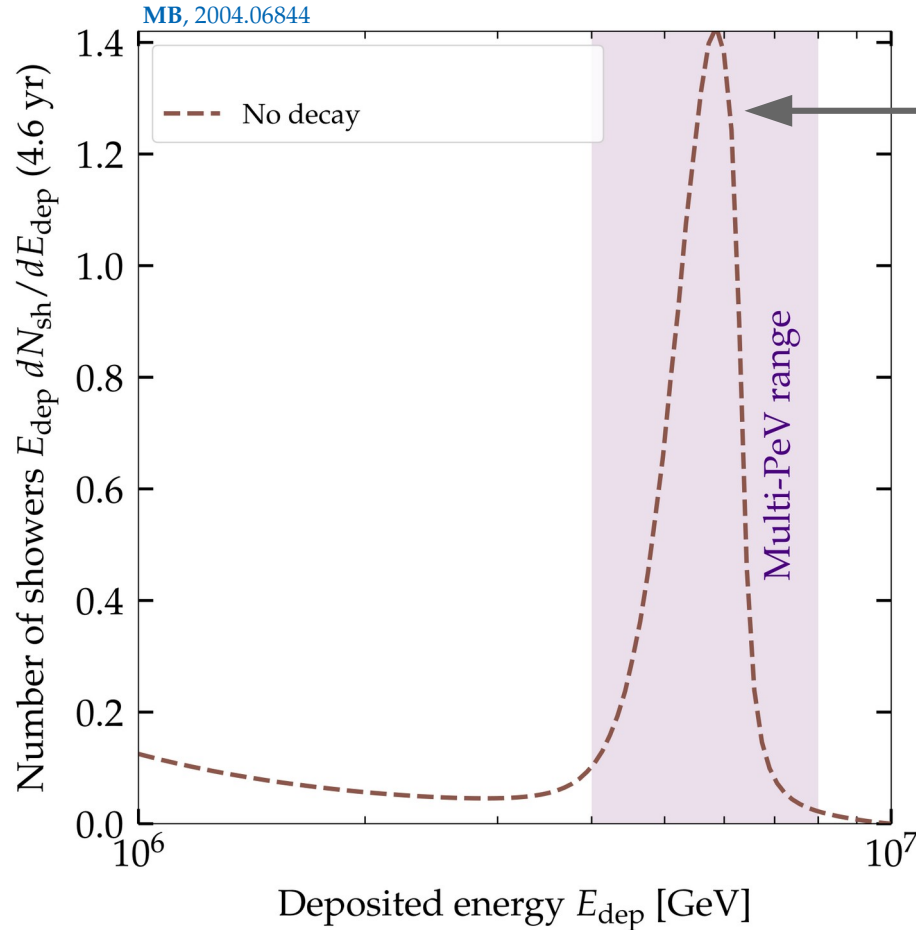
Flavor composition



Spectrum shape



Event rate



Glashow resonance (GR):

$\bar{\nu}_e + e \rightarrow W \rightarrow \text{hadrons} \rightarrow \text{shower}$

What does neutrino decay change?

See also: Beacom *et al.*, *PRL* 2002 / Baerwald, MB, Winter, *JCAP* 2012 / MB, Beacom, Murase, *PRD* 2017 / Rasmussen *et al.*, *PRD* 2017 / Denton & Tamborra, *PRL* 2018 / Abdullahi & Denton, *PRD* 2020 / Song, Li, Argüelles, MB, Vincent, *JCAP* 2020

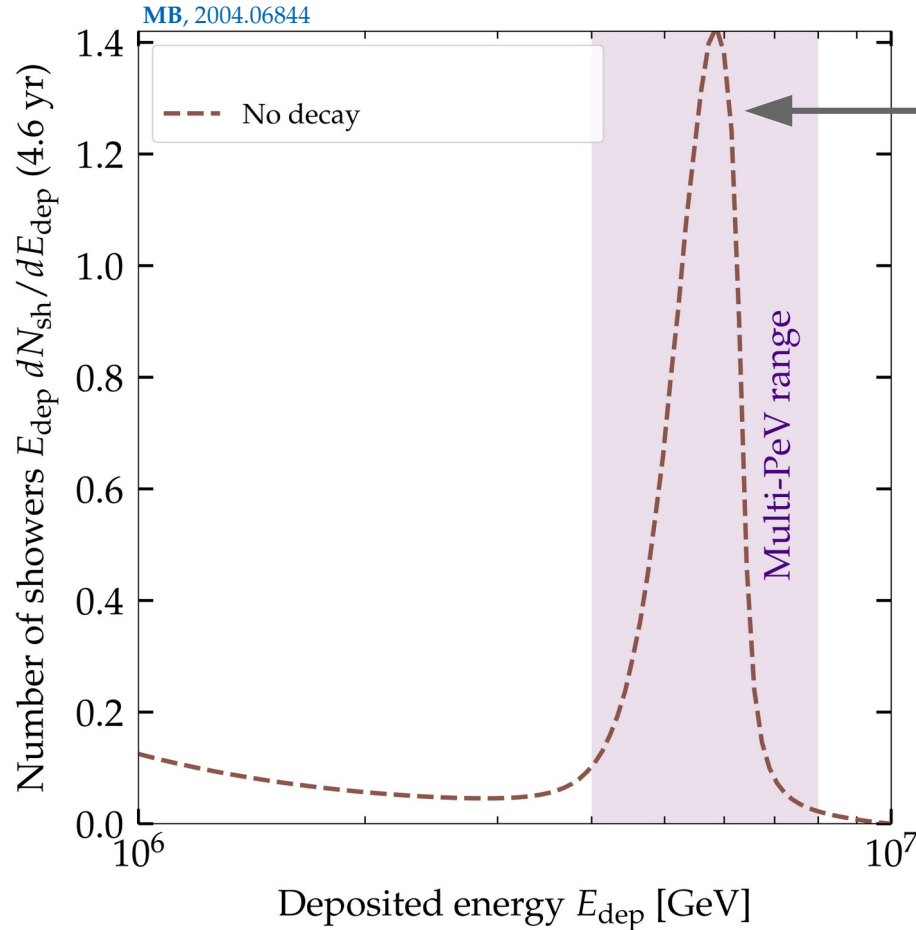
Flavor composition



Spectrum shape



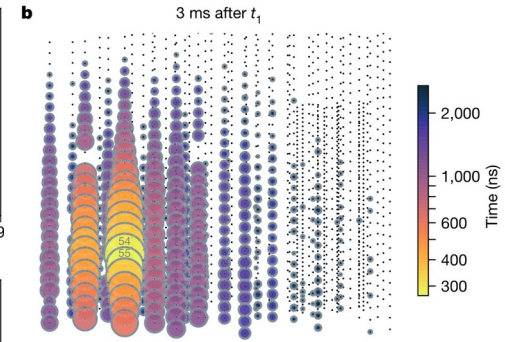
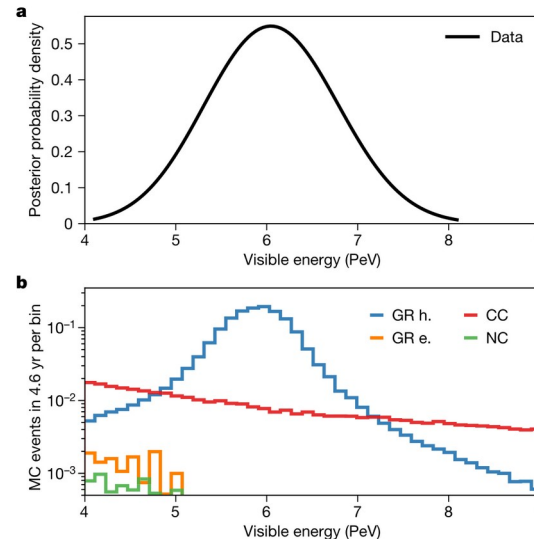
Event rate



Glashow resonance (GR):



IceCube has seen one GR candidate in 4.6 years:



IceCube Collab., *Nature* 2021

What does neutrino decay change?

See also: Beacom *et al.*, *PRL* 2002 / Baerwald, MB, Winter, *JCAP* 2012 / MB, Beacom, Murase, *PRD* 2017 / Rasmussen *et al.*, *PRD* 2017 / Denton & Tamborra, *PRL* 2018 / Abdullahi & Denton, *PRD* 2020 / Song, Li, Argüelles, MB, Vincent, *JCAP* 2020

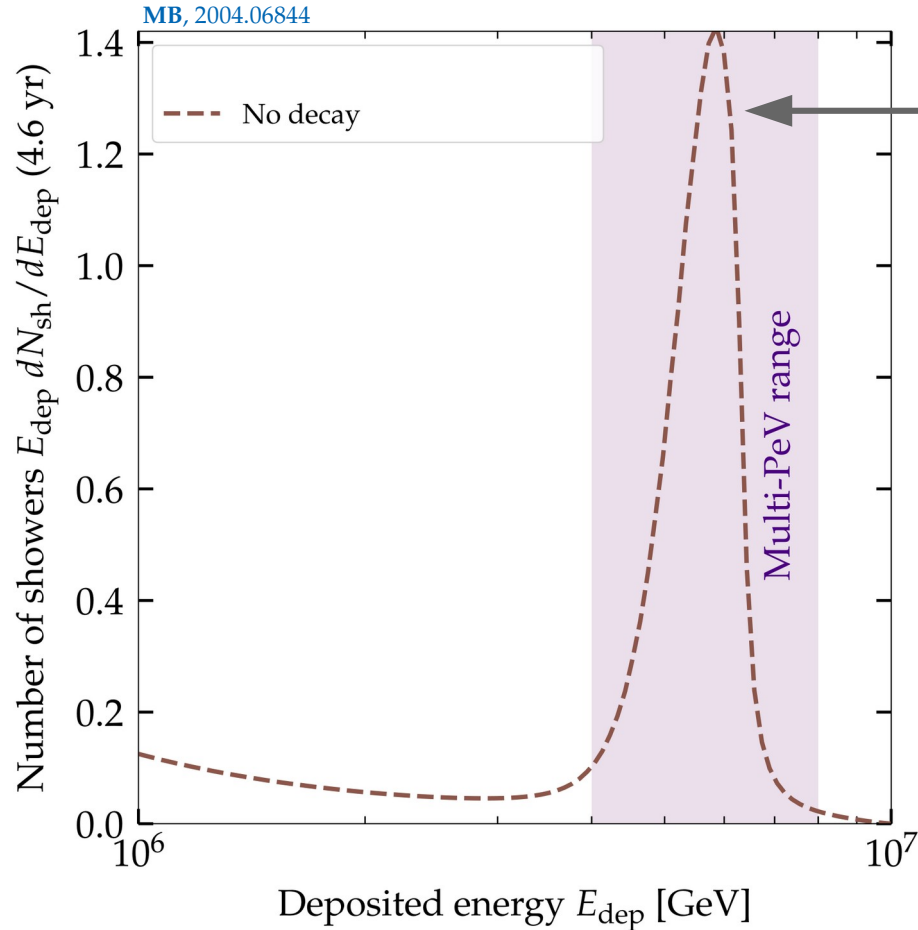
Flavor composition



Spectrum shape



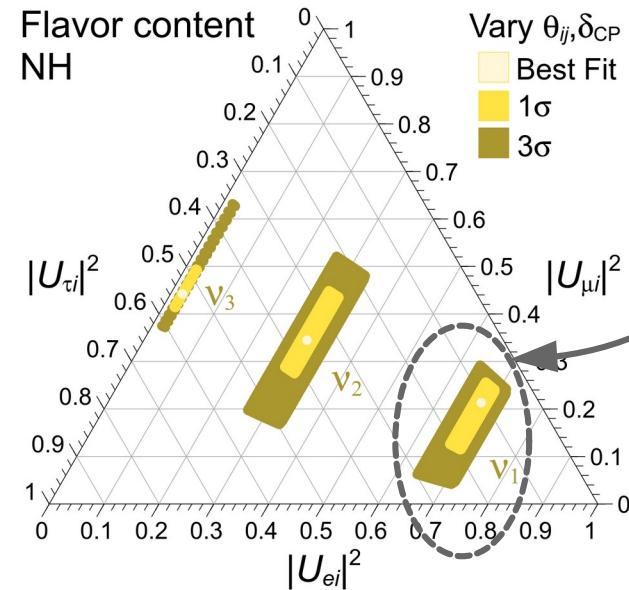
Event rate



Glashow resonance (GR):

$$\bar{\nu}_e + e \rightarrow W \rightarrow \text{hadrons} \rightarrow \text{shower}$$

ν_1 is the mass eigenstate with the most e flavor



What does neutrino decay change?

See also: Beacom *et al.*, *PRL* 2002 / Baerwald, MB, Winter, *JCAP* 2012 / MB, Beacom, Murase, *PRD* 2017 / Rasmussen *et al.*, *PRD* 2017 / Denton & Tamborra, *PRL* 2018 / Abdullahi & Denton, *PRD* 2020 / Song, Li, Argüelles, MB, Vincent, *JCAP* 2020

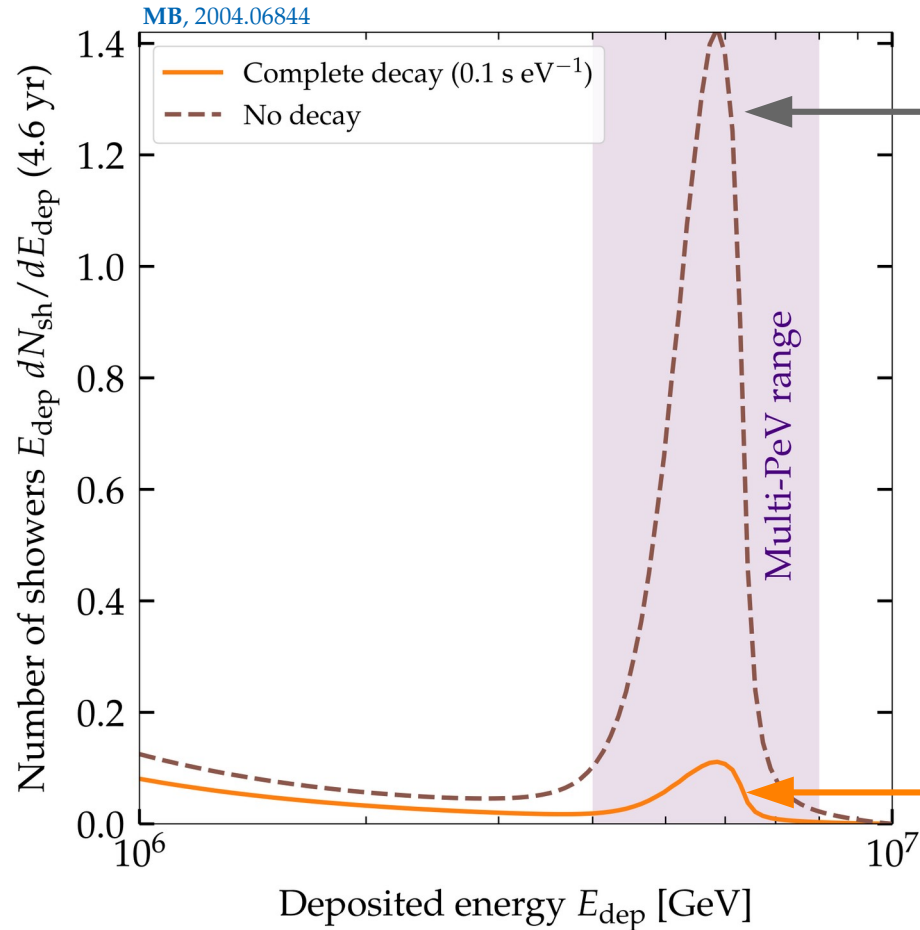
Flavor composition



Spectrum shape



Event rate



Glashow resonance (GR):

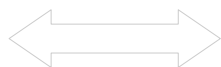
$\bar{\nu}_e + e \rightarrow W \rightarrow \text{hadrons} \rightarrow \text{shower}$

If $\bar{\nu}_1$ had decayed en route to Earth,
there would not have been $\bar{\nu}_e$ left to trigger a GR

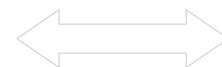
What does neutrino decay change?

See also: Beacom *et al.*, *PRL* 2002 / Baerwald, MB, Winter, *JCAP* 2012 / MB, Beacom, Murase, *PRD* 2017 / Rasmussen *et al.*, *PRD* 2017 / Denton & Tamborra, *PRL* 2018 / Abdullahi & Denton, *PRD* 2020 / Song, Li, Argüelles, MB, Vincent, *JCAP* 2020

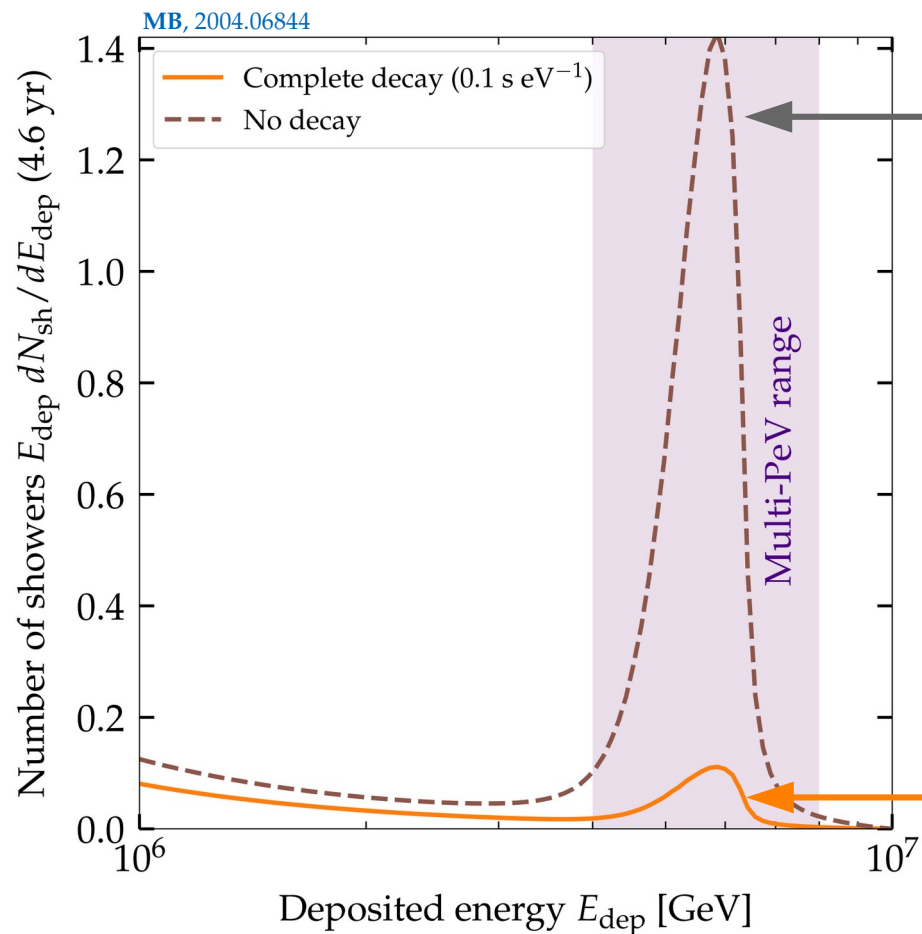
Flavor composition



Spectrum shape



Event rate



Glashow resonance (GR):
 $\bar{\nu}_e + e \rightarrow W \rightarrow \text{hadrons} \rightarrow \text{shower}$

So by having observed 1 GR event we can place a *lower* limit on the lifetime of $\bar{\nu}_1 (= \nu_1)$

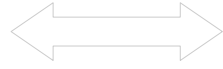


If $\bar{\nu}_1$ had decayed en route to Earth, there would not have been $\bar{\nu}_e$ left to trigger a GR

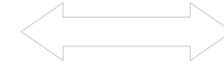
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See also: Beacom *et al.*, *PRL* 2002 / Baerwald, MB, Winter, *JCAP* 2012 / MB, Beacom, Murase, *PRD* 2017 / Rasmussen *et al.*, *PRD* 2017 / Denton & Tamborra, *PRL* 2018 / Abdullahi & Denton, *PRD* 2020 / Song, Li, Argüelles, MB, Vincent, *JCAP* 2020

Flavor composition

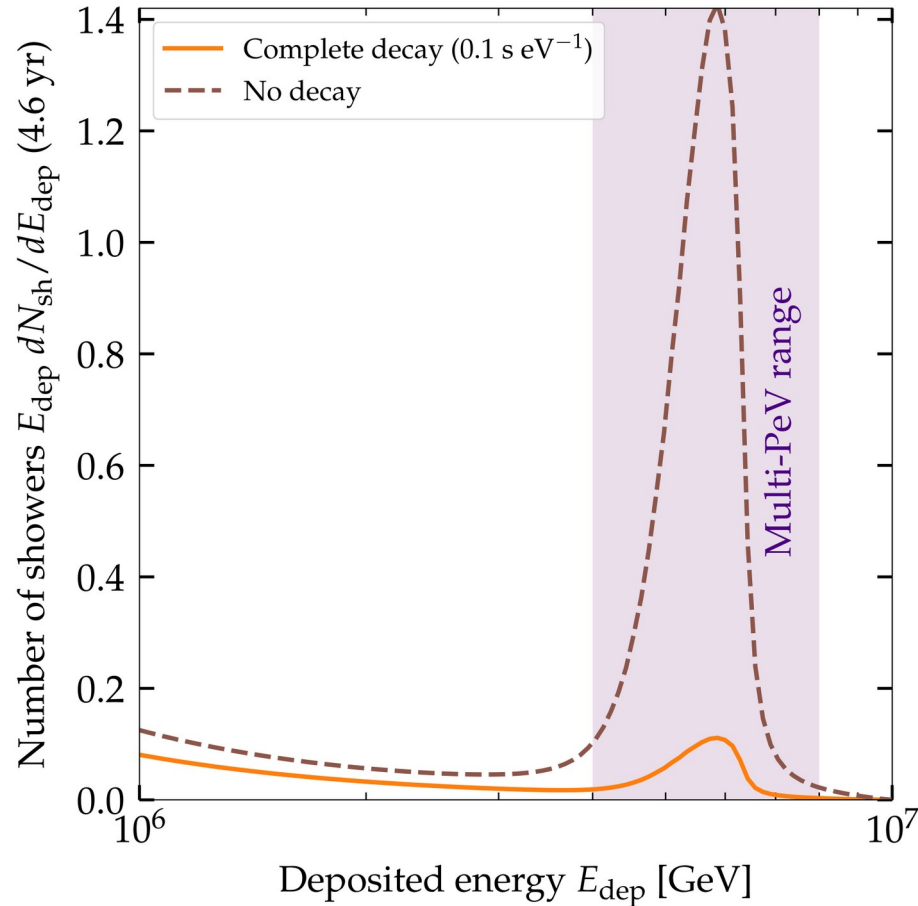


Spectrum shape



Event rate

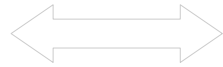
MB, 2004.06844



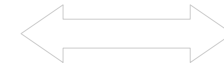
What does neutrino decay change?

See also: Beacom *et al.*, *PRL* 2002 / Baerwald, MB, Winter, *JCAP* 2012 / MB, Beacom, Murase, *PRD* 2017 / Rasmussen *et al.*, *PRD* 2017 / Denton & Tamborra, *PRL* 2018 / Abdullahi & Denton, *PRD* 2020 / Song, Li, Argüelles, MB, Vincent, *JCAP* 2020

Flavor composition

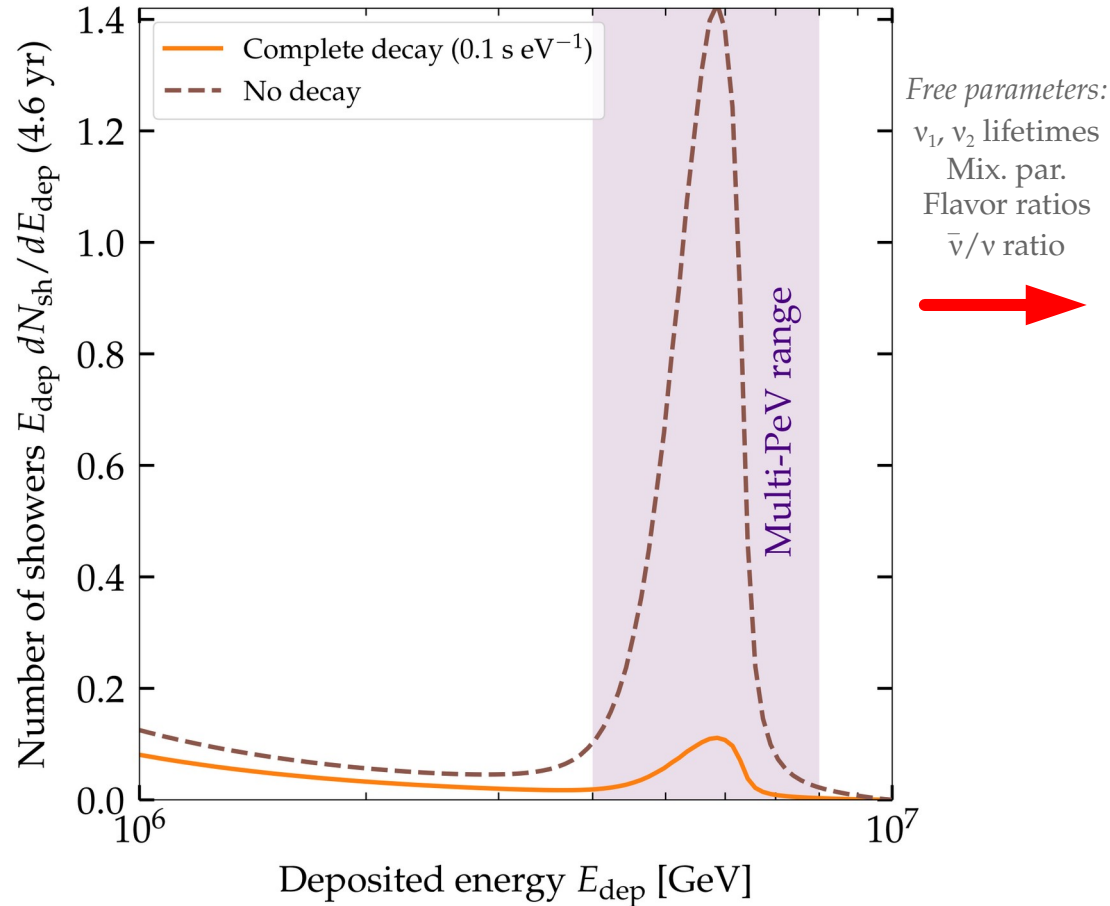


Spectrum shape



Event rate

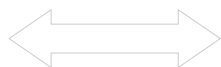
MB, 2004.06844



What does neutrino decay change?

See also: Beacom *et al.*, *PRL* 2002 / Baerwald, MB, Winter, *JCAP* 2012 / MB, Beacom, Murase, *PRD* 2017 / Rasmussen *et al.*, *PRD* 2017 / Denton & Tamborra, *PRL* 2018 / Abdullahi & Denton, *PRD* 2020 / Song, Li, Argüelles, MB, Vincent, *JCAP* 2020

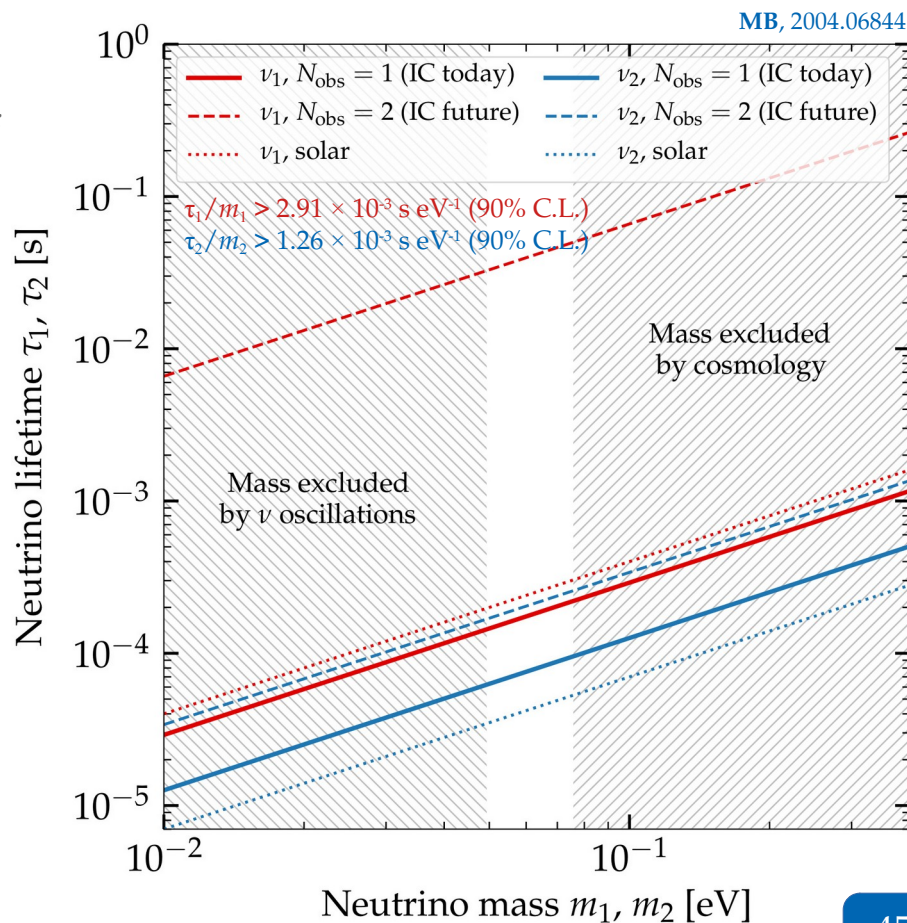
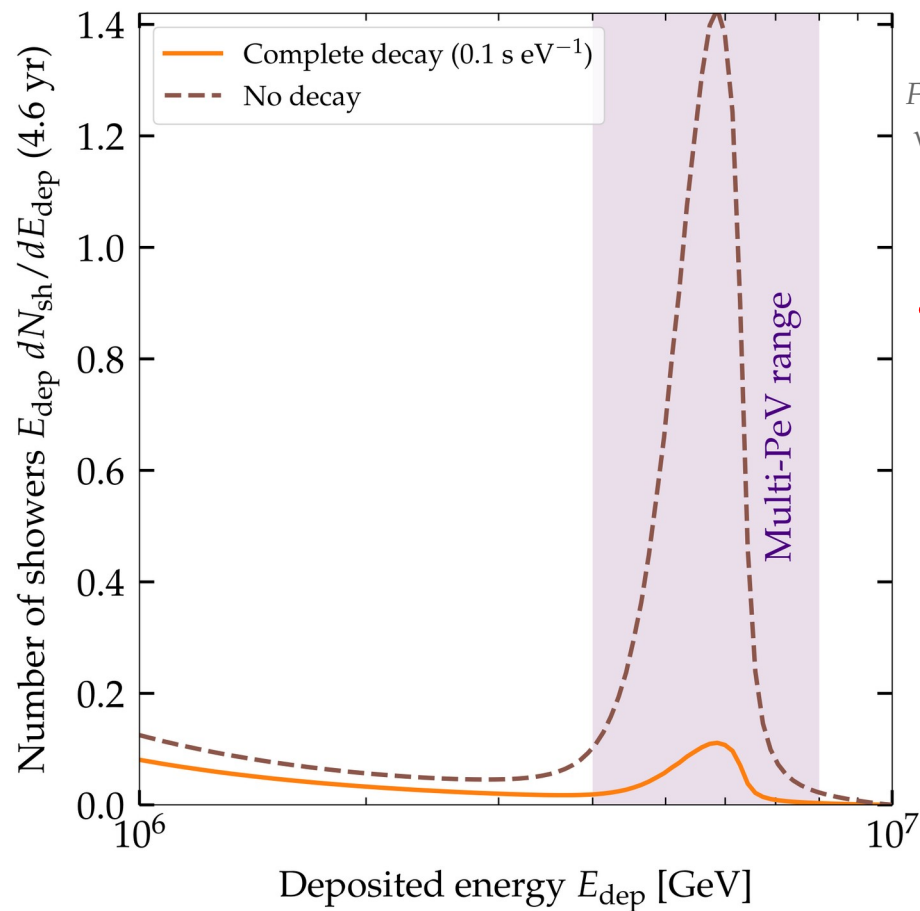
Flavor composition



Spectrum shape



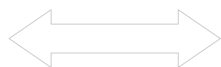
Event rate



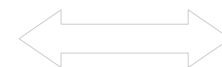
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Flavor composition



Spectrum shape



Event rate

